

**SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 4071**

A bill to amend 1931 PA 328, entitled
"The Michigan penal code,"
by amending section 136b (MCL 750.136b), as amended by 2020 PA 49.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 136b. (1) As used in this section:

2 (a) "Child" means a person who is less than 18 years of age
3 and is not emancipated by operation of law as provided in section 4
4 of 1968 PA 293, MCL 722.4.

5 (b) "Cruel" means brutal, inhuman, sadistic, or that which
6 torments.

7 (c) "Developmental disability" means either of the following
8 as diagnosed by a physician or other licensed medical professional:

9 (i) If applied to an individual older than 5 years of age, a



1 severe, chronic condition that meets all of the following
2 requirements:

3 (A) Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a
4 combination of mental and physical impairments.

5 (B) Is manifested before the individual is 22 years old.

6 (C) Is likely to continue indefinitely.

7 (D) Results in substantial functional limitations in 3 or more
8 of the following areas of major life activity:

9 (I) Self-care.

10 (II) Receptive and expressive language.

11 (III) Learning.

12 (IV) Mobility.

13 (V) Self-direction.

14 (VI) Capacity for independent living.

15 (VII) Economic self-sufficiency.

16 (E) Reflects the individual's need for a combination and
17 sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic care, treatment,
18 or other services that are of lifelong or extended duration and are
19 individually planned and coordinated.

20 (ii) If applied to a minor from birth to 5 years of age, a
21 substantial developmental delay or a specific congenital or
22 acquired condition with a high probability of resulting in
23 developmental disability as defined in subdivision (a) if services
24 are not provided.

25 (d) "Mental illness" means a substantial disorder of thought
26 or mood that significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to
27 recognize reality, or ability to cope with the ordinary demands of
28 life that was diagnosed by a physician or other licensed medical
29 professional.



1 (e) ~~(e)~~—"Omission" means a willful failure to provide food,
2 clothing, or shelter necessary for a child's welfare or willful
3 abandonment of a child.

4 (f) ~~(d)~~—"Person" means a child's parent or guardian or any
5 other person who cares for, has custody of, or has authority over a
6 child regardless of the length of time that a child is cared for,
7 in the custody of, or subject to the authority of that person.

8 (g) **"Physical disability" means a determinable physical**
9 **characteristic of an individual that may result from disease,**
10 **injury, congenital condition of birth, or functional disorder that**
11 **was diagnosed by a physician or other licensed medical**
12 **professional.**

13 (h) ~~(e)~~—"Physical harm" means any injury to a child's physical
14 condition.

15 (i) **"Physician or other licensed medical professional" means a**
16 **person licensed under article 15 of the public health code, 1978 PA**
17 **368, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838.**

18 (j) ~~(f)~~—"Serious physical harm" means any physical injury to a
19 child that seriously impairs the child's health or physical well-
20 being, including, but not limited to, brain damage, a skull or bone
21 fracture, subdural hemorrhage or hematoma, dislocation, sprain,
22 internal injury, poisoning, burn or scald, or severe cut.

23 (k) ~~(g)~~—"Serious mental harm" means an injury to a child's
24 mental condition or welfare that is not necessarily permanent but
25 results in visibly demonstrable manifestations of a substantial
26 disorder of thought or mood which significantly impairs judgment,
27 behavior, capacity to recognize reality, or ability to cope with
28 the ordinary demands of life.

29 (l) **"Vulnerable child" means a person who is less than 18 years**



1 of age, who is not emancipated by operation of law under section 4
2 of 1968 PA 293, MCL 722.4, and who has a developmental disability,
3 mental illness, or physical disability, or is nonverbal.

4 (2) A person is guilty of child abuse in the first degree if
5 the person knowingly or intentionally causes serious physical harm
6 or serious mental harm to a child. Child abuse in the first degree
7 is a felony punishable by imprisonment for life or any term of
8 years.

