HOUSE BILL No. 6214

November 18, 1992, Introduced by Reps. Hickner and Bobier and referred to the Committee on Conservation, Recreation and Environment.

A bill to provide for the protection of groundwater from contamination by pesticides and fertilizers through the development and implementation of a pesticide and fertilizer management strategy for the state; to regulate the use of certain pesticides and fertilizers in order to prevent adverse effects to human health and the environment and to protect the integrity of the state's groundwater resource; and to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state agencies and officials; and to provide remedies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "Michigan groundwater and freshwater protection act".
- 3 Sec. 2. The words and phrases defined in sections 3 to 6
- 4 shall have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

06607'92 JCB

- 1 Sec. 3. (1) "Activity plan" means a plan for the mitigation
- 2 of groundwater contamination at a specific location, including a
- 3 time frame for implementation.
- 4 (2) "Analyte" or "analytes" means the material or materials
- 5 an analysis is designed to detect either qualitatively or
- 6 quantitatively.
- 7 (3) "Aquifer" means a geologic formation, a group of forma-
- 8 tions, or part of a formation capable of yielding a significant
- 9 amount of groundwater to wells or springs.
- 10 (4) "Aquifer sensitivity" means a hydrogeologic function
- 11 representing the inherent abilities of materials surrounding the
- 12 aguifer to attenuate the movement of pesticides or nitrogen fer-
- 13 tilizers into that aguifer.
- 14 (5) "Commercial applicator" means that term as it is defined
- 15 in the pesticide control act.
- (6) "Commercial lawn care operation" means a person required
- 17 to be certified or registered in the turf grass pest management
- 18 category pursuant to R 285.636.1 to R 285.636.17 of the Michigan
- 19 administrative code.
- 20 (7) "Confirmed contaminant" means a contaminant that has
- 21 been detected in at least 2 groundwater samples collected from
- 22 the same groundwater sampling point at an interval of greater
- 23 than 14 days.
- 24 (8) "Contaminant" means any chemical, radionuclide, ion,
- 25 synthetic organic compound, microorganism, waste, or other sub-
- 26 stance that does not occur naturally in groundwater or that
- 27 naturally occurs at a lower concentration than detected.

- 1 (9) "Contamination" means the direct or indirect
- 2 introduction into groundwater of any contaminant caused in whole
- 3 or in part by humans.
- 4 (10) "Demonstration project" means a project designed to
- 5 illustrate the implementation and impact of alternate pesticide
- 6 and fertilizer management practices.
- 7 (11) "Department" means the department of agriculture.
- 8 (12) "Director" means the director of the department or his 9 or her designee.
- 10 (13) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, hold for sale,
- 11 sell, barter, ship, deliver for shipment, or receive and upon
- 12 receipt, deliver or offer to deliver pesticides or fertilizers in
- 13 this state.
- 14 (14) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- 15 Sec. 4. (1) "Envelope monitoring" means monitoring of
- 16 groundwater in areas adjacent to properties where groundwater is
- 17 contaminated for determination of the concentration and spatial
- 18 distribution of the contaminant in the aquifer.
- (2) "Fertilizer" means a fertilizer as defined in the fer-
- 20 tilizer act of 1975, Act No. 198 of the Public Acts of 1975,
- 21 being sections 286.751 to 286.767 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 22 (3) "Fund" means the freshwater protection fund created in
- 23 section 11.
- 24 (4) "General screening" means monitoring of groundwater for
- 25 the purpose of early detection of groundwater contamination and
- 26 protection of human health.

- 1 (5) "Groundwater" means underground water within the zone of 2 saturation.
- 3 (6) "Groundwater impact potential" means the potential for 4 contamination of groundwater as a result of pesticide or nitrogen 5 fertilizer use.
- (7) "Groundwater protection rule" means a rule promulgated

 7 under this act that defines a minimum operational standard for

 8 structures, activities, and procedures that may have or may con
 9 tribute to the contamination of groundwater and that defines the

 10 scope of a groundwater protection rule, the region of implementa
 11 tion of a groundwater protection rule, and implementation period

