

# SENATE BILL NO. 247

March 16, 2021, Introduced by Senator VANDERWALL and referred to the Committee on Health Policy and Human Services.

A bill to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled  
"The insurance code of 1956,"  
by amending section 2212c (MCL 500.2212c), as added by 2013 PA 30,  
and by adding section 2212e.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1           Sec. 2212c. (1) ~~On or before~~ **By** January 1, 2015, the workgroup  
2 shall develop a standard prior authorization methodology for use by  
3 prescribers to request and receive prior authorization from an  
4 insurer ~~when a policy, certificate, or contract~~ **if a health benefit**

1 **plan** requires prior authorization for prescription drug benefits.  
 2 The workgroup shall include in the standard prior authorization  
 3 methodology the ability for the prescriber to designate the prior  
 4 authorization request for expedited review. In order to designate a  
 5 prior authorization request for expedited review, the prescriber  
 6 shall certify that applying the ~~15-day standard~~ **5 business day**  
 7 review period may seriously jeopardize the life or health of the  
 8 patient or the patient's ability to regain maximum function.

9 (2) A prescription drug prior authorization workgroup is  
 10 created. ~~Within 30 days after the effective date of this section,~~  
 11 ~~the~~ **The** department of ~~community health~~ **and human services** and the  
 12 department ~~of insurance and financial services~~ shall work together  
 13 and appoint members to the workgroup. The workgroup must consist of  
 14 a member who represents the department of ~~community health~~ **and**  
 15 **human services**, a member who represents the department, ~~of~~  
 16 ~~insurance and financial services~~, and members who represent  
 17 insurers, prescribers, pharmacists, hospitals, and other  
 18 stakeholders as determined necessary by the department of ~~community~~  
 19 health **and human services** and the department. ~~of insurance and~~  
 20 ~~financial services~~. The workgroup shall appoint a chairperson from  
 21 among its members. The chairperson of the workgroup shall schedule  
 22 workgroup meetings. The department of ~~community health~~ **and human**  
 23 **services** and the department ~~of insurance and financial services~~  
 24 shall organize the initial meeting of the workgroup and shall  
 25 provide administrative support for the workgroup.

26 (3) In developing the standard prior authorization methodology  
 27 under subsection (1), the workgroup shall consider all of the  
 28 following:

29 (a) Existing and potential technologies that could be used to

1 transmit a standard prior authorization request.

2 (b) The national standards pertaining to electronic prior  
3 authorization developed by the ~~national council for prescription~~  
4 ~~drug programs.~~ **National Council for Prescription Drug Programs.**

5 (c) Any prior authorization forms and methodologies used in  
6 pilot programs in this state.

7 (d) Any prior authorization forms and methodologies developed  
8 by the federal ~~centers for medicare and medicaid services.~~ **Centers**  
9 **for Medicare and Medicaid Services.**

10 (4) Beginning ~~on the effective date of this section,~~ **March 14,**  
11 **2014,** an insurer may specify in writing the materials and  
12 information necessary to constitute a properly completed standard  
13 prior authorization request ~~when a policy, certificate, or contract~~  
14 **if a health benefit plan** requires prior authorization for  
15 prescription drug benefits.

16 (5) If the workgroup develops a paper form as the standard  
17 prior authorization methodology under subsection (1), the paper  
18 form ~~shall~~ **must** meet all of the following requirements:

19 (a) Consist of not more than 2 pages. However, an insurer may  
20 request and require additional information beyond the 2-page  
21 limitation of this subdivision, if that information is specified in  
22 writing by the insurer under subsection (4). As used in this  
23 subdivision, "additional information" includes, but is not limited  
24 to, any of the following:

25 (i) Patient clinical information including, but not limited to,  
26 diagnosis, chart notes, lab information, and genetic tests.

27 (ii) Information necessary for approval of the prior  
28 authorization request under plan criteria.

29 (iii) Drug specific information including, but not limited to,

1 medication history, duration of therapy, and treatment use.

2 (b) Be electronically available.