9 (3) A person is guilty of child abuse in the second degree if
10 any of the following apply:

11 (a) The person's omission causes serious physical harm or
12 serious mental harm to a child or if the person's reckless act
13 causes serious physical harm or serious mental harm to a child.

14 (b) The person knowingly or intentionally commits an act
15 likely to cause serious physical or mental harm to a child
16 regardless of whether harm results.

17 (c) The person knowingly or intentionally commits an act that
18 is cruel to a child regardless of whether harm results.

19 (d) The person or a licensee, as licensee is defined in
20 section 1 of 1973 PA 116, MCL 722.111, violates section 15(2) of
21 1973 PA 116, MCL 722.125.

22 (4) Child abuse in the second degree is a felony punishable by
23 imprisonment as follows:

24 (a) ~~For~~ **Except as provided in subdivision (c), for** a first
25 offense, not more than 10 years.

26 (b) For an offense following a prior conviction, not more than
27 20 years.

28 (c) **For a first offense, if the victim is a vulnerable child,**
29 **not more than 15 years.**



1 (5) A person is guilty of child abuse in the third degree if
2 ~~any either~~ of the following ~~apply:applies~~:

3 (a) The person knowingly or intentionally causes physical harm
4 to a child.

5 (b) The person knowingly or intentionally commits an act that
6 under the circumstances poses an unreasonable risk of harm or
7 injury to a child, and the act results in physical harm to a child.

8 (6) Child abuse in the third degree is a felony punishable by
9 imprisonment as follows:

10 (a) ~~For~~ **Except as provided in subdivision (c), for** a first
11 offense, not more than 2 years.

12 (b) For an offense following a prior conviction, not more than
13 5 years.

14 **(c) For a first offense, if the victim is a vulnerable child,**
15 **not more than 3 years.**

16 (7) A person is guilty of child abuse in the fourth degree if
17 ~~any either~~ of the following ~~apply:applies~~:

18 (a) The person's omission or reckless act causes physical harm
19 to a child.

20 (b) The person knowingly or intentionally commits an act that
21 under the circumstances poses an unreasonable risk of harm or
22 injury to a child, regardless of whether physical harm results.

23 (8) Child abuse in the fourth degree is a crime punishable as
24 follows:

25 (a) ~~For~~ **Except as provided in subdivision (c), for** a first
26 offense, a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than
27 1 year.

28 (b) For an offense following a prior conviction, a felony
29 punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years.



1 **(c) For a first offense, if the victim is a vulnerable child,**
2 **a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years.**

3 (9) This section does not prohibit a parent or guardian, or
4 other person permitted by law or authorized by the parent or
5 guardian, from taking steps to reasonably discipline a child,
6 including the use of reasonable force.

7 (10) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this
8 section that the defendant's conduct involving the child was a
9 reasonable response to an act of domestic violence in light of all
10 the facts and circumstances known to the defendant at that time.
11 The defendant has the burden of establishing the affirmative
12 defense by a preponderance of the evidence. As used in this
13 subsection, "domestic violence" means that term as defined in
14 section 1 of 1978 PA 389, MCL 400.1501.

15 (11) If the prosecuting attorney intends to seek an enhanced
16 sentence based upon the defendant having 1 or more prior
17 convictions, the prosecuting attorney shall include on the
18 complaint and information a statement listing the prior conviction
19 or convictions. The existence of the defendant's prior conviction
20 or convictions must be determined by the court, without a jury, at
21 sentencing or at a separate hearing for that purpose before
22 sentencing. The existence of a prior conviction may be established
23 by any evidence relevant for that purpose, including, but not
24 limited to, 1 or more of the following:

- 25 (a) A copy of the judgment of conviction.
26 (b) A transcript of a prior trial, plea-taking, or sentencing.
27 (c) Information contained in a presentence report.
28 (d) The defendant's statement.
29 (12) As used in this section, "prior conviction" means a



1 violation of this section or a violation of a law of another state
2 substantially corresponding to this section.

3 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
4 after the date it is enacted into law.