 12 for those standards. As used in this subsection:
- (a) "Structures, activities, and procedures" include, but
 14 are not limited to, mixing, loading, and rinse pads, application
 15 equipment, application timing, application rates, crop rotation,
 16 and pest control thresholds.
- (b) "The scope of a groundwater protection rule" may define 18 a particular pesticide or nitrogen fertilizer use, structure, 19 activity, and procedure or may define pesticides containing spe-20 cific ingredients.
- 21 (c) "The region of implementation of a groundwater protec-22 tion rule" may include specific soil types or aquifer sensitivity 23 regions or other geographic boundary.
- 24 (8) "Groundwater resource protection level" means a maximum
 25 contaminant level as established by the United States environmen26 tal protection agency or, in the event that the United States
 27 environmental protection agency has not established a maximum

- 1 contaminant level, a level established by the director using risk
 2 assessment protocol defined by the United States environmental
- 3 protection agency.
- 4 (9) "Groundwater resource response level" means a numerical
- 5 value expressing the concentration of a substance in groundwater
- 6 that is 30% of the substances groundwater resource protection
- 7 level.
- 8 (10) "Groundwater sampling point" means a specific public or
- 9 community water supply, a private water supply, a monitoring
- 10 well, or other reasonable source of groundwater used for collec-
- 11 tion of water samples.
- 12 (11) "Groundwater stewardship practices" means any of a set
- 13 of voluntary practices adopted by the commission of agriculture
- 14 pursuant to this act and designed to protect groundwater from
- 15 contamination by pesticides and fertilizers.
- 16 (12) "Method detection limit" means the minimum concentra-
- 17 tion of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99%
- 18 confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than 0 and
- 19 is determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix that
- 20 contains the analyte.
- 21 (13) "Monitoring" means soil and groundwater sampling and
- 22 analysis for determining the levels of pesticides or their break-
- 23 down products; fertilizers or their residues; or other analytes
- 24 as determined by the director.
- Sec. 5. (1) "Nitrogen fertilizer" means a commercially man-
- 26 ufactured fertilizer that contains nitrogen as a component.

- 1 (2) "Nitrogen fertilizer distributor" means a person who
- 2 sells, offers for sale, barters, or otherwise supplies nitrogen
- 3 fertilizer and is required to pay tonnage fees or specialty fer-
- 4 tilizer registration fees under the fertilizer act of 1975, Act
- 5 No. 198 of the Public Acts of 1975, being sections 286.751 to
- 6 286.767 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or commercial lawn care
- 7 operations who apply nitrogen fertilizer.
- 8 (3) "On-site evaluation system" means a specific set of cri-
- 9 teria used to evaluate a property with regard to determination of
- 10 potential sources of contamination.
- (4) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 12 association, governmental entity, or other legal entity.
- 13 (5) "Pesticide" means that term as it is defined in the pes-
- 14 ticide control act.
- 15 (6) "Pesticide control act" means the pesticide control act,
- 16 Act No. 171 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 286.551 to
- 17 286.581 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 18 (7) "Pesticide registration number" means a number estab-
- 19 lished by the United States environmental protection agency for
- 20 the identification of a specific pesticide formulation and
- 21 registrant.
- 22 (8) "Potentially responsible" means actions that could con-
- 23 tribute to the type of contamination found.
- 24 (9) "Private applicator" means private agricultural applica-
- 25 tor as defined in the pesticide control act.

- 1 (10) "Product name" means a name with sufficient detail to
- 2 discriminate between product registrations with the same
- 3 pesticide registration number.
- 4 Sec. 6. (1) "Registrant" means a person who is subject to
- 5 the registration requirements of the pesticide control act.
- 6 (2) "Registration category" means a delineation of classes
- 7 of use sites for which a pesticide is labeled for application.
- 8 Registration category may include, but is not limited to, spe-
- 9 cialty use and agricultural use.
- (3) "Registration year" means from July 1 to June 30.
- 11 (4) "Response activity" means the containment, cleanup, or
- 12 removal of pesticides and fertilizers that pose a threat to
- 13 groundwater, the land application of those materials at agronomic
- 14 rates, or the initiation of such other actions as may be neces-
- 15 sary to prevent, minimize, or mitigate the movement of pesticides
- 16 and fertilizers into groundwater.
- 17 (5) "Restricted use pesticide" means that term as it is
- 18 defined in the pesticide control act.
- 19 (6) "Restricted use pesticide dealer" means that term as it
- 20 is defined in the pesticide control act.
- 21 (7) "Rule" means a rule promulgated pursuant to the adminis-
- 22 trative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of
- 23 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled
- 24 Laws.
- 25 (8) "Specialty pesticide" means a disinfectant, sanitizer,
- 26 germicide, biocide, or pesticide labeled solely for use directly
- 27 on humans or pets, in, on, or around areas associated with the

