## SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 129

A bill to amend 1996 PA 381, entitled "Brownfield redevelopment financing act,"

by amending the title and sections 2, 8, 8a, 13, 13b, 13c, 14, 14a, 15, and 16 (MCL 125.2652, 125.2658, 125.2658a, 125.2663, 125.2663b, 125.2663c, 125.2664, 125.2664a, 125.2665, and 125.2666), the title as amended by 2003 PA 259, section 2 as amended by 2022 PA 178, sections 8, 13, 13b, 15, and 16 as amended by 2020 PA 259, section 8a as amended by 2017 PA 46, sections 13c and 14a as amended by 2021 PA 138, and section 14 as amended by 2016 PA 471.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

## TITLE

2 An act to authorize municipalities to create a brownfield3 redevelopment authority to facilitate the implementation of





brownfield plans; to create brownfield redevelopment zones; to 1 promote the revitalization, redevelopment, and reuse of certain 2 property, including, but not limited to, **previously developed**, tax 3 reverted, blighted, or functionally obsolete property; to promote 4 5 the utilization of certain property for housing development; to 6 prescribe the powers and duties of brownfield redevelopment 7 authorities; to permit the issuance of bonds and other evidences of 8 indebtedness by an authority; to authorize the acquisition and 9 disposal of certain property; to authorize certain funds; to 10 prescribe certain powers and duties of certain state officers and 11 agencies; and to authorize and permit the use of certain tax increment financing. 12

13

Sec. 2. As used in this act:

14 (a) "Authority" means a brownfield redevelopment authority15 created under this act.

16 (b) "Baseline environmental assessment" means that term as 17 defined in part 201 or 213.

18 (c) "Blighted" means property that meets any of the following19 criteria as determined by the governing body:

20 (i) Has been declared a public nuisance in accordance with a
21 local housing, building, plumbing, fire, or other related code or
22 ordinance.

23 (*ii*) Is an attractive nuisance to children because of physical24 condition, use, or occupancy.

25 (iii) Is a fire hazard or is otherwise dangerous to the safety26 of persons or property.

27 (*iv*) Has had the utilities, plumbing, heating, or sewerage
28 permanently disconnected, destroyed, removed, or rendered
29 ineffective so that the property is unfit for its intended use.



(v) Is **previously developed or** tax reverted property owned by 1 2 a qualified local governmental unit, by a county, municipality or 3 by this state. The sale, lease, or transfer of **previously developed** or tax reverted property by a qualified local governmental unit, 4 county, municipality or this state after the property's inclusion 5 in a brownfield plan shall does not result in the loss to the 6 7 property of the status as blighted property for purposes of this 8 act.

9 (vi) Is property owned by or under the control of a land bank 10 fast track authority, whether or not located within a qualified 11 local governmental unit. Property included within a brownfield plan 12 prior to before the date it meets the requirements of this 13 subdivision to be eligible property shall be is considered to 14 become eligible property as of the date the property is determined 15 to have been or becomes qualified as, or is combined with, other eligible property. The sale, lease, or transfer of the property by 16 17 a land bank fast track authority after the property's inclusion in 18 a brownfield plan shall does not result in the loss to the property 19 of the status as blighted property for purposes of this act.

(vii) Has substantial buried subsurface demolition debris
present so that the property is unfit for its intended use.

(d) "Board" means the governing body of board that supervises
and controls an authority under section 5.

(e) "Brownfield plan" means a plan that meets the requirements
of section sections 13 and section 13b and is adopted under section
14.

27 (f) "Captured taxable value" means the amount in 1 year by
28 which the current taxable value of an eligible property subject to
29 a brownfield plan, including the taxable value or assessed value,



as appropriate, of the property for which specific taxes are paid
 in lieu of property taxes, exceeds the initial taxable value of
 that eligible property. The state tax commission shall prescribe
 the method for calculating captured taxable value.

5 (g) "Chief executive officer" means the mayor of a city, the
6 village manager of a village, the township supervisor of a
7 township, or the county executive of a county or, if the county
8 does not have an elected county executive, the chairperson of the
9 county board of commissioners.

(h) "Combined brownfield plan" means a brownfield plan that
also includes the information necessary to submit the plan to the
department, Michigan state housing development authority, or
Michigan strategic fund under section 15(20).

14 (i) "Construction period tax capture revenues" means funds 15 equal to the amount of income tax levied and imposed in a calendar year upon on wages paid to individuals physically present and 16 working within the eligible property for the construction, 17 18 renovation, or other improvement of eligible property that is an eligible activity within a transformational brownfield plan. As 19 20 used in this subdivision, "wages" means that term as defined in section 3401 of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 USC 3401. To 21 22 calculate the amount of construction period tax capture revenues 23 for a calendar year under a transformational brownfield plan, the 24 state treasurer shall do all of the following:

(i) Require the owner or developer of the eligible property to report the total taxable wages paid to individuals for the construction, renovation, or other improvement of eligible property that is an eligible activity within the transformational brownfield plan. The wages reported under this subparagraph shall-must exclude



1 any wages paid to employees of the owner or developer.

2 (ii) Multiply the amount under subparagraph (i) by the effective rate as determined by the state treasurer at which the income tax 3 is levied on an individual in this state. The state treasurer shall 4 estimate the effective rate by taking into account the effect of 5 any exemptions, additions, subtractions, and credits allowable 6 7 under part 1 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.1 8 to 206.532. The state treasurer may require the owner or developer 9 to submit any information necessary for the calculation under this 10 subparagraph.

(*iii*) The wage information and other information required under this subdivision shall must be provided to the department of treasury by the owner or developer in a manner prescribed by the state treasurer. The state treasurer may require the owner or developer to provide a review or reconciliation of the wages by an independent auditing firm.

17 (j) "Corrective action" means that term as defined in part 11118 or part 213.

19 (k) "Department" means the department of environment, Great20 Lakes, and energy.

(1) "Department specific activities" means baseline environmental assessments, due care activities, response activities, and other environmentally related actions that are eligible activities and are identified as a part of a brownfield plan that are in addition to the minimum due care activities required by part 201, including, but not limited to:

27 (i) Response activities that are more protective of the public
28 health, safety, and welfare and the environment than required by
29 section 20107a, 20114, or 21304c of the natural resources and



environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20107a,
 324.20114, and 324.21304c.

3 (ii) Removal and closure of underground storage tanks pursuant4 to part 211 or 213.

5 (iii) Disposal of solid waste, as defined in part 115 of the
6 natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451,
7 MCL 324.11501 to 324.11554, 324.11587, from the eligible property,
8 provided it if the solid waste was not generated or accumulated by
9 the authority or the developer.

10

(iv) Dust control related to construction activities.

(v) Removal and disposal of lake or river sediments exceeding part 201 criteria from, at, or related to an economic development project where if the upland property is either a facility or would become a facility as a result of the deposition of dredged spoils.

15 (vi) Industrial cleaning.

16 (vii) Sheeting and shoring necessary for the removal of 17 materials exceeding part 201 criteria at projects requiring a 18 permit pursuant to part 301, 303, or 325 of the natural resources 19 and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.30101 to 324.30113, MCL 324.30301 to 324.30328, or MCL and 324.32501 to 324.32515a.

(viii) Lead, mold, or asbestos abatement when lead, mold, or
asbestos pose an imminent and significant threat to human health.
(ix) Environmental insurance.

(m) "Due care activities" means those response activities identified as part of a brownfield plan that are necessary to allow the owner or operator of an eligible property in the plan to comply with the requirements of section 20107a or 21304c of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL



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**1** 324.20107a and 324.21304c.

2 (n) "Economic opportunity zone" means 1 or more parcels of3 property that meet all of the following:

4

(i) That together are 40 or more acres in size.

5 (ii) That contain or contained a manufacturing operation or an
6 enclosed mall that consists or consisted of 500,000-300,000 or more
7 square feet.

8 (iii) That are located in a municipality that has a population
9 of 30,000 or less and that is contiguous to a qualified local
10 governmental unit.

11 (0) "Eligible activities" or "eligible activity" means 1 or 12 more of the following:

13 (i) For all eligible properties, eligible activities include14 all of the following:

15

(A) Department specific activities.

16 (B) Relocation of public buildings or operations for economic17 development purposes.

18 (C) Reasonable costs of environmental insurance.

(D) Reasonable costs incurred to develop and prepare
brownfield plans, combined brownfield plans, or work plans for the
eligible property, including legal and consulting fees that are not
in the ordinary course of acquiring and developing real estate.

(E) Reasonable costs of brownfield plan and work plan
implementation, including, but not limited to, tracking and
reporting of data and plan compliance, including costs to
implement, monitor, and maintain compliance with the income and
price monitoring responsibilities associated with housing
development activities, and the reasonable costs incurred to
estimate and determine actual costs incurred, whether those costs



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are incurred by a municipality, authority, or private developer.

(F) Demolition of structures or site improvements that is-are not a response activity, including removal of manufactured debris composed of discarded, unused, or unusable manufactured by-products left on the site by a previous owner. The removal of the manufactured by-products left on the site described in this subsubparagraph is not eligible for interest reimbursement under subsubparagraph (H).

9

(G) Lead, asbestos, or mold abatement.

10 (H) Except as otherwise provided in sub-subparagraph (F), the 11 repayment of principal of and interest on any obligation issued by 12 an authority to pay the costs of eligible activities attributable 13 to an eligible property.

(*ii*) For housing property located in a community that has
identified a specific housing need and has absorption data or job
growth data included in the brownfield plan, eligible activities
include all of the following:

18

(A) The activities described in subparagraph (i).

19 (B) Housing development activities.

20 (C) Infrastructure improvements that are necessary for housing21 property and support housing development activities.

(D) Site preparation that is not a response activity and thatsupports housing development activities.

(iii) (ii) For eligible properties located in a qualified local
governmental unit, of government, or an economic opportunity zone,
or that is are a former mill, eligible activities include all of
the following:

28 (A) The activities described in subparagraph (i).

29

(B) Infrastructure improvements that directly benefit eligible



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1 property.

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(C) Site preparation that is not a response activity.

3 (*iv*) (*iii*) For eligible properties that are owned by or under the
4 control of a land bank fast track authority, or a qualified local
5 unit of government municipality or authority, eligible activities
6 include all of the following:

7 (A) The eligible activities described in subparagraphs (i), and
8 (ii), and (iii).

9 (B) Assistance to a land bank fast track authority in clearing
10 or quieting title to, or selling or otherwise conveying, property
11 owned by or under the control of a land bank fast track authority
12 or the acquisition of property by the land bank fast track
13 authority if the acquisition of the property is for economic
14 development purposes.

(C) Assistance to a qualified local governmental unit municipality or authority in clearing or quieting title to, or selling or otherwise conveying, property owned by or under the control of a qualified local governmental unit municipality or authority or the acquisition of property by a qualified local governmental unit or authority if the acquisition of the property is for economic development purposes.

