

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 6022

A bill to amend 1931 PA 328, entitled
"The Michigan penal code,"
by amending section 356a (MCL 750.356a), as amended by 1998 PA 311.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 356a. (1) A person who commits larceny by stealing or
2 unlawfully removing or taking any wheel, tire, air bag, **CATALYTIC**
3 **CONVERTER**, radio, stereo, clock, telephone, computer, or other
4 electronic device in or on any motor vehicle, house trailer,
5 trailer, or semitrailer is guilty of a felony punishable by
6 imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than
7 \$10,000.00, or both.
- 8 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person who enters
9 or breaks into a motor vehicle, house trailer, trailer, or
10 semitrailer to steal or unlawfully remove property from it is

1 guilty of a crime as follows:

2 (a) If the value of the property is less than \$200.00, the
3 person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for
4 not more than 93 days or a fine of not more than \$500.00 or 3 times
5 the value of the property, whichever is greater, or both
6 imprisonment and a fine.

7 (b) If any of the following apply, the person is guilty of a
8 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or
9 a fine of not more than \$2,000.00 or 3 times the value of the
10 property, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:

11 (i) The value of the property is \$200.00 or more but less than
12 \$1,000.00.

13 (ii) The person violates subdivision (a) and has 1 or more
14 prior convictions for committing or attempting to commit an offense
15 under this section or a local ordinance substantially corresponding
16 to this section.

17 (c) If any of the following apply, the person is guilty of a
18 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a
19 fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or 3 times the value of the
20 property, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:

21 (i) The value of the property is \$1,000.00 or more but less
22 than \$20,000.00.

23 (ii) The person violates subdivision (b) (i) and has 1 or more
24 prior convictions for violating or attempting to violate this
25 section. For purposes of this subparagraph, however, a prior
26 conviction does not include a conviction for a violation or
27 attempted violation of subdivision (a) or (b) (ii).

1 (d) If any of the following apply, the person is guilty of a
2 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a
3 fine of not more than \$15,000.00 or 3 times the value of the
4 property, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:

5 (i) The property has a value of \$20,000.00 or more.

6 (ii) The person violates subdivision (c) (i) and has 2 or more
7 prior convictions for committing or attempting to commit an offense
8 under this section. For purposes of this subparagraph, however, a
9 prior conviction does not include a conviction for a violation or
10 attempted violation of subdivision (a) or (b) (ii).

11 (3) A person who violates subsection (2) (a) or (b) and who
12 breaks, tears, cuts, or otherwise damages any part of the motor
13 vehicle, house trailer, trailer, or semitrailer is guilty of a
14 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a
15 fine of not more than \$10,000.00, or both, regardless of the value
16 of the property.

17 (4) The values of property stolen or unlawfully removed in
18 separate incidents pursuant to a scheme or course of conduct within
19 any 12-month period may be aggregated to determine the total value
20 of property stolen or unlawfully removed.

21 (5) If the prosecuting attorney intends to seek an enhanced
22 sentence based upon the defendant having 1 or more prior
23 convictions, the prosecuting attorney shall include on the
24 complaint and information a statement listing the prior conviction
25 or convictions. The existence of the defendant's prior conviction
26 or convictions shall be determined by the court, without a jury, at
27 sentencing or at a separate hearing for that purpose before

1 sentencing. The existence of a prior conviction may be established
2 by any evidence relevant for that purpose, including, but not
3 limited to, 1 or more of the following:

4 (a) A copy of the judgment of conviction.

5 (b) A transcript of a prior trial, plea-taking, or sentencing.

6 (c) Information contained in a presentence report.

7 (d) The defendant's statement.

8 **(E) A COPY OF A COURT REGISTER OF ACTIONS.**

9 (6) If the sentence for a conviction under this section is
10 enhanced by 1 or more prior convictions, those prior convictions
11 shall not be used to further enhance the sentence for the
12 conviction ~~pursuant to~~ **UNDER** section 10, 11, or 12 of chapter IX of
13 the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 769.10, 769.11,
14 and 769.12.

15 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect April 1,
16 2009.

17 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
18 unless Senate Bill No. 1193 of the 94th Legislature is enacted into
19 law.