- 1 household or home life including garden and ornamental uses but
- 2 excluding turf as determined by the director.
- 3 (9) "Stewardship plan" means a plan developed and imple-
- 4 mented pursuant to this act that will ensure operations are in
- 5 accord with groundwater stewardship practices.
- 6 (10) "Technical assistance" means direct on-site assistance
- 7 provided to individuals designed to improve implementation of
- 8 groundwater stewardship practices or groundwater protection
- 9 rules.
- 10 Sec. 7. (1) The director, in conjunction with appropriate
- 11 agencies and other interested persons shall develop and promote
- 12 the implementation of groundwater stewardship practices adopted
- 13 by the commission of agriculture. These groundwater stewardship
- 14 practices shall be designed to prevent the contamination of
- 15 groundwater by pesticides or nitrogen fertilizers.
- 16 (2) The director, in conjunction with appropriate agencies,
- 17 shall develop a voluntary on-site evaluation system for pesticide
- 18 or nitrogen fertilizer use. The on-site evaluation systems shall
- 19 be designed to do all of the following:
- 20 (a) Provide persons with the ability to voluntarily deter-
- 21 mine the relative groundwater impact potential posed by their use
- 22 of pesticides and nitrogen fertilizers.
- 23 (b) Provide persons with the ability to determine the degree
- 24 to which operations are in accord with groundwater stewardship
- 25 practices and applicable groundwater protection rules.
- 26 (c) Prioritize operational changes at the site level
- 27 intended to protect groundwater.

- i (d) Guide persons to appropriate technical and educational
 2 materials.
- 3 (3) The director in conjunction with appropriate agencies
- 4 and other interested persons shall review and evaluate the effec-
- 5 tiveness of groundwater stewardship practices developed under
- 6 subsection (1).
- 7 Sec. 8. (1) The director shall establish a groundwater
- 8 advisory council composed of departmental, educational, and tech-
- 9 nical assistance personnel, agricultural producers, and other
- 10 persons as determined necessary by the director. The groundwater
- 11 advisory council shall do all of the following:
- (a) Establish educational programs on groundwater protection
- 13 related topics.
- (b) Coordinate technical assistance programs for persons
- 15 making changes consistent with the groundwater stewardship prac-
- 16 tices or groundwater protection rules.
- (c) Provide interagency coordination of groundwater
- 18 programs.
- (d) Review the groundwater stewardship program established
- 20 pursuant to section 7.
- 21 (2) The education personnel of the groundwater advisory
- 22 council created in subsection (1) shall develop and promote edu-
- 23 cational materials including, but not limited to, all of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (a) Direct educational assistance and consulting programs.
- 26 (b) Demonstration projects.

- (c) Educational programs.
- 2 (d) Tours, workshops, and conferences.
- 3 (3) The technical assistance personnel of the groundwater
- 4 advisory council created in subsection (1) shall be responsible
- 5 for technical assistance programs including on-site evaluation of
- 6 practices that may impact groundwater and the development of
- 7 stewardship and activity plans.
- 8 Sec. 9. (1) The director may establish regional groundwater
- 9 stewardship teams composed of departmental, educational, and
- 10 technical assistance and other personnel as determined necessary
- 11 by the director for implementation of programs developed under
- 12 this act.
- (2) Groundwater stewardship team activity may be prioritized
- 14 based on detections of pesticides in groundwater, nitrogen con-
- 15 centrations in groundwater, groundwater impact potential estima-
- 16 tion, or other factors as determined by the director.
- 17 Sec. 10. (1) The director, in conjunction with appropriate
- 18 agencies, shall establish a groundwater stewardship program
- 19 designed to promote the protection of groundwater through the
- 20 provision of technical assistance and grants. A person who has
- 21 completed an on-site evaluation with technical assistance person-
- 22 nel is eligible to participate in the groundwater stewardship
- 23 program. Participants in the groundwater stewardship program
- 24 shall develop and implement a stewardship plan approved by the
- 25 director.
- 26 (2) The department shall provide grants to persons
- 27 participating in the groundwater stewardship program in