(v) (iv) For eligible activities on eligible property that is included in a transformational brownfield plan, any demolition, construction, restoration, alteration, renovation, or improvement of buildings or site improvements on eligible property, including infrastructure improvements that directly benefit eligible property.

(vi) (v) For eligible activities on eligible property that is a
qualified facility that is not located in a qualified local



1 governmental unit and that is a facility, functionally obsolete, or 2 blighted, the following additional activities:

(A) The activities described in subparagraph (i) .

4 (B) Infrastructure improvements that directly benefit eligible5 property.

6 (C) Site preparation that is not a response activity.

7 (p) "Eligible property" means - except either of the 8 following:

9 (i) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, sub-10 subparagraph (G), property for which eligible activities are 11 identified under a brownfield plan that was used or is currently used for commercial, industrial, public, or residential purposes, 12 13 including personal property located on the property, or former 14 dumps, landfills, and other areas filled with nonnative material, 15 to the extent included in the brownfield plan, and that is meets 1 or more of the following conditions listed in sub-subparagraphs (A) 16 17 to (F):

18 (A) (i)—Is in a qualified local governmental unit and is a 19 facility or a site or property as those terms are defined in part 20 213, historic resource, functionally obsolete, or blighted and 21 includes parcels that are adjacent or contiguous to that property 22 if the development of the adjacent and contiguous parcels is 23 estimated to increase the captured taxable value of that property.

(B) (*ii*)—Is not in a qualified local governmental unit and is a
facility, historic resource, functionally obsolete, blighted, or a
site or property as those terms are defined in part 213, and
includes parcels that are adjacent or contiguous to that property
if the development of the adjacent and contiguous parcels is
estimated to increase the captured taxable value of that property.



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(C) (iii) Is tax reverted property owned by or under the control
 of a land bank fast track authority.

3 (D) (*iv*)—Is a transit-oriented development or transit-oriented
4 property.

5 (E) (v)—Is located in a qualified local governmental unit and
6 contains a targeted redevelopment area.

7 (F) (vi)—Is undeveloped property that was eligible property in
8 a previously approved brownfield plan abolished under section
9 14(8).

(G) (vii) Eligible property does not include qualified
agricultural property exempt under section 7ee of the general
property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ee, from the tax levied by
a local school district for school operating purposes to the extent
provided under section 1211 of the revised school code, 1976 PA
451, MCL 380.1211.

(*ii*) Housing property for which eligible activities are
identified under a brownfield plan, including personal property
located on the property, to the extent included in the brownfield
plan.

20 (q) "Environmental insurance" means liability insurance for
21 environmental contamination and cleanup that is not otherwise
22 required by state or federal law.

(r) "Facility" means that term as defined in part 201.
(s) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the authority.
(t) "Former mill" means a former mill that has not been used
for industrial purposes for the immediately preceding 2 years, that
is not located in a qualified local governmental unit, that is a
facility or is a site or a property as those terms are defined in
part 213, functionally obsolete, or blighted, and that is located



1 within 15 miles of a river that is a federal superfund site listed 2 under the comprehensive environmental response, compensation and 3 liability act of 1980, 42 USC 9601 to 9675, and that is located in 4 a municipality with a population of less than 10,000.

5 (u) "Functionally obsolete" means that the property is unable 6 to be used to adequately perform the function for which it was 7 intended due to a substantial loss in value resulting from factors 8 such as overcapacity, changes in technology, deficiencies or 9 superadequacies in design, or other similar factors that affect the 10 property itself or the property's relationship with other 11 surrounding property.

(v) "Governing body" means the elected body having legislativepowers of a municipality creating an authority under this act.

14 (w) "Historic resource" means that term as defined in section
15 90a of the Michigan strategic fund act, 1984 PA 270, MCL 125.2090a.

16 (x) "Housing development activities" means 1 or more of the 17 following:

18 (i) Reimbursement provided to owners of rental housing units19 for qualified rehabilitation.

20 (*ii*) Costs for infrastructure available for public use and
21 safety improvements necessary for a housing project.

(iii) Costs of demolition and renovation of existing buildings and site preparation, to the extent necessary to accommodate an income qualified purchaser household or income qualified renting household.

26 (*iv*) Temporary household relocation costs for an income
27 qualified household for a period not to exceed 1 year.

(v) Acquisition cost for blighted or obsolete rental units, tothe extent the acquisition would promote rehabilitation or adaptive



reuse of the blighted or obsolete rental unit to accommodate an
 income qualified purchaser household or income qualified renting
 household.

4 (vi) Establishing a reserve, under the control of the authority
5 or a local housing commission for qualified rental assistance
6 payments to income qualified renting households. The reserve must
7 be quantified as part of the post completion determination of
8 eligible costs.

9 (vii) Reimbursement provided to a developer to fill a financing 10 gap associated with the development of housing units priced for 11 income qualified households and to assist with costs related to 12 infrastructure improvements and site preparation that are not a 13 response activity and that are necessary for new housing 14 development for income qualified households on eligible property.

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(y) "Housing property" means 1 or more of the following:

16 (i) A property on which 1 or more units of residential housing17 are proposed to be constructed or rehabilitated.

18 (*ii*) One or more units of residential housing proposed to be
19 constructed or rehabilitated and located in a mixed-use project.

(z) "Income qualified household" means a person, a family, or
unrelated persons living together, whose annual household income is
not more than 120% of the area median income. As used in this
subdivision:

(i) "Area median income" means the median income for the area
as determined under section 8 of the United States housing act of
1937, 42 USC 1437f, adjusted for family size.

27 (*ii*) "Household income" means all income received by all
28 individuals who are not less than 24 years of age when the
29 household income is determined and who reside in a household while



1 members of the household.

2 (aa) "Income qualified purchaser household" means a purchaser3 who is, or who is a member of, an income qualified household.

4 (bb) "Income qualified renting household" means a renter who 5 is, or who is a member of, an income qualified household.

6 (cc) (x) "Income tax" means the tax levied and imposed under
7 part 1 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.1 to
8 206.532.

9 (dd) (y) "Income tax capture revenues" means, with respect to 10 each eligible property subject to a transformational brownfield 11 plan, funds equal to the amount for each tax year by which the aggregate income tax from individuals residing within the eligible 12 property subject to a transformational brownfield plan exceeds the 13 14 initial income tax value. Subject to subparagraph (iii), the state 15 treasurer shall calculate annually the income tax capture revenues 16 associated with each transformational brownfield plan. In 17 calculating income tax capture revenues, the state treasurer shall 18 subtract from the aggregate amount of income tax credits under 19 sections 255, 265, 266, and chapter 9 of the income tax act of 20 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.255, 206.265, 206.266, and 206.501 to 21 206.532. The state treasurer shall require the owner or developer 22 of the eligible property to provide to the department of treasury 23 all of the following information at the end of each calendar year, including the year in which the resolution adding that eligible 24 25 property in the transformational brownfield plan is adopted:

26 (i) A list of addresses for all residential units, rental or27 owner-occupied, within the eligible property.

28 (ii) Any other information that may be necessary to calculate29 the income tax capture revenues. The information required under



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1 this subdivision shall must be provided in a manner prescribed by 2 the state treasurer.

3 (iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this 4 subdivision, in lieu instead of the reporting and calculation methods otherwise provided for, the owner or developer of a 5 transformational brownfield project site may elect to utilize a 6 7 safe harbor method of calculating income tax capture revenues. Under this safe harbor method, the Michigan strategic fund shall 8 9 establish a safe harbor amount of annual income tax capture 10 revenues for each eligible property at the time when the Michigan strategic fund approves the transformational brownfield plan, and 11 12 those amounts shall serve as the basis for the transmittal of 13 income tax capture revenues to the owner or developer of the 14 transformational project site under section 8a(4). The Michigan 15 strategic fund shall establish the safe harbor amount for an 16 eligible property by imputing a standard annual taxable income for 17 households residing within the eligible property or portion of the 18 eligible property. The safe harbor is effective only to the extent 19 that the residential units within the eligible property or portion 20 of the eligible property are actively leased or, in the case of 21 units made available for sale, sold in an arms-length transaction. 22 Imputations as to standard household taxable income may vary based 23 on location and other relevant factors. The Michigan strategic fund may adjust the safe harbor amount for an eligible property, or 24 25 portion of the eligible property, after the time of 26 transformational brownfield plan approval as required to reflect 27 changes in the transformational brownfield plan for the transformational project site that may occur after approval of the 28 transformational brownfield plan, provided that if those changes 29



may do not result in an aggregate increase in the level of income 1 2 tax capture revenues from the amount initially established. The owner or developer of the transformational project site may make 3 the election elect to utilize the safe harbor method of accounting 4 5 at any time prior to before the first reimbursement of income tax 6 capture revenues under the transformational brownfield plan.  $\tau$ 7 provided that an An election to utilize the safe harbor method of 8 accounting, once made, cannot be rescinded.

9 (ee) (z)—"Industrial cleaning" means cleaning or removal of 10 contaminants from within a structure necessary to achieve the 11 intended use of the property.

12 (ff) (aa) "Infrastructure improvements" means a street, road, sidewalk, parking facility, pedestrian mall, alley, bridge, sewer, 13 14 sewage treatment plant, property designed to reduce, eliminate, or 15 prevent the spread of identified soil or groundwater contamination, 16 drainage system, waterway, waterline, water storage facility, rail line, utility line or pipeline, transit-oriented development, 17 18 transit-oriented property, or other similar or related structure or 19 improvement, together with necessary easements for the structure or 20 improvement, owned or used by a public agency or functionally connected to similar or supporting property owned or used by a 21 public agency, or designed and dedicated to use by, for the benefit 22 23 of, or for the protection of the health, welfare, or safety of the public generally, whether or not used by a single business entity, 24 25 provided that if any road, street, or bridge shall be is continuously open to public access and that other property shall be 26 27 is located in public easements or rights-of-way and sized to 28 accommodate reasonably foreseeable development of eligible property 29 in adjoining areas. Infrastructure improvements also include 1 or



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1 more of the following whether publicly or privately owned or 2 operated or located on public or private property:

- **3** (*i*
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(i) Underground parking.

4 (*ii*) Multilevel parking structures.

(*iii*) Urban stormwater management systems.

(gg) (bb) "Initial income tax value" means, with respect to 6 7 each eligible property subject to a transformational brownfield 8 plan, the aggregate amount of income tax less credits under 9 sections 255, 265, 266, and chapter 9 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.255, 206.265, 206.266, and 206.501 to 10 11 206.532, from individuals residing within the eligible property for the tax year in which the resolution adding that eligible property 12 13 in the transformational brownfield plan is adopted.