3 (c) Be electronically transmissible, including, but not  
4 limited to, transmission by facsimile or similar device.

5 (6) Beginning July 1, 2016, if an insurer uses a prior  
6 authorization methodology that utilizes an internet webpage,  
7 internet webpage portal, or similar electronic, internet, and web-  
8 based system, the prior authorization methodology described in  
9 subsection (5) does not apply. ~~Subsections~~ **Subsection** (4) ~~, (8),~~  
10 ~~and (9) apply~~ **and section 2212e apply** to a prior authorization  
11 methodology that utilizes an internet webpage, internet webpage  
12 portal, or similar electronic, internet, and web-based system.

13 (7) Beginning July 1, 2016, except as otherwise provided in  
14 subsection (6), an insurer shall use the standard prior  
15 authorization methodology developed under subsection (1) ~~when a~~  
16 ~~policy, certificate, or contract~~ **if a health benefit plan** requires  
17 prior authorization for prescription drug benefits.

18 ~~(8) Beginning January 1, 2016, a prior authorization request~~  
19 ~~that has not been certified for expedited review by the prescriber~~  
20 ~~is considered to have been granted by the insurer if the insurer~~  
21 ~~fails to grant the request, deny the request, or require additional~~  
22 ~~information of the prescriber within 15 days after the date and~~  
23 ~~time of submission of a standard prior authorization request under~~  
24 ~~this section. If additional information is requested by an insurer,~~  
25 ~~a prior authorization request under this subsection is not~~  
26 ~~considered granted if the prescriber fails to submit the additional~~  
27 ~~information within 15 days after the date and time of the original~~  
28 ~~submission of a properly completed standard prior authorization~~  
29 ~~request under this section. If additional information is requested~~

1 ~~by an insurer, a prior authorization request is considered to have~~  
2 ~~been granted by the insurer if the insurer fails to grant the~~  
3 ~~request, deny the request, or otherwise respond to the request of~~  
4 ~~the prescriber within 15 days after the date and time of submission~~  
5 ~~of the additional information. If additional information is~~  
6 ~~requested by an insurer, a prior authorization request under this~~  
7 ~~subsection is considered void if the prescriber fails to submit the~~  
8 ~~additional information within 21 days after the date and time of~~  
9 ~~the original submission of a properly completed standard prior~~  
10 ~~authorization request under this section.~~

11 ~~(9) Beginning January 1, 2016, a prior authorization request~~  
12 ~~that has been certified for expedited review by the prescriber is~~  
13 ~~considered to have been granted by the insurer if the insurer fails~~  
14 ~~to grant the request, deny the request, or require additional~~  
15 ~~information of the prescriber within 72 hours after the date and~~  
16 ~~time of submission of a standard prior authorization request under~~  
17 ~~this section. If additional information is requested by an insurer,~~  
18 ~~a prior authorization request under this subsection is not~~  
19 ~~considered granted if the prescriber fails to submit the additional~~  
20 ~~information within 72 hours after the date and time of the original~~  
21 ~~submission of a properly completed standard prior authorization~~  
22 ~~request under this section. If additional information is requested~~  
23 ~~by an insurer, a prior authorization request is considered to have~~  
24 ~~been granted by the insurer if the insurer fails to grant the~~  
25 ~~request, deny the request, or otherwise respond to the request of~~  
26 ~~the prescriber within 72 hours after the date and time of~~  
27 ~~submission of the additional information. If additional information~~  
28 ~~is requested by an insurer, a prior authorization request under~~  
29 ~~this subsection is considered void if the prescriber fails to~~

1 ~~submit the additional information within 5 days after the date and~~  
 2 ~~time of the original submission of a properly completed standard~~  
 3 ~~prior authorization request under this section.~~

4 (8) ~~(10)~~—As used in this section:

5 (a) **"Health benefit plan" means that term as defined in**  
 6 **section 2212e.**

7 (b) ~~(a)~~—"Insurer" means any of the following:

8 (i) An insurer issuing an ~~expense incurred hospital, medical,~~  
 9 ~~or surgical policy or certificate.~~**or administering a health benefit**  
 10 **plan.**

11 (ii) A health maintenance organization.