- I accordance with procedures established by the department. Grants
- 2 shall be available for, but not limited to, making changes con-
- 3 sistent with groundwater stewardship practices, groundwater pro-
- 4 tection rules, and the removal of potential sources of
- 5 contamination.
- 6 (3) Liability for groundwater contamination shall not be
- 7 imposed on a person in the groundwater stewardship program under
- 8 this act unless he or she was grossly negligent, or in violation
- 9 of state or federal law.
- 10 (4) Assistance programs and grants provided under this sec-
- 11 tion are limited to availability of funds collected pursuant to
- 12 this act.
- 13 Sec. 11. (1) The freshwater protection fund is created
- 14 within the state treasury.
- 15 (2) The state treasurer may receive money or other assets
- 16 from any source for deposit into the fund, including, if provided
- 17 by law, revenue from the sale of Michigan freshwater protection
- 18 bonds or the Michigan freshwater protection checkoff on state
- 19 income and single business tax returns. The state treasurer
- 20 shall direct the investment of the fund. The state treasurer
- 21 shall credit to the fund interest and earnings from fund
- 22 investments.
- 23 (3) Money in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall
- 24 remain in the fund and shall not lapse to the general fund.
- 25 (4) The department shall expend money from the fund, upon
- 26 appropriation, only for 1 or more of the following purposes:

- 1 (a) Direct assistance.
- 2 (b) Indirect assistance.
- 3 (c) Emergency response and removal of potential sources of
- 4 groundwater contamination. Expenditures pursuant to this subdi-
- 5 vision shall not exceed \$15,000.00 per location.
- 6 (d) Administrative costs. Expenditures pursuant to this
- 7 subdivision shall not exceed 20% of the annual appropriations
- 8 from the fund.
- 9 (5) As used in this section, "direct assistance" includes,
- 10 but is not limited to, programs that will provide for any of the
- 11 following:
- (a) Provision of alternate noncommunity water supplies.
- (b) Closure of improperly constructed wells that may impact
- 14 groundwater.
- 15 (c) The environmentally sound disposal or recycling of spe-
- 16 cialty pesticide containers.
- (d) The environmentally sound disposal or recycling of non-
- 18 specialty pesticide containers.
- (e) Specialty and nonspecialty pesticide pickup programs for
- 20 pesticides not currently registered for use.
- 21 (f) Programs devoted to integrated pest and crop management
- 22 that strive to encourage the judicious use of pesticides and fer-
- 23 tilizers through targeted applications as part of a systems
- 24 approach to pest control and related crop management decisions.
- 25 (q) Incentive and cost share programs for persons in the
- 26 groundwater stewardship program for implementation of groundwater
- 27 stewardship practices or groundwater protection rules.

- (h) Incentive and cost share programs for persons who notify the director of potential sources on groundwater contamination on their property.
- 4 (i) Monitoring of private well water for pesticides and 5 fertilizers.
- 6 (j) Removal of soils and waters contaminated by pesticides
 7 and fertilizers and the land application of those materials at
 8 agronomic rates.
- 9 (k) Groundwater stewardship program grants pursuant to sec-10 tion 10.
- 11 (1) Other programs established pursuant to this act.
- (6) As used in this section, "indirect assistance" includes,
 13 but is not limited to, programs which will provide for any of the
 14 following:
- 15 (a) Public education and demonstration programs on specialty
 16 pesticide container recycling and environmentally sound disposal
 17 methods.
- (b) Educational programs for pesticide and fertilizer end
 19 users.
- 20 (c) Technical assistance programs for pesticide and fertil21 izer end users.
- 22 (d) The promotion and implementation of on-site evaluation 23 systems and groundwater stewardship practices.
- (e) Research programs for determination of the impacts ofalternate pesticide and fertilizer management practices.