14 (hh) (cc)-"Initial taxable value" means the taxable value of 15 an eligible property identified in and subject to a brownfield plan 16 at the time the resolution adding that eligible property in the 17 brownfield plan is adopted, as shown either by the most recent 18 assessment roll for which equalization has been completed at the 19 time the resolution is adopted or, if provided by the brownfield 20 plan, by the next assessment roll for which equalization will be completed following the date the resolution adding that eligible 21 22 property in the brownfield plan is adopted. Property exempt from 23 taxation at the time the initial taxable value is determined shall 24 be is included with the initial taxable value of zero. Property for 25 which a specific tax is paid in lieu of property tax shall is not be considered exempt from taxation. The state tax commission shall 26 27 prescribe the method for calculating the initial taxable value of property for which a specific tax was paid in lieu of property tax. 28 29 The initial assessed value may be modified by lowering the initial



assessed value once during the term of the brownfield plan through
 an amendment as provided in section 14 after the tax increment
 financing plan fails to generate captured taxes for 3 consecutive
 years due to declines in assessed value.

5 (ii) (dd)-"Initial withholding tax value" means, with respect 6 to each eligible property subject to a transformational brownfield 7 plan, the amount of income tax withheld under part 3 chapter 17 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.701 to <del>206.713,</del> 8 9 206.715, from individuals employed within the eligible property for 10 the calendar year in which the resolution adding the eligible 11 property to the plan is adopted. The initial withholding tax value shall does not include construction period tax capture revenues. 12

13 (jj) (ee) "Land bank fast track authority" means an authority
14 created under the land bank fast track act, 2003 PA 258, MCL
15 124.751 to 124.774.

16 (kk) (ff) "Local taxes" means all taxes levied other than 17 taxes levied for school operating purposes.

18 (*ll*) "Michigan state housing development authority" means the 19 Michigan state housing development authority created in section 21 20 of the state housing development authority act of 1966, 1966 PA 21 346, MCL 125.1421.

(mm) (gg) "Michigan strategic fund" means the Michigan
strategic fund created under the Michigan strategic fund act, 1984
PA 270, MCL 125.2001 to 125.2094.

25 (nn) (hh)—"Mixed-use" means a real estate project with planned 26 integration of some combination of retail, office, residential, or 27 hotel uses.

(oo) (ii) "Municipality" means all of the following:

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(*i*) A city.



1 (*ii*) A village.

2 (iii) A township in those areas of the township that are outside3 of a village.

4 (*iv*) A township in those areas of the township that are in a
5 village upon on the concurrence by resolution of the village in
6 which the zone would be located.

**7** (*v*) A county.

8 (pp) (jj) "Owned by or under the control of" means that a land
9 bank fast track authority, a municipality, or a qualified local
10 governmental unit of government has 1 or more of the following:

11 (i) An ownership interest in the property.

12 (*ii*) A tax lien on the property.

13 (*iii*) A tax deed to the property.

14 (*iv*) A contract with this state or a political subdivision of15 this state to enforce a lien on the property.

16 (v) A right to collect delinquent taxes, penalties, or17 interest on the property.

18 (vi) The ability to exercise its authority over the property.
19 (qq) (kk) "Part 111", "part 201", "part 211", or "part 213"

(qq) (kk)—"Part 111", "part 201", "part 211", or "part 213"
means that part as described as follows:

(i) Part 111 of the natural resources and environmental
 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.11101 to 324.11153.

23 (ii) Part 201 of the natural resources and environmental
24 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101 to 324.20142.

25 (iii) Part 211 of the natural resources and environmental
26 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.21101 to 324.21113.

27 (*iv*) Part 213 of the natural resources and environmental
28 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.21301a to 324.21334.



(rr) "Previously developed property" means property that was
 part of an existing developed residential, commercial, or
 industrial zone and contained a structure serviced by utilities, or
 former dumps, landfills, and other areas filled with nonnative
 material.

6 (ss) (H)—"Qualified facility" means a landfill facility area
7 of 15 or more contiguous acres that is located in a city and that
8 contains, contained, or is adjacent to a landfill, a material
9 recycling facility, or an asphalt plant that is no longer in
10 operation.

11 (tt) (mm) "Qualified local governmental unit" means that term
12 as defined in the obsolete property rehabilitation act, 2000 PA
13 146, MCL 125.2781 to 125.2797.

14 (uu) "Qualified rehabilitation" means rehabilitation of 15 existing structures that is necessary to make a housing unit 16 suitable for sale to an income qualified purchaser household or 17 rent to an income qualified renting household. Qualified 18 rehabilitation also includes proposed rehabilitation that will 19 bring the structure into conformance with minimum local building 20 code standards for occupancy or improve the livability of the units 21 while meeting minimum local building code standards.

(vv) (nn) "Qualified taxpayer" means that term as defined in
sections 38d and 38g of former 1975 PA 228, or section 437 of the
Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1437, or a recipient
of a community revitalization incentive as described in section 90a
of the Michigan strategic fund act, 1984 PA 270, MCL 125.2090a.
(ww) (oo) "Release" means that term as defined in part 201 or

**28** part 213.

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(xx) (pp) "Response activity" means either of the following:



(i) Response activity as that term is defined in part 201. 1 2 (*ii*) Corrective action. (yy) (qq) "Specific taxes" means a all of the following: 3 4 (i) A tax levied under any of the following: (A) 1974 PA 198, MCL 207.551 to 207.572. ; the 5 6 (B) The commercial redevelopment act, 1978 PA 255, MCL 207.651 7 to 207.668. ; the (C) The enterprise zone act, 1985 PA 224, MCL 125.2101 to 8 9 125.2123. ÷ (D) 1953 PA 189, MCL 211.181 to 211.182. ; the 10 11 (E) The technology park development act, 1984 PA 385, MCL 207.701 to 207.718. ; the 12 (F) The obsolete property rehabilitation act, 2000 PA 146, MCL 13 125.2781 to 125.2797. ; the 14 15 (G) The neighborhood enterprise zone act, 1992 PA 147, MCL 207.771 to 207.786. ; the 16 (H) The commercial rehabilitation act, 2005 PA 210, MCL 17 18 207.841 to 207.856. ; or that 19 (I) The attainable housing facilities act, 2022 PA 236, MCL 20 207.901 to 207.916. 21 (J) The residential housing facilities act, 2022 PA 237, MCL 22 207.951 to 207.966. 23 (ii) That portion of the tax levied under the tax reverted 24 clean title act, 2003 PA 260, MCL 211.1021 to 211.1025a, that is not required to be distributed to a land bank fast track authority. 25 26 (zz) (rr)-"State brownfield redevelopment fund" means the 27 state brownfield redevelopment fund created in section 8a. 28 (aaa) (ss)-"Targeted redevelopment area" means not fewer than 29 40 and not more than 500 contiguous parcels of real property



located in a gualified local governmental unit and designated as a 1 targeted redevelopment area by resolution of the governing body and 2 approved by the Michigan strategic fund. A gualified local 3 governmental unit is limited to designating no more than 2 targeted 4 5 redevelopment areas for the purposes of this section in a calendar 6 year. The Michigan strategic fund may approve no more than 5 7 targeted redevelopment areas for the purposes of this section in a 8 calendar year.

(bbb) (tt) "Tax increment revenues" means the amount of ad 9 10 valorem property taxes and specific taxes attributable to the 11 application of the levy of all taxing jurisdictions upon on the captured taxable value of each parcel of eligible property subject 12 to a brownfield plan and personal property located on that 13 14 property, regardless of whether those taxes began to be levied 15 after the brownfield plan was adopted. Tax increment revenues do not include any of the following: 16

17 (i) Ad valorem property taxes specifically levied for the
18 payment of principal of and interest on either obligations approved
19 by the electors or obligations pledging the unlimited taxing power
20 of the local governmental unit, and specific taxes attributable to
21 those ad valorem property taxes.

22 (ii) For tax increment revenues attributable to eligible 23 property, also exclude the amount of ad valorem property taxes or 24 specific taxes captured by a downtown development authority under 25 part 2 of the recodified tax increment financing act, 2018 PA 57, 26 MCL 125.4201 to 125.4230, tax increment finance authority under the tax increment finance authority act, part 3 of the recodified tax 27 28 increment financing act, 2018 PA 57, MCL 125.4301 to 125.4329, 29 corridor improvement authority under part 6 of the recodified tax



increment financing act, 2018 PA 57, MCL 125.4602 to 125.4629, or local development finance authority under part 4 of the recodified tax increment financing act, 2018 PA 57, MCL 125.4401 to 125.4420, if those taxes were captured by these other authorities on the date that eligible property became subject to a brownfield plan under this act, unless these other authorities agree to forgo or transfer their taxes in support of the brownfield plan.

8 (iii) Ad valorem property taxes levied under 1 or more of the
9 following or specific taxes attributable to those ad valorem
10 property taxes:

11 (A) The zoological authorities act, 2008 PA 49, MCL 123.116112 to 123.1183.

13 (B) The art institute authorities act, 2010 PA 296, MCL14 123.1201 to 123.1229.

15 (ccc) (uu) "Taxable value" means the value determined under 16 section 27a of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 17 211.27a.

18 (ddd) (vv) "Taxes levied for school operating purposes" means 19 all of the following:

20 (i) The taxes levied by a local school district for operating21 purposes.

22 (*ii*) The taxes levied under the state education tax act, 1993
23 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906.

24 (iii) That portion of specific taxes attributable to taxes
25 described under subparagraphs (i) and (ii).

(eee) (ww)—"Transformational brownfield plan" means a brownfield plan that meets the requirements of section 13c and is adopted under section 14a and, as designated by resolution of the governing body and approved by the Michigan strategic fund, will



have a transformational impact on local economic development and 1 community revitalization based on the extent of brownfield 2 redevelopment and growth in population, commercial activity, and 3 employment that will result from the plan. To be designated a 4 transformational brownfield plan, a transformational brownfield 5 6 plan under this subdivision shall must be for mixed-use development 7 unless waived by the Michigan strategic fund as provided under 8 section 14a(26) and shall must be expected to result in the 9 following levels of capital investment:

10 (i) In a municipality that is not a county and that has a
11 population of at least not less than 600,000, \$500,000,000.00.

12 (ii) In a municipality that is not a county and that has a 13 population of at least not less than 150,000 and not more than 14 599,999, \$100,000,000.00.

15 (*iii*) In a municipality that is not a county and that has a 16 population of at least not less than 100,000 and not more than 17 149,999, \$75,000,000.00.

18 (*iv*) In a municipality that is not a county and that has a 19 population of at least not less than 50,000 and not more than 20 99,999, \$50,000,000.00.

(v) In a municipality that is not a county and that has a
population of at least not less than 25,000 and not more than
49,999, \$25,000,000.00.

(vi) In a municipality that is not a county and that has a
population of less than 25,000, \$15,000,000.00.

