SENATE BILL No. 84

February 14, 1991, Introduced by Senators EHLERS, CISKY, CARL and DE GROW and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend sections 625a and 625c of Act No. 300 of the Public Acts of 1949, entitled as amended

"Michigan vehicle code,"

as amended by Act No. 310 of the Public Acts of 1982, being sections 257.625a and 257.625c of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Section 1. Sections 625a and 625c of Act No. 300 of the
- 2 Public Acts of 1949, as amended by Act No. 310 of the Public Acts
- 3 of 1982, being sections 257.625a and 257.625c of the Michigan
- 4 Compiled Laws, are amended to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 625a. (1) The amount of alcohol or presence of a con-
- 6 trolled substance or both in the driver's blood at the time
- 7 alleged as shown by chemical analysis of the person's blood,
- 8 urine, or breath shall be admissible into evidence in a criminal
- 9 prosecution for any of the following:

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- 1 (a) A violation of section 625(1), (2), or (3), or 625b, or
- 2 of a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section
- 3 625(1), (2), or (3), or 625b.
- 4 (b) Felonious driving, negligent homicide, -or-
- 5 manslaughter, OR ANOTHER OFFENSE WHICH RESULTS IN A SERIOUS OR
- 6 AGGRAVATED INJURY TO A PERSON OR THE DEATH OF A PERSON, resulting
- 7 from the operation of a motor vehicle while the driver is alleged
- 8 to have been impaired by or under the influence of intoxicating
- 9 liquor or a controlled substance or a combination of intoxicating
- 10 liquor and a controlled substance, or to have had a blood alcohol
- 11 content of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol.
- 12 (2) If a test is given, the results of the test shall be
- 13 made available to the person charged or the person's attorney
- 14 upon written request to the prosecution, with a copy of the
- 15 request filed with the court. The prosecution shall furnish the
- 16 report at least 2 days before the day of the trial and the
- 17 results shall be offered as evidence by the prosecution in a
- 18 criminal proceeding. Failure to fully comply with the request
- 19 shall bar the admission of the results into evidence by the
- 20 prosecution.
- 21 (3) Except in a prosecution relating solely to a violation
- 22 of section 625(2), the amount of alcohol in the driver's blood at
- 23 the time alleged as shown by chemical analysis of the person's
- 24 blood, urine, or breath shall give rise to the following
- 25 presumptions:

- 1 (a) If there was at the time 0.07% or less by weight of
- 2 alcohol in the defendant's blood, it shall be presumed that the
- 3 defendant was not under the influence of intoxicating liquor.
- 4 (b) If there was at the time in excess of 0.07% but less
- 5 than 0.10% by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, it
- 6 shall be presumed that the defendant's ability to operate a vehi-
- 7 cle was impaired within the provisions of section 625b due to the
- 8 consumption of intoxicating liquor.
- 9 (c) If there was at the time 0.10% or more by weight of
- 10 alcohol in the defendant's blood, it shall be presumed that the
- 11 defendant was under the influence of intoxicating liquor.
- 12 (4) A sample or specimen of urine or breath shall be taken
- 13 and collected in a reasonable manner. Only a licensed physician,
- 14 or a licensed nurse or medical technician under the direction of
- 15 a licensed physician and qualified to withdraw blood acting in a
- 16 medical environment, at the request of a peace officer, may with-
- 17 draw blood for the purpose of determining the amount of alcohol
- 18 or presence of a controlled substance or both in the person's
- 19 blood, as provided in this act. Liability for a crime or civil
- 20 damages predicated on the act of withdrawing blood and related
- 21 procedures shall not attach to a qualified person who withdraws
- 22 blood or assists in the withdrawal in accordance with this act
- 23 unless the withdrawal is performed in a negligent manner.
- 24 (5) The tests shall be administered at the request of a
- 25 peace officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person has
- 26 committed a crime described in subsection (1). A person who
- 27 takes a chemical test administered at the request of a peace