12 (iii) A health care corporation operating pursuant to the  
 13 nonprofit health care corporation reform act, 1980 PA 350, MCL  
 14 550.1101 to 550.1704.

15 (iv) A third party administrator of prescription drug benefits.

16 (c) ~~(b)~~—"Prescriber" means that term as defined in section  
 17 17708 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17708.

18 (d) ~~(e)~~—"Prescription drug" means that term as defined in  
 19 section 17708 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL  
 20 333.17708.

21 (e) ~~(d)~~—"Prescription drug benefit" means the right to have a  
 22 payment made by an insurer pursuant to prescription drug coverage  
 23 contained within a ~~policy, certificate, or contract~~ **health benefit**  
 24 **plan** delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state.

25 (f) ~~(e)~~—"Workgroup" means the prescription drug prior  
 26 authorization workgroup created under subsection (2).

27 **Sec. 2212e. (1) For an insurer that delivers, issues for**  
 28 **delivery, renews, or administers a health benefit plan in this**  
 29 **state, if the health benefit plan requires a prior authorization**

1 with respect to any benefit, the insurer or its designee  
2 utilization review organization shall, by January 1, 2022, make  
3 available a standardized electronic prior authorization request  
4 transaction process utilizing an internet webpage, internet webpage  
5 portal, or similar electronic, internet, and web-based system.  
6 Beginning January 1, 2022, an insurer described in this subsection  
7 or its designee utilization review organization and the health  
8 professional shall perform a prior authorization utilizing only a  
9 standard electronic prior authorization transaction process, which  
10 allows the transmission of clinical information, unless the health  
11 professional is not able to use the standard electronic prior  
12 authorization transaction process because of a temporary  
13 technological or electrical failure. The current prior  
14 authorization requirements must be described in detail and written  
15 in easily understandable language. An insurer described in this  
16 subsection or its designee utilization review organization shall  
17 make any current prior authorization requirements and restrictions,  
18 including the written clinical review criteria, readily accessible  
19 and conspicuously posted on its website to insureds, enrollees,  
20 health care professionals, and health care providers. Content  
21 published by a third party and licensed for use by an insurer  
22 described in this subsection or its designee utilization review  
23 organization may be made available through the insurer or its  
24 designee utilization review organization's secure, password-  
25 protected website if the access requirements of the website do not  
26 unreasonably restrict access to the content. The prior  
27 authorization requirements must be based on peer-reviewed clinical  
28 review criteria. All of the following apply to clinical review  
29 criteria under this subsection:

1 (a) Unless the criteria are developed as described in  
2 subdivision (g), the clinical review criteria must be criteria  
3 developed by either of the following:

4 (i) An entity to which both of the following apply:

5 (A) The entity works directly with clinicians, either within  
6 the organization or outside the organization, to develop the  
7 clinical review criteria.

8 (B) The entity does not receive direct payments based on the  
9 outcome of the clinical care decision.

10 (ii) A professional medical specialty society.

11 (b) The clinical review criteria must take into account the  
12 needs of atypical patient populations and diagnoses.

13 (c) The clinical review criteria must ensure quality of care  
14 and access to needed health care services.

15 (d) The clinical review criteria must be evidence-based  
16 criteria.

17 (e) The clinical review criteria must be sufficiently flexible  
18 to allow deviations from norms when justified on a case-by-case  
19 basis.

20 (f) The clinical review criteria must be evaluated and  
21 updated, if necessary, at least annually.

22 (g) For coverage other than prescription drug benefit  
23 coverage, before establishing, or substantially or materially  
24 altering, its own written clinical review criteria, an insurer or  
25 its designee utilization review organization must obtain input from  
26 actively practicing licensed physicians representing major areas of  
27 the specialty. For coverage of a prescription drug benefit, before  
28 establishing, or substantially or materially altering, its own  
29 clinical review criteria, an insurer or its designee review



1 organization must obtain input from actively practicing licensed  
2 pharmacists. If criteria are developed for a health care service  
3 provided by a health professional not licensed to engage in the  
4 practice of medicine under part 170 of the public health code, 1978  
5 PA 368, MCL 333.17001 to 333.17097, or osteopathic medicine and  
6 surgery under part 175 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL  
7 333.17501 to 333.17556, an insurer or designee utilization review  
8 organization must also seek input from a health professional in the  
9 same profession as the health professional providing the health  
10 care service.