(fff) (xx)—"Transit-oriented development" means infrastructure improvements that are located within 1/2 mile of a transit station or transit-oriented property that promotes transit ridership or passenger rail use as determined by the board and approved by the



1 municipality in which it is located.

2 (ggg) (yy) "Transit-oriented property" means property that
3 houses a transit station in a manner that promotes transit
4 ridership or passenger rail use.

(hhh) (zz) "Withholding tax capture revenues" means, with 5 6 respect to each eligible property subject to a transformational 7 brownfield plan, the amount for each calendar year by which the income tax withheld under part 3 chapter 17 of the income tax act 8 9 of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.701 to 206.713, 206.715, from 10 individuals employed within the eligible property exceeds the 11 initial withholding tax value. Withholding tax capture revenues shall do not include income tax from individuals domiciled within 12 the eligible property or construction period tax capture revenues. 13 14 To calculate withholding tax capture revenues for a calendar year 15 under a transformational brownfield plan, the state treasurer or the Michigan strategic fund shall do all of the following: 16

(i) The state treasurer shall require the owner or developer of the eligible property to provide the department of treasury with notice not more than 10 days from the date an employer commences or terminates occupancy within the eligible property. As used in this subdivision, "employer" means that term as defined in section 8 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.8.

(ii) The state treasurer shall develop methods and processes
that are necessary for each employer occupying the eligible
property to report the amount of withholding under part 3 chapter
17 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.701 to
206.713, 206.715, from individuals employed within the eligible
property.

29

(iii) The Michigan strategic fund shall include the following



provisions in the development or reimbursement agreement for any
 transformational brownfield plan that utilizes withholding tax
 capture revenues:

4 (A) That the owner or developer of the eligible property shall
5 require each employer occupying the eligible property to comply
6 with the reporting requirements under this section through a
7 contract requirement, lease requirement, or other such similar
8 means.

9 (B) That reimbursement of withholding tax capture revenues is
10 limited to amounts that are reported in accordance with part 3
11 chapter 17 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.701
12 to 206.713, 206.715, and this state has no obligation with respect
13 to withholding tax capture revenues that are not reported or paid.

14 (iv) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this 15 subdivision, in licu instead of the reporting and calculation methods otherwise provided for, the owner or developer of a 16 17 transformational project site may elect to utilize a safe harbor 18 method of calculating withholding tax capture revenues. Under this 19 safe harbor method, the Michigan strategic fund shall establish a 20 safe harbor amount of annual withholding tax capture revenues for 21 each eligible property at the time when the Michigan strategic fund 22 approves the transformational brownfield plan, and those amounts 23 shall serve as the basis for the transmittal of withholding tax capture revenues to the owner or developer of the transformational 24 25 project site under section 8a(4). The Michigan strategic fund shall 26 establish the safe harbor amount for an eligible property by 27 imputing a standard level of employee occupancy that corresponds to the size and use of the eligible property or portion of the 28 eligible property and a safe harbor average annual taxable wage for 29



the individuals employed within the eligible property or portion of 1 the eligible property. The safe harbor shall be is effective only 2 to the extent the eligible property or portion of the eligible 3 property is actively occupied, as evidenced by the existence of a 4 binding lease agreement or similar instrument. Imputations as to 5 6 occupancy and wages may vary between projects based on location, 7 the type and use of the eligible property, and other relevant 8 factors. The Michigan strategic fund may adjust the safe harbor 9 amount for an eligible property, or portion of the eligible 10 property, after the time of plan approval as required to reflect 11 changes in the transformational brownfield plan for the transformational project site that may occur after approval of the 12 transformational brownfield plan, provided that any of if those 13 14 changes may do not result in an aggregate increase in the level of 15 withholding tax capture revenues from the amount initially 16 established. The owner or developer of the transformational project site may make the election elect to utilize the safe harbor method 17 18 of accounting at any time prior to before the first reimbursement 19 of withholding tax capture revenues under the plan. , provided that 20 an An election to utilize the safe harbor method of accounting, once made, cannot be rescinded. 21

(iii) (aaa)—"Work plan" means a plan that describes each
individual activity to be conducted to complete eligible activities
and the associated costs of each individual activity.

25 (jjj) (bbb) "Zone" means, for an authority established before
26 June 6, 2000, a brownfield redevelopment zone designated under this
27 act.

28 Sec. 8. (1) An authority may establish a local brownfield
29 revolving fund. A local brownfield revolving fund shall may consist



1 of funds deposited from the following sources:

2 (a) Funds appropriated or otherwise made available from public3 or private sources.

4 (b) Local tax and school operating tax increment revenue
5 captured in excess of the amount authorized for eligible expenses
6 under section 13(4) only when if all of the following conditions
7 are met:

8 (i) The excess capture occurs during the time of capture for
9 the purpose of paying the costs permitted under section 13(4), or
10 for not more than 5 years after the time that capture is required
11 for the purpose of paying the costs permitted under section 13(4),
12 or both.

13 (*ii*) The excess local tax capture shall does not exceed the
14 total of the cost of eligible activities approved in the brownfield
15 plan.

16 (*iii*) The excess capture of taxes for school operating purposes 17 shall does not exceed the total of the cost of eligible department 18 specific activities approved in the applicable brownfield plan, 19 combined brownfield plan, or work plan, . The and the total excess 20 tax capture shall does not exceed the total of the cost of eligible 21 activities approved in the brownfield plan.

(iv) Excess tax increment revenues from taxes levied for school operating purposes for eligible activities authorized under section 13b(4) by the Michigan strategic fund shall or the Michigan state housing development authority are not be captured for deposit in the local brownfield revolving fund.

27 (2) The capture of school operating tax increment revenue
28 described in subsection (1) (b) is subject to the 50% capture
29 specified in section 13b(14).



(3) The tax increment revenues from eligible property for
 deposit in the local brownfield revolving fund may include tax
 increment revenues attributable to taxes levied for school
 operating purposes in an amount not greater than the tax increment
 revenues levied for school operating purposes captured from the
 eligible property pursuant to section 13(4).

7 (4) The local brownfield revolving fund may be used only to
8 pay the costs of eligible activities on property that is located
9 within the municipality and meets at least 1 of the conditions
10 under section 2(0). 2(p), regardless of whether or not the property
11 is included in a brownfield plan. However, activities outlined in
12 section 13b(8) may be conducted and funded on prospective
13 properties.

14 (5) An authority or a municipality on behalf of an authority
15 may incur an obligation for the purpose of funding a local
16 brownfield revolving fund.

17 Sec. 8a. (1) The state brownfield redevelopment fund is 18 created as a revolving fund within the department of treasury to be 19 administered as provided in this section. The state treasurer shall 20 direct the investment of the state brownfield redevelopment fund. Money in the state brownfield redevelopment fund at the close of 21 the fiscal year shall remain remains in the state brownfield 22 23 redevelopment fund and shall does not lapse to the general fund. 24 (2) The state treasurer shall credit to the fund money from

25 the following sources:

26 (a) All amounts deposited into the state brownfield27 redevelopment fund under subsection (4) and section 13b(14).

(b) The proceeds from repayment of a loan, including interest
on those repayments, under subsection (3) (c) (vi).



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(c) Interest on funds deposited into the state brownfield
 redevelopment fund.

3 (d) Money obtained from any other source authorized by law.
4 (3) The state brownfield redevelopment fund may be used only
5 for the following purposes:

6 (a) Up to 15% of the amounts deposited annually into the state
7 brownfield redevelopment fund may be used to pay administrative
8 costs of all of the following:

9

(i) The Michigan strategic fund to implement this act.

10 (*ii*) The department to implement this act.

11 (*iii*) The department to implement part 196 of the natural
12 resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL
13 324.19601 to 324.19616.

14

(iv) The department of treasury to implement this act.

(b) To make deposits into the clean Michigan initiative bond fund under section 19606(2)(d) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.19606, for use in providing grants and loans under section 19608(1)(a)(*iv*) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.19608.

(c) To fund a grant and loan program created and operated by the Michigan strategic fund for the costs of eligible activities described in section 13b(4) on eligible properties. The grant and loan program shall must provide for all of the following:

(i) The Michigan strategic fund shall create and operate a grant and loan program to provide grants and loans to fund eligible activities described in section 13b(4) on eligible property. The Michigan strategic fund shall develop and use a detailed application, approval, and compliance process adopted by resolution



of the board of the Michigan strategic fund. This process shall
must be published and available on the Michigan strategic fund
website. Program standards, guidelines, templates, or any other
forms to implement the grant and loan program shall must be
approved by the board of the Michigan strategic fund. The Michigan
strategic fund may delegate its approval authority under this
subsection to a designee.

8 (ii) A person may apply to the Michigan strategic fund for
9 approval of a grant or loan to fund eligible activities described
10 in section 13b(4) on eligible property.

11 (iii) The Michigan strategic fund shall approve or deny an 12 application not more than 60 days after receipt of an 13 administratively complete application. If the application is 14 neither approved nor denied within 60 days, it shall must be 15 considered by the board of the Michigan strategic fund, or its designee if delegated, for action at, or by, the next regularly 16 17 scheduled board meeting. The Michigan strategic fund may delegate 18 the approval or denial of an application to the chairperson of the 19 Michigan strategic fund or other designees determined by the board.

(*iv*) When-If an application is approved under this subsection, the Michigan strategic fund shall enter into a written agreement with the applicant. The written agreement shall must provide all the conditions imposed on the applicant and the terms of the grant or loan. The written agreement shall must also provide for penalties if the applicant fails to comply with the provisions of the written agreement.

(v) After the Michigan strategic fund and the applicant have
entered into a written agreement under subparagraph (*iv*), the
Michigan strategic fund shall distribute the proceeds to the



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applicant according to the terms of the written agreement.

2 (vi) Any proceeds from repayment of a loan, including interest
3 on those repayments, under this subsection shall must be paid into
4 the state brownfield redevelopment fund or to the fund from which
5 the loan was generated, as defined in subsection (3) (b) and
6 (c).described in subdivision (b) and this subdivision.

7 (d) To distribute construction period tax capture revenues,
8 withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues
9 in accordance with a transformational brownfield plan under
10 subsection (4).

(e) To distribute revenue deposited in the state brownfield redevelopment fund from a brownfield plan that includes housing development activities and that was approved by the Michigan state housing development authority under section 13b(4)(b) to the housing development fund created in section 23 of the state housing development authority act of 1966, 1966 PA 346, MCL 125.1423.