- (f) Research program for determination of aquifer
- 2 sensitivity and vulnerability to contamination by pesticides and
- 3 fertilizers.
- 4 (7) As used in this section, "administrative costs" include,
- 5 but are not limited to, costs incurred during any of the
- 6 following:
- 7 (a) Groundwater monitoring for pesticides and fertilizers.
- 8 (b) Development and enforcement of groundwater protection
 9 rules.
- 10 (c) Coordination of programs under this act with the United
- 11 States environmental protection agency and other state programs
- 12 with groundwater and pesticide management responsibilities.
- (d) Management and pesticide sales information.
- (8) The department shall establish a procedure for approving
- 15 proposed expenditures from the fund.
- 16 Sec. 12. (1) Pesticides containing ingredients that have
- 17 been confirmed in groundwater at a level above their groundwater
- 18 resource response level and pesticides for which a specific state
- 19 management plan is required shall be registered as restricted use
- 20 pesticides. The director, by rule, shall establish criteria for
- 21 designating a pesticide a restricted use pesticide due to ground-
- 22 water concerns.
- 23 (2) Upon the director's request, a person that has regis-
- 24 tered a pesticide in this state shall submit to the director
- 25 information necessary to determine the pesticide's mobility in
- 26 the environment and potential to contaminate groundwater. This
- 27 information may include any of the following:

- 1 (a) Water solubility.
- 2 (b) Vapor pressure.
- 3 (c) Octanol-water partition coefficient.
- 4 (d) Soil absorption coefficient.
- 5 (e) Henry's law constant.
- (f) Dissipation studies including hydrolysis, photolysis,
 aerobic and anaerobic soil metabolism.
- 8 (g) Product formulation.
- 9 (h) Other information considered necessary by the director.
- (3) All information requested under this section shall be
- II submitted in a summary format approved by the director. The
- 12 director, after review of the submitted information, may request
- 13 individual studies including methods and protocols.
- 14 (5) If not previously defined by the United States environ-
- 15 mental protection agency, the director shall develop a water
- 16 resources protection level for all pesticides confirmed in
- 17 groundwater in this state.
- 18. Sec. 13. (1) The director shall establish and implement a
- 19 program to track pesticides whose use is restricted due to
- 20 groundwater concerns in their county of application.
- 21 (2) At the time of sale, private applicators shall provide
- 22 identification of the intended county of application of a
- 23 restricted use pesticide.
- 24 (3) A restricted use pesticide dealer shall maintain and
- 25 submit records of all sales and the intended county of applica-
- 26 tion for all pesticides whose use is restricted due to
- 27 groundwater concerns sold to private applicators.

- 1 (4) A commercial applicator shall keep a record of the
- 2 pesticide registration number, product name, the formulated
- 3 amount applied, and application location for all restricted use
- 4 pesticides used by the commercial applicator. A summary of this
- 5 information indicating the pesticide registration number, product
- 6 name, and total formulated amount of pesticide applied to each
- 7 county during the previous calendar year shall be transmitted to
- 8 the director before March 1. This summary shall be submitted on
- 9 forms provided by or approved by the director.
- 10 (5) The director may require additional information for more
- II refined tracking in specific areas determined through groundwater
- 12 impact potential estimation to be highly vulnerable to groundwa-
- 13 ter contamination.
- (6) Information collected in subsections (3), (4), and (5)
- 15 shall be considered confidential business information and not
- 16 subject to the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the
- 17 Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.231 to 15.246 of the
- 18 Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 19 Sec. 14. (1) The director, in conjunction with appropriate
- 20 agencies, shall develop and establish priorities, procedures,
- 21 protocols, and confirmation mechanisms for the implementation of
- 22 a groundwater monitoring program to do all of the following:
- 23 (a) Provide general screening of groundwater.
- 24 (b) Determine the relative risk of groundwater contamination
- 25 at different locations.
- 26 (c) Perform envelope monitoring.

- 1 (2) Well owners shall be notified of the results of the 2 monitoring conducted pursuant to this section, in a timely 3 manner, including, the method detection limits and associated 4 water resource protection levels.
- 5 (3) The monitoring program conducted under this section may 6 provide for modifications of sampling density and analytes to 7 reflect regional groundwater impact potential.
- 8 (4) The monitoring conducted pursuant to this section shall 9 be conducted utilizing generally accepted scientific practices.
- 10 (5) The department shall establish a method detention limit
 11 goal for monitoring conducted pursuant to this section set at 10%
 12 of a compound's groundwater resource protection level.
- (6) The director may require a registrant to conduct ground-14 water monitoring programs for ingredients contained in their 15 products as a condition of product registration.
- (7) Agencies conducting monitoring for pesticides or fertil17 izers pursuant to this section shall notify the director on forms
 18 provided by or a format approved by the director of the location,
 19 procedure, and concentration of all pesticide detections and
 20 nitrate concentrations in excess of 10 parts per million.
 21 Information received by the director shall be evaluated based
 22 upon accepted protocols and procedures established under this
 23 act.
- Sec. 15. (1) Upon confirming contamination of groundwater 25 by a pesticide or nitrogen fertilizer at a single location, the 26 director shall do all of the following:

- (a) Assist in the coordination of local activities designed
 to prevent further contamination of groundwater.
- 3 (b) Conduct envelope monitoring.
- 4 (c) Perform an evaluation of activities in the envelope mon-
- 5 itoring region that may have contributed to the contamination.
- 6 (d) Make a determination as to the degree to which groundwa-
- 7 ter stewardship practices were being utilized in the envelope
- 8 monitoring region.
- 9 (e) Make a determination as to the potential source or
- 10 sources of the contamination.
- 11 (2) If confirmed concentrations of pesticides or fertilizers
- 12 exceed the groundwater resource response level or a confirmed
- 13 contaminant has migrated into groundwater off of the property,
- 14 the director may require a person whose action or negligence was
- 15 potentially responsible for the contamination to develop an
- 16 activity plan. A person required to develop an activity plan has
- 17 90 days to develop and submit the activity plan to the director.
- 18 Upon receipt of an activity plan, the director shall approve or
- 19 reject the plan within 90 days. If rejected, the director shall
- 20 provide a description of reasons for rejection. Upon receipt of
- 21 a rejection, the person shall within 90 days develop an accept-
- 22 able activity plan.
- 23 (3) If the activities on a contamination site are determined
- 24 by the director to be in accordance with all applicable compo-
- 25 nents of the groundwater stewardship practices and groundwater
- 26 protection rules, activities not potentially responsible for the
- 27 contamination incident may continue.

- 1 (4) If activities on a contamination site are determined by 2 the director not to be in accordance with this act, the director 3 may issue an order to cease or modify activities on the site 4 involving pesticides or nitrogen fertilizer. A person aggrieved 5 by an order issued under this section may request a hearing pur-6 suant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 7 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of
- 9 Sec. 16. (1) The director may promulgate a groundwater pro-10 tection rule that defines the scope and region of implementation 11 of the rule when any of the following occur:

8 the Michigan Compiled Laws.

- 12 (a) The director determines that voluntary adoption of the 13 groundwater stewardship practices has not been effective in pre-14 venting groundwater contaminant concentrations from exceeding the 15 groundwater resource response level.
- (b) A pesticide has been confirmed in groundwater at levels
 17 exceeding its groundwater resource response level in a least 3
 18 distinct locations as a result of similar activities as deter19 mined under subsection (1)(e).
- (c) Nitrogen has been confirmed in groundwater at levels
 exceeding the maximum contaminant level in 20% of wells associated with an aquifer sensitivity region or a fertilizer use
 activity as a result of similar activities as determined under
 subsection (1)(e).
- (d) The United States environmental protection agency pro-poses to suspend or cancel registration of the pesticide,prohibits or limits the pesticide's sale or use in the state, or

- 1 otherwise initiates action against the pesticide because of
 2 groundwater concerns.
- 3 (2) The director may promulgate a groundwater protection
- 4 rule for a specific pesticide if the pesticide contains an active
- 5 ingredient with a method detection limit greater than its ground-
- 6 water resource response level.
- 7 (3) In determining the need for and scope of a groundwater
- 8 protection rule, the director shall consider the type of contami-
- 9 nant or contaminants and the extent to which any of the following
- 10 apply:
- (a) The source or sources of the contaminant or contaminants
- 12 can be identified.
- (b) An identified source or sources are associated with a
- 14 specific activity, or activities.
- (c) Local response to the contamination is adequate to pro-
- 16 tect groundwater.
- (d) State label restrictions could adequately address the
- 18 problem.
- (e) Restricted use classification could adequately address
- 20 the problem.
- 21 (f) The use, value, and vulnerability of the resource and
- 22 whether the groundwater is a currently or reasonably expected
- 23 source of drinking water.
- 24 (g) Technical and economic feasibility of any mandated prac-
- 25 tices on persons in the region.
- 26 (h) The overall productivity and economic viability of the
- 27 state's agriculture.