11 (2) An insurer described in subsection (1) shall make  
12 available on the insurer's public website in a readily accessible  
13 format a list of all benefits that are subject to a prior  
14 authorization under the health benefit plan.

15 (3) If an insurer described in subsection (1) implements a new  
16 prior authorization requirement or restriction, or amends an  
17 existing requirement or restriction, the insurer shall ensure that  
18 the new or amended requirement or restriction is posted on the  
19 insurer's public website before its implementation. For a medical  
20 benefit that is not a prescription drug benefit, an insurer shall  
21 notify contracted health care providers via the insurer's provider  
22 portal of the new or amended requirement or restriction not less  
23 than 60 days before the requirement or restriction is implemented.  
24 For a prescription drug benefit, an insurer shall notify contracted  
25 health care providers via the insurer's provider portal of the new  
26 or amended requirement or restriction not less than 45 days before  
27 the requirement or restriction is implemented.

28 (4) The initial review of information submitted in support of  
29 a request for prior authorization may be conducted and approved by

1 a health professional who is qualified by education, experience, or  
2 knowledge.

3 (5) For an adverse determination regarding a request for prior  
4 authorization for a medical benefit other than a prescription drug  
5 benefit, the adverse determination must be made by a licensed  
6 physician. For an adverse determination of a health care service  
7 provided by a health professional that is not a licensed physician,  
8 a licensed physician may consider input from a health professional  
9 who is in the same profession as the health professional providing  
10 the health care service. The licensed physician shall make the  
11 adverse determination under this subsection under the clinical  
12 direction of 1 of the insurer's medical directors who is  
13 responsible for the provision of health care items and services  
14 provided to insureds or enrollees. Medical directors under this  
15 subsection must be licensed to engage in the practice of medicine  
16 under part 170 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL  
17 333.17001 to 333.17097, or the practice of osteopathic medicine and  
18 surgery under part 175 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL  
19 333.17501 to 333.17556.

20 (6) For an adverse determination regarding a request for prior  
21 authorization for a prescription drug benefit, the adverse  
22 determination must be made by a licensed pharmacist. The licensed  
23 pharmacist shall make the adverse determination under this  
24 subsection under the clinical direction of 1 of the insurer's  
25 medical directors who is responsible for the provision of health  
26 care items and services provided to insureds or enrollees. Medical  
27 directors under this subsection must be licensed to engage in the  
28 practice of medicine under part 170 of the public health code, 1978  
29 PA 368, MCL 333.17001 to 333.17097, or the practice of osteopathic

1 medicine and surgery under part 175 of the public health code, 1978  
2 PA 368, MCL 333.17501 to 333.17556.

3 (7) If an insurer described in subsection (1) denies a prior  
4 authorization, the insurer or its designee utilization review  
5 organization shall, on issuing a medical benefit denial, notify the  
6 health professional and insured or enrollee of all of the  
7 following:

8 (a) The reasons for the denial and related evidence-based  
9 criteria.

10 (b) The right to appeal the adverse determination.

11 (c) Instructions on how to file the appeal.

12 (d) Additional documentation necessary to support the appeal.

13 (8) Subject to subsection (9) an appeal of the denial under  
14 subsection (7) must be reviewed by a licensed physician to which  
15 all of the following apply:

16 (a) The licensed physician is board certified or eligible in  
17 the same specialty as a health care provider who typically manages  
18 the medical condition or disease or provides the health care  
19 service.

20 (b) The licensed physician is knowledgeable of, and has the  
21 same or similar experience providing, the health care services  
22 under appeal.