17 (4) The state treasurer shall deposit annually from the 18 general fund into the state brownfield redevelopment fund an amount 19 equal to the construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues due to be 20 transmitted under all transformational brownfield plans. The 21 22 department of treasury shall distribute the construction period tax 23 capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax 24 capture revenues to an authority, or to the owner or developer of 25 the eligible property to which the revenues are attributable, in 26 accordance with section 16(8) and the terms of the written 27 development or reimbursement agreement for each transformational brownfield plan. Amounts transferred into the state brownfield 28 redevelopment fund attributable to a specific transformational 29



brownfield plan shall must be accounted for separately within the state brownfield redevelopment fund and shall must not be used for any other purpose or activity under this section or for any transformational brownfield plan other than the plan to which the revenues are attributable or for the additional administrative costs under this section associated with the implementation of a transformational brownfield plan.

8 Sec. 13. (1) When adopting a brownfield plan, the board shall9 comply with the notice and approval provisions of section 14.

10 (2) Subject to section 15, the board may implement a 11 brownfield plan. The brownfield plan may apply to 1 or more parcels of eligible property whether or not those parcels of eligible 12 property are contiguous and may be amended to apply to additional 13 14 parcels of eligible property. Except as otherwise authorized by 15 this act, if more than 1 eligible property is included within the plan, the tax increment revenues under the plan shall must be 16 17 determined individually for each eligible property. Each plan or an 18 amendment to a plan shall must be approved by the governing body of 19 the municipality and shall must contain all of the following:

(a) A description of the costs of the plan intended to be paid
for with the tax increment revenues or, for a plan for eligible
properties qualified on the basis that the property is owned by or
under the control of a land bank fast track authority, a listing of
all eligible activities that may be conducted for 1 or more of the
eligible properties subject to the plan.

(b) A brief summary of the eligible activities that are
proposed for each eligible property or, for a plan for eligible
properties qualified on the basis that the property is owned by or
under the control of a land bank fast track authority, a brief



summary of eligible activities conducted for 1 or more of the
 eligible properties subject to the plan.

(c) An estimate of the captured taxable value and tax 3 increment revenues for each year of the plan from the eligible 4 5 property. The plan may provide for the use of part or all of the 6 captured taxable value, including deposits in the local brownfield 7 revolving fund, but the portion intended to be used shall must be 8 clearly stated in the plan. The plan shall must not provide either 9 for an exclusion from captured taxable value of a portion of the 10 captured taxable value or for an exclusion of the tax levy of 1 or 11 more taxing jurisdictions unless the tax levy is excluded from tax 12 increment revenues in section  $\frac{2(ss)}{2}$  (bbb), or unless the tax levy is excluded from capture under section 15. 13

14 (d) The method by which the costs of the plan will be 15 financed, including a description of any advances made or 16 anticipated to be made for the costs of the plan from the 17 municipality.

18 (e) The maximum amount of note or bonded indebtedness to be 19 incurred, if any.

20 (f) The proposed beginning date and duration of capture of tax
21 increment revenues for each eligible property as determined under
22 section 13b(16).

(g) An estimate of the future tax revenues of all taxing
jurisdictions in which the eligible property is located to be
generated during the term of the plan.

(h) A legal description of the eligible property to which the
plan applies, a map showing the location and dimensions of each
eligible property, a statement of the characteristics that qualify
the property as eligible property, and a statement of whether



personal property is included as part of the eligible property. If the project is on property that is functionally obsolete, the taxpayer shall include, with the application, an affidavit signed by a level 3 or level 4 assessor, that states that it is the assessor's expert opinion that the property is functionally obsolete and the underlying basis for that opinion.

7 (i) Estimates of the number of persons residing on each 8 eligible property to which the plan applies and the number of 9 families and individuals to be displaced. If occupied residences 10 are designated for acquisition and clearance by the authority, the 11 plan shall must include a demographic survey of the persons to be displaced, a statistical description of the housing supply in the 12 community, including the number of private and public units in 13 14 existence or under construction, the condition of those in 15 existence, the number of owner-occupied and renter-occupied units, 16 the annual rate of turnover of the various types of housing and the 17 range of rents and sale prices, an estimate of the total demand for 18 housing in the community, and the estimated capacity of private and public housing available to displaced families and individuals. 19

20 (j) A plan for establishing priority for the relocation of21 persons displaced by implementation of the plan.

(k) Provision for the costs of relocating persons displaced by implementation of the plan, and financial assistance and reimbursement of expenses, including litigation expenses and expenses incident to the transfer of title, in accordance with the standards and provisions of the uniform relocation assistance and real property acquisition policies act of 1970, Public Law 91-646. (*l*) A strategy for compliance with 1972 PA 227, MCL 213.321 to

**29** 213.332.



(m) Other material that the authority or governing body
 considers pertinent to the brownfield plan.

(3) When If taxes levied for school operating purposes are 3 4 subject to capture under section 15, the percentage of school 5 operating tax increment revenues captured relating to a parcel of 6 eligible property under a brownfield plan shall must not be greater 7 than the percentage of local tax increment revenues that are 8 captured under the brownfield plan relating to that parcel of 9 eligible property, unless there is another approved local 10 contribution to the project that provides a value reasonably 11 equivalent to that percentage of local capture.

12 (4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5) and 13 sections 8, 13b(4) and (5), and 13c(12), tax increment revenues 14 related to a brownfield plan shall must be used only for 1 or more 15 of the following:

16 (a) Costs of eligible activities attributable to the eligible17 property that produces the tax increment revenues.

(b) Eligible activities attributable to any eligible property
for property that is owned by or under the control of a land bank
fast track authority or a qualified local governmental unit. of
government.

(5) A brownfield plan may only authorize the capture of tax 22 23 increment revenue from eligible property until the year in which 24 the total amount of tax increment revenues captured is equal to the 25 sum of the costs permitted to be funded with tax increment revenues 26 under this act or for not more than 30 years from the beginning 27 date of the capture of the tax increment revenues for that eligible property, whichever occurs first. A brownfield plan may authorize 28 29 the capture of additional local and school operating tax increment



revenue from an eligible property for the local brownfield
 revolving fund created under section 8 during 1 or more of the
 following time frames:

4 (a) The time of capture described in this subsection for the
5 purpose of paying the costs permitted under subsection (4) or
6 section 13b(4).

7 (b) For not more than 5 years after the date specified in8 subdivision (a).

9 Sec. 13b. (1) An authority shall not expend tax increment
10 revenues to acquire or prepare eligible property unless the
11 acquisition or preparation is an eligible activity.

(2) An authority shall not enter into agreements with the 12 taxing jurisdictions and the governing body of the municipality to 13 14 share a portion of the taxes captured from an eligible property 15 under this act, unless the agreement is related to another tax 16 increment finance authority that has been established under the recodified tax increment finance act, 2018 PA 57, MCL 125.4101 to 17 18 125.4915, forgoing or transferring its tax capture to allow an 19 authority to instead capture and utilize those taxes to pay for the 20 eligible activities for an eligible property and only for a period of time not to exceed the duration of the plan for that eligible 21 22 property. Upon On adoption of the plan, the collection and 23 transmission of the amount of tax increment revenues as specified 24 in this act shall be are binding on all taxing units levying ad 25 valorem property taxes or specific taxes against property located 26 in the zone.

27 (3) Tax increment revenues captured from taxes levied by this
28 state under the state education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901
29 to 211.906, or taxes levied by a local school district shall must



not be used to assist a land bank fast track authority with
 clearing or quieting title, acquiring, selling, or conveying
 property, except as provided in subsection (4).

4 (4) If a brownfield plan includes the use of taxes levied for
5 school operating purposes captured from an eligible property for
6 eligible activities that are not department specific activities,
7 then 1 or more of the following apply:

8 (a) A combined brownfield plan or a work plan shall must be
9 approved by the Michigan strategic fund and a development agreement
10 or reimbursement agreement between the municipality or authority
11 and an owner or developer of eligible property is required before
12 such tax increment may be used for infrastructure any of the

13 following:

14 (i) Infrastructure improvements that directly benefit eligible
15 property. , demolition

18 (iii) Lead, mold, or asbestos abatement that is not a department
19 specific activity. - site

20 (*iv*) Site preparation that is not response activity. *τ* 21 relocation

(v) Relocation of public buildings or operations for economic
 development purposes. , or acquisition

24 (vi) Acquisition of property by a land bank fast track
25 authority if acquisition of the property is for economic
26 development purposes.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, if the work plan or combined brownfield plan is requesting reimbursement for housing development activities, the work plan or combined



brownfield plan must be approved by the Michigan state housing 1 2 development authority and a development agreement or reimbursement 3 agreement between the municipality or authority and an owner or 4 developer of eligible property that stipulates price and income 5 monitoring for residential units is required before such tax 6 increment may be used for housing development activities. A work 7 plan or combined brownfield plan is not required to be approved by 8 the Michigan state housing development authority under this 9 subdivision if all of the housing property for which housing 10 development activities are identified under the plan will be sold 11 or rented at a market rate and will not be subsidized.

(c) (b) Approval of a combined brownfield plan or a work plan by the Michigan strategic fund in the manner required under section 14 15(12) to (14) or (20) is required in order to use the tax 15 increment revenues to assist a land bank fast track authority or qualified local governmental unit with clearing or quieting title, acquiring, selling, or conveying property.

(d) (c) The combined brownfield plan or work plan to be
submitted to the Michigan strategic fund or Michigan state housing
development authority under this subsection shall must be in a form
prescribed by the Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan state
housing development authority, as applicable.

(e) (d) The eligible activities to be conducted and described
in this subsection shall must be consistent with the combined
brownfield plan or work plan submitted by the authority to the
Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan state housing development
authority, or both, as applicable.

28 (f) (e) The department's approval is not required for the
29 capture of taxes levied for school operating purposes for eligible



1 activities described in this section.

2 (5) If a brownfield plan includes the use of taxes levied for
3 school operating purposes captured from eligible property for
4 department specific activities, a combined brownfield plan or a
5 work plan must be approved by the department with the exception of
6 those activities identified in subsections (8) and (9).

7

(6) An authority shall not do any of the following:

8 (a) Use taxes captured from eligible property to pay for
9 eligible activities conducted before approval of the brownfield
10 plan.

(b) Use taxes captured from eligible property to pay for administrative and operating activities of the authority or the municipality on behalf of the authority for activities, other than those identified in subsection (7).

15 (c) Use taxes levied for school operating purposes captured 16 from eligible property for activities other than those identified 17 in subsections (4), (5), and (12).

(d) Use construction period tax capture revenues, withholding
tax capture revenues, or income tax capture revenues to pay for
eligible activities conducted before approval of the
transformational brownfield plan except for costs described in
section 13c(10).

(e) Use construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues for any expense other than as provided for in section 13c(2), except for the reasonable costs for preparing a transformational brownfield plan and the additional administrative and operating expenses of the authority or municipality as are specifically associated with the implementation of a transformational brownfield plan. For



purposes of this subsection, the reasonable costs of preparing a transformational brownfield plan include the reasonable costs of preparing an associated work plan, combined brownfield plan, and development or reimbursement agreement.