- 1 officer, as provided in this section, shall be given a reasonable
- 2 opportunity to have a person of his or her own choosing adminis-
- 3 ter 1 of the chemical tests described in this section within a
- 4 reasonable time after his or her detention, and the results of
- 5 the test shall be admissible and shall be considered with other
- 6 competent evidence in determining the innocence or guilt of the
- 7 defendant. If the person charged is administered a chemical test
- 8 by a person of his or her own choosing, the person charged shall
- 9 be responsible for obtaining a chemical analysis of the test
- 10 sample. The person charged shall be informed that he or she has
- 11 the right to demand that a person of his or her choosing adminis-
- 12 ter 1 of the tests provided for in subsection (1), that the
- 13 results of the test shall be admissible and shall be considered
- 14 with other competent evidence in determining the innocence or
- 15 guilt of the defendant, and that the person charged shall be
- 16 responsible for obtaining a chemical analysis of the test
- 17 sample.
- 18 (6) The person charged shall be advised that if the person
- 19 refuses the request of a peace officer to take a test described
- 20 in this section, a test shall not be given without a court
- 21 order. The person charged shall also be advised that the
- 22 person's refusal of the request of a peace officer to take a test
- 23 described in this section shall result in the suspension of his
- 24 or her operator's or chauffeur's license or operating privilege,
- 25 and in the addition of 6 points to his or her driver record.
- 26 (7) This section shall not be construed as limiting the
- 27 introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the

- 1 question of whether or not the person was impaired by or under
- 2 the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance,
- 3 or a combination of intoxicating liquor and a controlled sub-
- 4 stance, or whether the person had a blood alcohol content of
- 5 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol.
- 6 (8) If a jury instruction regarding a defendant's refusal to
- 7 submit to a chemical test under this section is requested by the
- 8 prosecution or the defendant, the jury instruction shall be given
- 9 as follows:
- 10 "Evidence was admitted in this case which, if believed by
- 11 the jury, could prove that the defendant had exercised his or her
- 12 right to refuse a chemical test. You are instructed that such a
- 13 refusal is within the statutory rights of the defendant and is
- 14 not evidence of his OR HER guilt. You are not to consider such a
- 15 refusal in determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant."
- 16 (9) If after an accident the driver of a vehicle involved in
- 17 the accident is transported to a medical facility and a sample of
- 18 the driver's blood is withdrawn at that time for the purpose of
- 19 medical treatment, the results of a chemical analysis of that
- 20 sample shall be admissible in a criminal prosecution for a crime
- 21 described in subsection (1) to show the amount of alcohol or
- 22 presence of a controlled substance or both in the person's blood
- 23 at the time alleged, regardless of whether the person had been
- 24 offered or had refused a chemical test. The medical facility or
- 25 person performing the chemical analysis shall disclose the
- 26 results of the analysis to a prosecuting attorney who requests
- 27 the results for use in a criminal prosecution as provided in this

- 1 subsection. A medical facility or person disclosing information
- 2 in compliance with this subsection shall not be civilly or crimi-
- 3 nally liable for making the disclosure.
- 4 (10) If after a highway accident the driver of a vehicle
- 5 involved in the accident is deceased, a sample of the decedent's
- 6 blood shall be withdrawn in a manner directed by the medical
- 7 examiner for the purpose of determining blood alcohol content or
- 8 presence of a controlled substance or both. THE MEDICAL EXAMINER
- 9 OR ATTENDING PHYSICIAN SHALL REPORT THE BLOOD ALCOHOL CONTENT
- 10 LEVEL TO THE INVESTIGATING POLICE AGENCY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF
- 11 STATE POLICE.
- 12 Sec. 625c. (1) A person who operates a vehicle upon a
- 13 public highway or other place open to the general public, includ-
- 14 ing an area designated for the parking of vehicles, in the state
- 15 is considered to have given consent to chemical tests of his or
- 16 her blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the
- 17 amount of alcohol or presence of a controlled substance or both
- 18 in his or her blood if 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES
- 19 OCCUR:
- 20 (a) The person is arrested for a violation of section 625(1)
- 21 or (2) or 625b, or a local ordinance substantially corresponding
- 22 to section 625(1) or (2) or 625b.
- (b) The person is arrested for felonious driving, negligent
- 24 homicide, -or manslaughter, OR ANOTHER OFFENSE WHICH RESULTS IN
- 25 A SERIOUS OR AGGRAVATED INJURY TO A PERSON OR THE DEATH OF A
- 26 PERSON, resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle, and the
- 27 peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person

- 1 was operating the vehicle while impaired by or under the
- 2 influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance or a
- 3 combination of intoxicating liquor and a controlled substance, or
- 4 while having a blood alcohol content of 0.10% or more by weight
- 5 of alcohol.
- 6 (2) A person who is afflicted with hemophilia, diabetes, or
- 7 a condition requiring the use of an anticoagulant under the
- 8 direction of a physician shall not be considered to have given
- 9 consent to the withdrawal of blood.
- 10 (3) The tests shall be administered as provided in section 11 625a.