23 (c) The licensed physician does not have a direct stake or any  
24 financial interest in the outcome of the appeal.

25 (d) The licensed physician has not been involved in making the  
26 adverse determination.

27 (e) The licensed physician considers all known clinical  
28 aspects of the health care services under review, including, but  
29 not limited to, a review of all pertinent medical records provided

1 to the insurer or designee utilization review organization by the  
2 insured or enrollee's health care provider and any relevant records  
3 provided to the insurer or designee utilization review organization  
4 by a health care facility.

5 (f) The licensed physician may consider input from a health  
6 professional who is licensed in the same profession as the health  
7 professional providing the health care service or a licensed  
8 pharmacist if the adverse decision is regarding a prescription  
9 drug.

10 (9) If an insurer or its designee utilization review  
11 organization cannot identify a licensed physician who meets the  
12 requirements of subsection (8)(a) and (b) without exceeding the  
13 applicable time limits imposed under subsection (10), an insurer or  
14 its designee review organization may utilize a licensed physician  
15 in a similar general specialty as considered appropriate, as  
16 determined by the insurer or its designee utilization review  
17 organization.

18 (10) A prior authorization request under this section that has  
19 not been certified as urgent by the health care provider is  
20 considered granted by the insurer or its designee utilization  
21 review organization if the insurer or its designee utilization  
22 review organization fails to grant the request, deny the request,  
23 or require additional information of the health care provider  
24 within 5 business days after the date and time of submission of the  
25 prior authorization. If additional information is requested by an  
26 insurer or its designee utilization review organization, the prior  
27 authorization request is not considered granted if the health care  
28 provider fails to submit the additional information within 2  
29 business days after the date and time of the request for additional

1 information. If additional information is requested by an insurer  
2 or its designee utilization review organization, the prior  
3 authorization request is considered to have been granted by the  
4 insurer or its designee utilization review organization if the  
5 insurer or its designee utilization review organization fails to  
6 grant the request, deny the request, or otherwise respond to the  
7 request of the health care provider within 5 business days after  
8 the date and time of the submission of additional information.

9 (11) A prior authorization request under this section that has  
10 been certified as urgent by the health care provider is considered  
11 granted by the insurer or its designee utilization review  
12 organization if the insurer or its designee utilization review  
13 organization fails to grant the request, deny the request, or  
14 require additional information of the health care provider within 2  
15 business days after the date and time of submission of the prior  
16 authorization request. If additional information is requested by an  
17 insurer or its designee utilization review organization, the prior  
18 authorization request is not considered granted if the health care  
19 provider fails to submit the additional information within 1  
20 business day after the date and time after the request for  
21 additional information. If additional information is requested by  
22 an insurer or its designee utilization review organization, the  
23 prior authorization request is considered to have been granted by  
24 the insurer or its designee utilization review organization if the  
25 insurer or its designee utilization review organization fails to  
26 grant the request, deny the request, or otherwise respond to the  
27 request of the health care provider within 2 business days after  
28 the date and time of the submission of additional information.

29 (12) A prior authorization request granted under this section

1 is valid for not less than 60 calendar days or for a duration that  
2 is clinically appropriate, whichever is later.

3 (13) By June 1, 2022, and each June 1 after that date, an  
4 insurer shall report to the department the following aggregated  
5 trend data related to the insurer's prior authorization practices  
6 and experience for the prior plan year:

7 (a) The number of prior authorization requests.

8 (b) The number of prior authorization requests denied.

9 (c) The number of appeals received.

10 (d) The number of adverse determinations reversed on appeal.

11 (e) Of the total number of prior authorization requests, the  
12 number of prior authorization requests that were not submitted  
13 electronically.

14 (f) The top 10 services that were denied.

15 (14) By October 1, 2022, and each October 1 after that date,  
16 the department shall aggregate and deidentify the data collected  
17 under subsection (13) into a standard report and shall not identify  
18 the name of the insurer that submitted the data. The report must be  
19 written in easily understandable language and posted on the  
20 department's public internet website.