5 (7) An authority may use taxes captured from eligible property
6 to pay for the administrative and operating costs under 1 or more
7 of the following:

8 (a) Local taxes captured may be used for 1 or more of the9 following administrative and operating purposes:

(i) Reasonable and actual administrative and operating expenses
 of the authority, including costs to implement, monitor, and
 maintain compliance with the income and price monitoring
 responsibilities associated with housing development activities.

14 (*ii*) Department specific activities conducted by or on behalf 15 of the authority related directly to work conducted on prospective 16 eligible properties prior to before approval of the brownfield 17 plan.

18 (*iii*) Reasonable costs of developing and preparing brownfield
19 plans, combined plans, or work plans for which tax increment
20 revenues may be used under subsection (4), including, but not
21 limited to, legal both of the following:

(A) Legal and consulting fees that are not in the ordinarycourse of acquiring and developing real estate.

(B) Fees and expenses, including licensing, permitting,
planning, engineering, architectural, testing, legal, and
accounting fees, not described in sub-subparagraph (A).

27 (*iv*) Reasonable cost of brownfield plan or work plan
28 implementation, including, but not limited to, tracking and
29 reporting data and plan compliance and costs to implement, monitor,



and maintain compliance with the income and price monitoring
 responsibilities associated with housing development activities.

3 (b) Taxes levied for school operating purposes may be used for4 1 or more of the following administrative and operating purposes:

5 (i) Reasonable costs of developing and preparing brownfield
6 plans, combined brownfield plans, or work plans for which tax
7 increment revenues may be used under section 13(4), including, but
8 not limited to, legal both of the following:

9 (A) Legal and consulting fees that are not in the ordinary
10 course of acquiring and developing real estate, not to exceed
11 \$30,000.00.

(B) Fees and expenses, including licensing, permitting,
planning, engineering, architectural, testing, legal, and
accounting fees, not described in sub-subparagraph (A).

(*ii*) Reasonable costs of brownfield plan or work plan implementation, including, but not limited to, tracking and reporting of data and plan compliance, and costs to implement, monitor, and maintain compliance with the income and price monitoring responsibilities associated with housing development activities, not to exceed \$30,000.00.\$50,000.00.

(c) In each fiscal year of the authority, the amount of tax increment revenues attributable to local taxes that an authority can may use for the purposes described in subdivisions (a) and (b) shall be is determined as follows:

25 (*i*) For authorities that have 5 or fewer active projects,
 \$100,000.00.\$125,000.00.

27 (*ii*) For authorities that have 6 or more but fewer than 11
28 active projects, \$125,000.00.\$165,000.00.

29

(iii) For authorities that have 11 or more but fewer than 16



1

active projects, <del>\$150,000.00.</del> **\$200,000.00**.

2 (*iv*) For authorities that have 16 or more but fewer than 21
3 active projects, \$175,000.00.\$225,000.00.

4 (v) For authorities that have 21 or more but fewer than 26
5 active projects, \$200,000.00.\$250,000.00.

6 (vi) For authorities that have 26 or more but fewer than 31
7 active projects, \$300,000.00.\$400,000.00.

8 (vii) For authorities that have 31 or more but fewer than 54
9 active projects, \$500,000.00.\$650,000.00.

10 (viii) For authorities that have 54 or more but fewer than 74
11 active projects, \$700,000.00.\$900,000.00.

12 (*ix*) For authorities that have 74 or more but fewer than 99
13 active projects, \$900,000.00.\$1,400,000.00.

14 (x) For authorities that have 99 or more active projects, 15 \$1,000,000.00.\$2,000,000.00.

16 (d) Nothing contained in this This subsection shall does not
17 limit the amount of funds that may be granted, loaned, or expended
18 by a local brownfield revolving fund for eligible activities.

19 (e) As used in this subsection, "active project" means either 20 a project in for which the authority is currently capturing taxes 21 under this act or a project for which an authority has ongoing 22 obligations to implement, monitor, or maintain compliance with the 23 income and price monitoring responsibilities associated with 24 housing development activities, or both. The amounts of tax 25 increment revenues attributable to local taxes listed in this subsection that an authority can use for the purposes described in 26 this subsection may be increased by 2% for each written agreement 27 28 entered into by an authority in either of the following situations 29 up to a total maximum increase of 10%:



(i) The authority is an authority established by a county and
 that authority enters into a written agreement with 1 or more
 municipalities within that county to serve as the only authority
 for those other municipalities.

5 (ii) The authority enters into a written agreement with 1 or
6 more other authorities to administer 1 or more administrative
7 operations of those other authorities.

8 (8) The limitations of subsections (4), (5), and (6) upon on
9 the use of taxes levied for school operating purposes shall do not
10 apply to the costs of 1 or more of the following incurred by a
11 person other than the authority:

12 (a) Site investigation activities required to conduct a
13 baseline environmental assessment and to evaluate compliance with
14 sections 20107a and 21304c of the natural resources and
15 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20107a and
16 324.21304c.

17

(b) Completing a baseline environmental assessment.

18 (c) Preparing a plan for compliance with sections 20107a and
19 21304c of the natural resources and environmental protection act,
20 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20107a and 324.21304c.

21 (d) Performing pre-demolition and building hazardous materials22 surveys.

23

(e) Asbestos, mold, and lead surveys.

(f) Asbestos, mold, lead, and building hazardous materials
abatement and demolition, in an amount not to exceed \$250,000.00.
(9) The limitations of subsections (4), (5), and (6) upon on
the use of local taxes and taxes levied for school operating
purposes shall do not apply to the following costs and expenses:
(a) For tax increment revenues attributable to taxes levied



for school operating purposes, eligible activities associated with 1 unanticipated response activities conducted on eligible property if 2 that eligible property has been included in a brownfield plan, if 3 the department is consulted in writing on the unanticipated 4 5 response activities before they are conducted, and the costs of 6 those activities are subsequently included in a brownfield plan, 7 combined brownfield plan or a work plan or amendment approved by 8 the authority and approved by the department.

9 (b) For tax increment revenues attributable to local taxes, 10 any eligible activities conducted on eligible property or 11 prospective eligible properties prior to before approval of the 12 brownfield plan, if those costs and the eligible property are 13 subsequently included in a brownfield plan approved by the 14 authority.

15 (c) For tax increment revenues attributable to taxes levied 16 for school operating purposes, eligible activities described in subsection (4) and conducted on eligible property or prospective 17 18 eligible properties prior to before approval of the brownfield 19 plan, if those costs and the eligible property are subsequently 20 included in a brownfield plan approved by the authority and a 21 combined brownfield plan or work plan approved by the Michigan 22 strategic fund or the Michigan state housing development authority, 23 or both, as applicable.

(d) Reasonable cost of developing and preparing brownfield
plans, combined brownfield plans, or work plans for which tax
increment revenues may be used under section 13(4), including, but
not limited to, legal and consulting fees that are not in the
ordinary course of acquiring and developing real estate.
(e) Reasonable cost of brownfield plan or work plan



implementation, including, but not limited to, tracking and
 reporting of data and plan compliance.

(10) An authority shall not use taxes levied for school 3 operating purposes captured from eligible property for response 4 5 activities that benefit a party responsible for an activity causing a release under section 20126 or 21323a of the natural resources 6 7 and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20126 and 8 324.21323a, except that a municipality that established the 9 authority may use taxes levied for school operating purposes 10 captured from eligible property for response activities associated 11 with a landfill.

(11) A brownfield authority may reimburse advances, with or without interest, made by a municipality under section 7(3), a land bank fast track authority, or any other person or entity for costs of eligible activities with any source of revenue available for use of the brownfield authority under this act.

17 (12) A brownfield authority may capture taxes for the payment18 of interest, as follows:

(a) If an authority reimburses a person or entity under this
section for an advance for the payment or reimbursement of the cost
of eligible activities and interest thereon, the authority may
capture local taxes for the payment of that interest.

(b) If an authority reimburses a person or entity under this section for an advance for the payment or reimbursement of the cost of department specific activities and interest thereon included in a combined brownfield plan or a work plan approved by the department, the authority may capture taxes levied for school operating purposes and local taxes for the payment of that interest.



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(c) If an authority reimburses a person or entity under this 1 section for an advance for the payment or reimbursement of the cost 2 of eligible activities that are not department specific activities 3 and interest thereon included in a combined brownfield plan or a 4 5 work plan approved by the Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan 6 state housing development authority, or both, as applicable, the 7 authority may capture taxes levied for school operating purposes 8 and local taxes for the payment of that interest provided that if 9 the Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan state housing 10 development authority, as applicable, grants an approval for the 11 capture of taxes levied for school operating purposes to pay such 12 interest.

13 (13) An authority may enter into agreements related to these 14 reimbursements and payments described in this section. A 15 reimbursement agreement for these purposes and the obligations 16 under that reimbursement agreement shall is not be subject to 17 section 13 or the revised municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 18 141.2101 to 141.2821.

19 (14) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this act, for 20 a brownfield plan that includes the capture of taxes levied for school operating purposes from each eligible property included in a 21 brownfield plan after January 1, 2013, an authority shall pay to 22 23 the department of treasury at least once annually an amount equal to 50% of the taxes levied under the state education tax act, 1993 24 25 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906, including 50% of that portion of specific taxes attributable to, but not levied under, the state 26 education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906, that are 27 captured under the brownfield plan until the expiration of the 28 29 earlier of the following:



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(a) Twenty-five years of capture of tax increment revenues
 from such eligible property included in the brownfield plan.

(b) The later of **the following:** 

3

4 (i) The date of repayment of all eligible expenses relative to5 such eligible property.

6 (*ii*) The date excess capture is terminated under subsection7 (16).

8 (15) The department of treasury shall deposit the amounts 9 described in subsection (14) into the state brownfield 10 redevelopment fund. If an authority makes a payment as required 11 under subsection (14) to the department of treasury, the local 12 taxes levied on that parcel and used to reimburse eligible 13 activities under a brownfield plan shall must not be increased or 14 decreased due to that payment. If, due to an appeal of any tax 15 assessment, an authority is required to reimburse a taxpayer for any portion of the amount paid to the department of treasury under 16 17 this subsection, the department of treasury shall reimburse that 18 amount to the authority within 30 days after receiving a request 19 from the authority for reimbursement.

20 (16) The brownfield plan shall must include a proposed 21 beginning date of capture. If the actual beginning date of capture 22 of tax increment revenues is later than 5 years following the date 23 of the adoption of the brownfield plan resolution, then the maximum 24 number of years of capture will decrease. The end date of capture 25 must be no later than 35 years after the date of the adoption of 26 the brownfield plan resolution. The authority may amend the 27 beginning date of capture of tax increment revenues for a 28 particular eligible property as long as the authority has not begun 29 to reimburse eligible activities from the capture of tax increment



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revenues from that eligible property. Any tax increment revenues
 captured from an eligible property before the beginning date of
 capture of tax increment revenues for that eligible property shall
 must revert proportionately to the respective tax bodies.