- 1 (4) In determining the region of implementation for a
 2 groundwater protection rule, the director shall consider both of
 3 the following:
- 4 (a) The reliability and geographical distribution of ground5 water sample test data.
- 6 (b) The extent to which local aquifer sensitivity conditions
 7 can be considered characteristics of a larger region.
- 8 (5) The director may approve alternative operations to those 9 defined in a groundwater protection rule if they can be shown to 10 be protective of groundwater.
- Sec. 17. If a specific pesticide ingredient for which a groundwater protection rule has been adopted has been confirmed in groundwater at 3 or more sites at levels exceeding the ground-water resource protection level, the director may cancel the registration of pesticides containing that specific pesticide ingredient. In determining the need to cancel pesticide registrations due to groundwater concerns, the director shall consider the degree to which the registrant or registrants are willing to address groundwater concerns associated with their product or products, and the potential effectiveness of additional restrictions, prohibitions, or groundwater protection rule
- Sec. 18. (1) The director may, upon reasonable notice,
 24 require a person to furnish any information that the person may
 25 have relating to the identification, nature, and quantity of pes26 ticides and fertilizers that are or have been used on a
 27 particular site and current or past production practices that may

- 1 have impacted groundwater quality. This information shall be
 2 treated as confidential business information and not subject to
 3 the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of
 4 1976, being sections 15.231 to 15.246 of the Michigan Compiled
- 6 (2) The director may, upon written request, authorize per7 sons to land-apply materials contaminated with pesticides or fer8 tilizers at agronomic rates. This authorization shall prescribe
 9 appropriate operational control activities to protect the appli10 cation location and shall identify both the location of remedia11 tion and the location or locations where such a land application
 12 will take place.
- 13 Sec. 19. (1) A registrant shall pay an annual groundwater
 14 protection fee for each product to be registered. The specialty
 15 pesticide groundwater protection fee is \$100.00 per product.
 16 Groundwater protection fees for all other pesticides are 0.75% of
 17 the previous registration years' sales with a \$150.00 minimum
 18 groundwater protection fee. The minimum groundwater protection
 19 fee is due in the office of the director before July 1. Sales
 20 based groundwater protection fees greater than the \$150.00 mini21 mum are due in the office of the director before October 1 of the
 22 following registration years.
- 23 (2) An additional late fee of \$500.00 shall be paid by the 24 registrant for each pesticide if the pesticide registration is a 25 renewal registration and the groundwater protection fee is 26 received by the department after June 30.

5 Laws.

- 1 (3) A registrant who intends to discontinue a pesticide 2 registration shall do either of the following:
- 3 (a) Terminate further distribution within the state and con-
- 4 tinue to register the pesticide annually for 2 successive years.
- 5 (b) Initiate a recall of the pesticide from distribution in 6 the state within 60 days from the date of notification to the 7 director of intent to discontinue registration.
- 8 (4) A person required to pay a specialty fertilizer or soil 9 conditioner registration fee under the fertilizer Act of 1975, 10 Act No. 198 of the Public Acts of 1975, being sections 286.751 to 11 286.767 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, shall pay an additional 12 \$100.00 groundwater protection fee for each brand and product 13 name of each grade registered.
- (5) Nitrogen fertilizer distributors shall pay an additional 15 \$0.65 groundwater protection fee for each ton of fertilizer 16 sold.
- 17 (6) The department may credit a portion of the previous
 18 years registration fees in proportion to their relative percen19 tage so as to limit the fund to 3.5 million 1992 dollars total
 20 unencumbered funds.
- 21 (7) The department may accept gifts, grants, or requests
 22 from any person, public or private source, federal, state, or
 23 local units of government to further the intent of this act.
- 24 (8) The fees, including any interest or dividends earned,
 25 collected under this act shall be transmitted to the state trea26 surer, who shall credit the money received to the fund.

- 1 Sec. 20. The director shall promulgate rules to implement
- 2 this act, including, but not limited to, groundwater protection
- 3 rules and pesticide registration assessment protocol.

06607'92 Final page. JCB