21 (15) All of the following apply to any data, documents,  
22 materials, or other information described in subsection (13) that  
23 has not been aggregated, deidentified, and otherwise compiled into  
24 the standard report described in subsection (14):

25 (a) The data, documents, materials, or other information is  
26 considered proprietary and to contain trade secrets.

27 (b) The data, documents, materials, or other information is  
28 confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure under  
29 the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.

1           (16) An insurer described in subsection (1) shall adopt a  
2 transparent program, developed in consultation with health care  
3 providers participating with the insurer, that promotes the  
4 modification of prior authorization requirements based on the  
5 performance of the health care providers with respect to adherence  
6 to nationally recognized evidence-based medical guidelines and  
7 other quality criteria.

8           (17) As used in this section:

9           (a) "Adverse determination" means that term as defined in  
10 section 2213.

11           (b) "Evidence-based criteria" means criteria developed using  
12 evidence-based standards.

13           (c) "Evidence-based standard" means that term as defined in  
14 section 3 of the patient's right to independent review act, 2000 PA  
15 251, MCL 550.1903.

16           (d) "Health benefit plan" means an individual or group health  
17 insurance policy, an individual or group health maintenance  
18 organization contract, or a self-funded plan established or  
19 maintained by this state or a local unit of government for its  
20 employees. Health benefit plan includes prescription drug benefits.

21           (e) "Health care provider" means any of the following:

22           (i) A health facility as that term is defined in section 2006.

23           (ii) A health professional.

24           (f) "Health professional" means that term as defined in  
25 section 2006.

26           (g) "Insurer" means that term as defined in section 2212c.

27           (h) "Licensed pharmacist" means either of the following:

28           (i) A pharmacist licensed to engage in the practice of pharmacy  
29 under part 177 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL

1 333.17701 to 333.17780.

2 (ii) A pharmacist licensed in another state.

3 (i) "Licensed physician" means any of the following:

4 (i) A physician licensed to engage in the practice of medicine  
5 under part 170 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL  
6 333.17001 to 333.17097.

7 (ii) A physician licensed to engage in the practice of  
8 osteopathic medicine and surgery under part 175 of the public  
9 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17501 to 333.17556.

10 (iii) A physician licensed in another state.

11 (j) "Peer-reviewed" means the clinical review criteria that is  
12 approved by a committee comprised of clinicians, including licensed  
13 physicians or licensed pharmacists, or both, that meets at  
14 regularly-scheduled intervals and evaluates, among other things,  
15 pharmaceutical literature or medical literature, or both, and  
16 scientific evidence to develop criteria that promotes appropriate,  
17 safe, and cost-effective drug utilization.

18 (k) "Prescription drug benefit" means that term as defined in  
19 section 2212c.

20 (l) "Prior authorization" means a determination by an insurer  
21 or utilization review organization that a requested health care  
22 benefit has been reviewed and, based on the information provided,  
23 satisfies the insurer or utilization review organization  
24 requirements for medical necessity and appropriateness and that  
25 payment will be made for that health care benefit.

26 (m) "Standardized electronic prior authorization transaction  
27 process" means a standardized transmission process, identified by  
28 the director and aligned with standards that are nationally  
29 accepted, to enable prior authorization requests to be accessible,



1 submitted by health care providers, and accepted by insurers or  
2 their designee utilization review organizations electronically  
3 through secure electronic transmissions with the goal of maximizing  
4 administrative simplification, efficiency, and timeliness. The  
5 process must allow health care providers to supply clinical  
6 information under the standardized electronic prior authorization  
7 process. Standard electronic prior authorization transaction  
8 process does not include a facsimile.

9 (n) "Urgent" means an insured or enrollee is suffering from a  
10 health condition that may seriously jeopardize the insured's life,  
11 health, or ability to regain maximum function or could subject the  
12 insured or enrollee to severe adverse health consequences that  
13 cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is  
14 the subject of the prior authorization.

15 (o) "Utilization review organization" means that term as  
16 defined in section 3 of the patient's right to independent review  
17 act, 2000 PA 251, MCL 550.1903.