5 Sec. 13c. (1) Subject to the approval of the governing body 6 and Michigan strategic fund under section 14a, the board may 7 implement a transformational brownfield plan. The transformational 8 brownfield plan may consist of a single development on eligible 9 property or a series of developments on eligible property that are 10 part of a related program of investment, whether or not located on 11 contiguous parcels, and may be amended to apply to additional parcels of eligible property. Each amendment to a transformational 12 brownfield plan shall must be approved by the governing body of the 13 14 municipality in which it is located and the Michigan strategic fund 15 and shall must be consistent with the approval requirements in this 16 section.

17 (2) A transformational brownfield plan may authorize the use 18 of construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax 19 capture revenues, income tax capture revenues, and tax increment 20 revenues for eligible activities described in section  $\frac{2(o)}{(iv)}$ . 21 2(o) (v). Except as otherwise provided for in section 13b(6)(d), tax 22 increment revenues, construction period tax capture revenues, 23 withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues 24 shall must be used only for the costs of eligible activities 25 included within the transformational brownfield plan to which the revenues are attributable, including the cost of principal of and 26 interest on any obligation to pay the cost of the eligible 27 28 activities.

29

(3) A transformational brownfield plan is a brownfield plan



and, except as otherwise provided, is subject to sections 13, 13a,
13b, 14, and 15. of this act. In addition to the information
required under section 13(2), a transformational brownfield plan
shall must contain all of the following:

5 (a) The basis for designating the plan as a transformational
6 brownfield plan under section 2(vv).2(eee).

7 (b) A description of the costs of the transformational
8 brownfield plan intended to be paid for with construction period
9 tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income
10 tax capture revenues.

(c) An estimate of the amount of construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues expected to be generated for each year of the transformational brownfield plan from the eligible property.

(d) The beginning date and duration of capture of construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues for each eligible property as determined under subsections (8) and (11).

19 (4) Subject to section 14a(7), the transformational brownfield 20 plan may provide for the use of part or all of the tax increment 21 revenues, construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax 22 capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues. The portion of 23 tax increment revenues, construction period tax capture revenues, 24 withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues 25 to be used may vary over the duration of the transformational brownfield plan, but the portion intended to be used shall must be 26 27 clearly stated in the transformational brownfield plan.

28 (5) Approval of a transformational brownfield plan, or an
29 amendment to a transformational brownfield plan, shall must be in



accordance with the notice, approval, and public hearing
 requirements of sections 14 and 14a, except that the governing body
 shall provide notice to the Michigan strategic fund not less than
 days before the hearing on a transformational brownfield plan.

5 (6) If a transformational brownfield plan authorizes the use 6 of construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax 7 capture revenues, or income tax capture revenues, approval of a 8 combined brownfield plan or work plan by the Michigan strategic 9 fund and a written development or reimbursement agreement between 10 the owner or developer of the eligible property, the authority, and the Michigan strategic fund are required. If a plan authorizes the 11 use of tax increment revenues for eligible activities under section 12  $\frac{2(0)(iv)}{2}$  (0) (v) other than eliqible activities described in section 13 14 13b, approval of a work plan or combined brownfield plan by the 15 Michigan strategic fund to use tax increment revenues for those additional eligible activities is required. A work plan or combined 16 17 brownfield plan under this subsection shall must be consolidated 18 with a work plan or combined brownfield plan under section 13b(4). 19 The eligible activities to be conducted shall must be consistent with the work plan submitted by the authority to the Michigan 20 21 strategic fund.

22 (7) Upon On approval of the transformational brownfield plan 23 by the governing body and Michigan strategic fund, and the execution of the written development or reimbursement agreement, 24 25 the transfer and distribution of construction period tax capture 26 revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture 27 revenues as specified in this act and in the plan shall be are binding on this state and the collection and transmission of the 28 29 amount of tax increment revenues as specified in this act and in



the plan shall be are binding on all taxing units levying ad
 valorem property taxes or specific taxes against property subject
 to the transformational brownfield plan.

4 (8) A transformational brownfield plan shall must not
5 authorize the capture or use of tax increment revenues,
6 construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture
7 revenues, or income tax capture revenues after the year in which
8 the total amount of the revenue captured under the transformational
9 brownfield plan is equal to the sum of the costs permitted to be
10 funded with the revenue under the transformational brownfield plan.

11 (9) The brownfield authority and Michigan strategic fund may 12 reimburse advances, with or without interest, made by a municipality under section 7(3), a land bank fast track authority, 13 14 or any other person or entity for costs of eligible activities 15 included within a transformational brownfield plan using tax 16 increment revenues, construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, or income tax capture revenues 17 18 attributable to that plan. Upon On approval of the Michigan strategic fund, the amount of tax increment revenues, construction 19 20 period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues authorized to be captured under a 21 transformational brownfield plan may include amounts required for 22 23 the payment of interest under this subsection. A written 24 development or reimbursement agreement shall must be entered into 25 under subsection (6) before any reimbursement or payment using tax 26 increment revenues, construction period tax capture revenues, 27 withholding tax capture revenues, or income tax capture revenues 28 may commence. A reimbursement agreement for these purposes and the 29 obligations under that reimbursement agreement shall are not be



subject to section 12 or the revised municipal finance act, 2001 PA
 34, MCL 141.2101 to 141.2821.

(10) Eligible activities conducted on eligible property prior 3 4 to before approval of the transformational brownfield plan may be 5 reimbursed from tax increment revenues, construction period tax 6 capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax 7 capture revenues if those costs and the eligible property are 8 subsequently included in a transformational brownfield plan 9 approved by the governing body and Michigan strategic fund, a 10 combined brownfield plan or work plan approved by the Michigan 11 strategic fund, and a written development or reimbursement 12 agreement under subsection (6). Reimbursement under this subsection shall be is limited to eligible expenses incurred within 90 days of 13 14 the approval of the transformational brownfield plan by the 15 Michigan strategic fund.

16 (11) The duration of the capture of withholding tax capture 17 revenues and income tax capture revenues under a transformational 18 brownfield plan for a particular eligible property shall must not 19 exceed the lesser of the period authorized under subsection (8) or 20 20 years from the beginning date of the capture of withholding tax capture revenues and income tax capture revenues for that eligible 21 property. The beginning date for the capture of tax increment 22 23 revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax capture 24 revenues for an eligible property shall must not be later than 5 25 years following the date the Michigan strategic fund approves the 26 inclusion of the eligible property in a transformational brownfield 27 plan. Subject to the approval of the governing body and Michigan strategic fund, the authority may amend the beginning date of 28 29 capture of tax increment revenues, withholding tax capture



revenues, and income tax capture revenues to a date not later than
 5 years following the date the Michigan strategic fund approved
 inclusion of the eligible property in the transformational
 brownfield plan so long as if capture of the revenues under the
 transformational brownfield plan has not yet commenced.

6 (12) For purposes of subsection (1), a series of developments
7 on parcels that are not contiguous shall be is considered a related
8 program of investment if all of the following are met:

9 (a) The developments are proposed to be undertaken10 concurrently or in reasonable succession.

11 (b) For developments under affiliated ownership, the developments are reasonably contiguous and are part of a program of 12 investment in a logically defined geography, including, but not 13 14 limited to, a downtown district as defined in section 201 of the 15 recodified tax increment financing act, 2018 PA 57, MCL 125.4201, 16 or a principal shopping district or business improvement district as defined in section 1 of 1961 PA 120, MCL 125.981, and including 17 18 areas that are logically related to those districts and that will 19 promote infill development.

(c) For developments under unrelated ownership, in addition to the criteria described in subdivisions (a) and (b), the developments are part of a master development plan, area plan, subarea plan, or similar development plan that has been approved or adopted by resolution of the governing body.

(d) The designation of the developments as a related program
of investment is consistent with the purposes of this act and is
not a combination of unrelated or minimally related projects
calculated to meet the minimum investment threshold.

**29** (13) Where **If** undeveloped property included in a



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transformational brownfield plan has been designated as a 1 renaissance zone under the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 2 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, upon on the request of the owner or 3 developer of the eligible property and the local governmental unit 4 5 that designated the zone, the Michigan strategic fund, and a city 6 levying a tax under the city income tax act, 1964 PA 284, MCL 7 141.501 to 141.787, may elect under section 9(4) of the Michigan 8 renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2689, to terminate the 9 exemptions, deductions, or credits provided for in section 9(1)(b) 10 and (c) of that act, and reimburse the authority, or owner or 11 developer of the eligible property, an annual amount equal to the revenue collected for each tax year as a result of the termination 12 of the exemptions, deductions, or credits that would otherwise be 13 14 in effect. In implementing this subsection, all of the following 15 apply:

16 (a) The authority and Michigan strategic fund shall include 17 amounts anticipated to be collected under this subsection in the 18 income tax capture revenues authorized to be used under the 19 transformational brownfield plan and associated work plan or 20 combined brownfield plan.

(b) The state treasurer shall calculate for each tax year the amount of revenue the this state of Michigan collected as a result of the operation of this subsection and shall deposit that amount as income tax capture revenues into the state brownfield redevelopment fund, where the funds shall must be transmitted in the manner provided for in sections 8a(4) and 16(8).

27 (c) A city levying a city income tax under the city income tax
28 act, 1964 PA 284, MCL 141.501 to 141.787, shall calculate for each
29 tax year the amount of revenue the city collected as a result of



the operation of this subsection and shall enter into a binding 1 reimbursement agreement with the authority, and owner or developer 2 of the eligible property, providing for the payment of the amounts 3 to the authority, or the owner or developer of the eligible 4 5 property, for eligible activities as provided for in the 6 transformational brownfield plan. City income taxes administered by 7 the department of treasury pursuant to the city income tax act, 8 1964 PA 284, MCL 141.501 to 141.787, shall be are subject to the procedures of subdivision (b) regarding the calculation and deposit 9 10 of any revenue collected as a result of the operation of this 11 subsection.

(d) The department of treasury may require the owner or developer to submit any information necessary for the calculation of revenue collected pursuant to the operation of this subsection. This state has no obligation for calculating revenues to be collected pursuant to the operation of this subsection where if the required information is not reported.

18 (14) The authority and governing body are solely responsible 19 for deciding whether to seek approval of a brownfield plan as a 20 transformational brownfield plan. Nothing in this section or 21 section 14a shall operate operates to prejudice or limit 22 consideration of a brownfield plan under sections 13 and 14, 23 including a decision by the Michigan strategic fund not to approve 24 a plan as a transformational brownfield plan.

(15) Nothing in this This act is intended to does not preclude an authority established by a county from seeking approval of a brownfield plan as a transformational brownfield plan. In the event that an authority established by a county seeks approval of a plan that extends into more than 1 of its component local units of



government and that plan includes eligible property in more than 1 municipality that is not a county, the minimum investment requirements of section 2(vv) shall 2(eee) must be established with reference to combined population of the municipalities that are not a county in which the eligible property is located.

6 (16) Notwithstanding anything in this act to the contrary, a
7 transformational brownfield plan may not include housing
8 development activities.

9 Sec. 14. (1) Before approving a brownfield plan for an eligible property, the governing body shall hold a public hearing on the brownfield plan. By resolution, the governing body may delegate the public hearing process to the authority or to a subcommittee of the governing body subject to final approval by the governing body.

15 (2) Notice of the time and place of the hearing on a16 brownfield plan shall must contain all of the following:

17 (a) A description of the property to which the plan applies in
18 relation to existing or proposed highways, streets, streams, or
19 otherwise.

(b) A statement that maps, plats, and a description of the
brownfield plan are available for public inspection at a place
designated in the notice and that all aspects of the brownfield
plan are open for discussion at the public hearing required by this
section.

25 (c) Any other information that the governing body considers26 appropriate.

27 (3) At the time set for the hearing on the brownfield plan
28 required under subsection (1), the governing body shall ensure that
29 interested persons have an opportunity to be heard and that written



communications with reference to the brownfield plan are received
 and considered. The governing body shall ensure that a record of
 the public hearing is made and preserved, including all data
 presented at the hearing.

5 (4) Not less than 10 days before the hearing on the brownfield 6 plan, the governing body shall provide notice of the hearing to the 7 taxing jurisdictions that levy taxes subject to capture under this 8 act. The authority shall notify the taxing jurisdictions of the 9 proposed brownfield plan. At that hearing, an official from a 10 taxing jurisdiction with millage that would be subject to capture 11 under this act has the right to be heard in regard to the adoption of the brownfield plan. Not less than 10 days before the hearing on 12 the brownfield plan, the governing body shall provide notice of the 13 14 hearing to the department if the brownfield plan involves the use 15 of taxes levied for school operating purposes to pay for eligible activities that require the approval of a combined brownfield plan 16 or a work plan by the department under section 13b(6)(c), the 17 18 Michigan state housing development authority, or its designee, if the brownfield plan involves the use of taxes levied for school 19 20 operating purposes to pay for eligible activities subject to 21 13b(4)(b), and the Michigan strategic fund, or its designee, if the brownfield plan involves the use of taxes levied for school 22 23 operating purposes to pay for eligible activities subject to 24 section 13b(4) other than eligible activities subject to 13b(4)(b). 25 (5) Not less than 10 days after notice of the proposed 26 brownfield plan is provided to the taxing jurisdictions, the

27 governing body shall determine whether the plan constitutes a 28 public purpose. If the governing body determines that the plan does 29 not constitute a public purpose, the governing body shall reject



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1 the plan. If the governing body determines that the plan

2 constitutes a public purpose, the governing body may then approve

3 or reject the plan, or approve it with modification, by resolution,4 based on the following considerations:

5 (a) Whether the plan meets the requirements of sections 13 and6 13b.

7 (b) Whether the proposed method of financing the costs of
8 eligible activities is feasible and the authority has the ability
9 to arrange the financing.

10 (c) Whether the costs of eligible activities proposed are11 reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.

12 (d) Whether the amount of captured taxable value estimated to13 result from adoption of the plan is reasonable.

14 (6) Except as provided in this subsection, amendments to an 15 approved brownfield plan must be submitted by the authority to the 16 governing body for approval or rejection following the same notice 17 necessary for approval or rejection of the original plan. Notice is 18 not required for revisions in the estimates of captured taxable 19 value or tax increment revenues.

20 (7) The procedure, adequacy of notice, and findings with respect to purpose and captured taxable value shall be are 21 presumptively valid unless contested in a court of competent 22 23 jurisdiction within 60 days after adoption of the resolution 24 adopting the brownfield plan. An amendment, adopted by resolution, 25 to a conclusive plan shall is likewise be conclusive unless contested within 60 days after adoption of the resolution adopting 26 27 the amendment. If a resolution adopting an amendment to the plan is contested, the original resolution adopting the plan is not 28 29 therefore open to contest.



(8) A brownfield plan or plan amendment may be abolished or
 terminated according to this subsection subject to all of the
 following:

4 (a) The governing body may abolish a brownfield plan when if
5 it finds that the purposes for which the plan was established are
6 accomplished.

7 (b) The governing body may terminate a brownfield plan or plan
8 amendment for an eligible property if the project for which
9 eligible activities were identified in the brownfield plan or plan
10 amendment fails to occur with respect to the eligible property for
11 at least not less than 2 years following the date of the resolution
12 approving the brownfield plan or plan amendment, provided that if
13 the governing body first does both of the following:

14 (i) Gives 30 days' prior written notice to the developer at its
15 last known address by certified mail or other method that documents
16 proof of delivery attempted.

17 (*ii*) Provides the developer an opportunity to be heard at a18 public meeting.

(c) If a brownfield plan or plan amendment is terminated under subdivision (b), the governing body may approve a new brownfield plan or plan amendment for the eligible property under which tax increment revenues may be captured for up to the period of time provided under section 13(5).

(d) Notwithstanding anything in this subsection to the
contrary, a brownfield plan or plan amendment shall must not be
abolished or terminated until the principal and interest on bonds
issued under section 17 and all other obligations to which the tax
increment revenues are pledged have been paid or funds sufficient
to make the payment have been identified or segregated.



Sec. 14a. (1) The governing body and Michigan strategic fund
 shall determine whether to approve a transformational brownfield
 plan in accordance with the provisions of this section.

4 (2) The governing body shall make an initial determination as
5 to whether the transformational brownfield plan constitutes a
6 public purpose in accordance with section 14(5). If the governing
7 body determines the transformational brownfield plan does not
8 constitute a public purpose, it shall reject the transformational
9 brownfield plan.

10 (3) If the governing body determines that the transformational 11 brownfield plan constitutes a public purpose, the governing body 12 may then approve or reject the transformational brownfield plan, or 13 approve it with modification, by resolution based on all of the 14 following considerations:

15 (a) Whether the transformational brownfield plan meets the 16 requirements of section  $\frac{2(vv)}{2}$  (eee), which must include a 17 determination that the transformational brownfield plan is 18 calculated to, and has the reasonable likelihood to, have a 19 transformational impact on local economic development and community 20 revitalization based on the extent of brownfield redevelopment and growth in population, commercial activity, and employment that will 21 result from the transformational brownfield plan. 22

(b) Whether the transformational brownfield plan meets therequirements of sections 13, 13b, and 13c.

(c) Whether the costs of eligible activities proposed arereasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.

27 (d) Whether the amount of captured taxable value, construction
28 period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and
29 income tax capture revenues estimated to result from adoption of



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1 the transformational brownfield plan are reasonable.

2 (e) Whether the transformational brownfield plan takes into
3 account the criteria described in section 90b(4) of the Michigan
4 strategic fund act, 1984 PA 270, MCL 125.2090b.

5 (f) Whether subject to subsection (22)(d), the
6 transformational brownfield plan includes provisions for affordable
7 housing.

8 (4) Within 90 days of the completion of an administratively
9 complete application and the analysis required under subsection
10 (5), the Michigan strategic fund shall approve or reject the
11 transformational brownfield plan, or approve it with modification,
12 by resolution based on the criteria in subsection (3).

13 (5) In determining whether to approve a transformational 14 brownfield plan under subsection (3)(c) and (d), the Michigan 15 strategic fund shall conduct a financial and underwriting analysis 16 of the developments included in the plan. The analysis shall must 17 consider both projected rental rates at the time of project delivery and potential increases in rental rates over time. The 18 Michigan strategic fund shall not approve the use of construction 19 20 period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and 21 income tax capture revenues beyond the amount determined to be necessary for the project to be economically viable. The Michigan 22 23 strategic fund shall develop standardized underwriting criteria for 24 determining economic viability. The Michigan strategic fund shall 25 take into account the impact of the sales and use tax exemptions under section 4d(n) of the general sales tax act, 1933 PA 167, MCL 26 27 205.54d, and section 4dd of the use tax act, 1937 PA 94, MCL 205.94dd, in determining the amount of construction period tax 28 29 capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, and income tax



capture revenues required for the project to be economically
 viable. The Michigan strategic fund shall ensure that each
 transformational brownfield plan includes a significant equity
 contribution from the owner or developer as determined by the fund.

5 (6) The Michigan strategic fund shall require an independent, 6 third-party underwriting analysis under subsection (3) (d) for any 7 plan that proposes to use more than \$10,000,000.00 in any year in 8 withholding tax capture revenues and income tax capture revenues, 9 as determined by the first full year of tax capture under the plan. 10 The cost of the independent, third-party underwriting analysis 11 shall must be paid by the owner or developer of the eligible property. The Michigan strategic fund shall consult with the state 12 treasurer prior to before approving any transformational brownfield 13 14 plan subject to this subsection. Nothing in this This subsection 15 shall does not limit the ability of the Michigan strategic fund to 16 utilize independent, third-party analyses on plans not subject to 17 this subsection.

18 (7) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the 19 Michigan strategic fund may not approve a transformational 20 brownfield plan that proposes to use more than 50% of the withholding tax capture revenues or 50% of the income tax capture 21 revenues. The Michigan strategic fund may modify the amount of 22 23 withholding tax capture revenues and income tax capture revenues 24 before approving a transformational brownfield plan in order to 25 bring the transformational brownfield plan into compliance with subsection (5). The Michigan strategic fund may approve a 26 transformational brownfield plan that proposes to use more than 50\% 27 of the income tax capture revenues if 1 of the following applies: 28 29 (a) The income tax capture revenues are attributable to the



1 election under section 13c(13).

2 (b) The applicable eligible properties within the transformational brownfield plan are subject to a written, binding 3 affordable housing agreement with the local governmental unit, 4 5 which agreement shall must be provided to the Michigan strategic 6 fund, in which case the Michigan strategic fund may approve a 7 transformational brownfield plan that proposes to use up to 100% of 8 the income tax capture revenues, subject to the underwriting and 9 financial analysis required under subsection (5).

10 (8) The Michigan strategic fund shall require the owner or developer of the eligible property to certify the actual capital 11 investment, as determined in accordance with section  $\frac{2(0)(iv)}{iv}$ 12 13 2(o)(v) and section 2(vv), upon 2(eee), on the completion of 14 construction and before the commencement of reimbursement from withholding tax capture revenues, income tax capture revenues, or 15 16 tax increment revenues, for the plan or the distinct phase or 17 project within the plan for which reimbursement will be provided. 18 If the actual capital investment is less than the amount included 19 in the plan, the Michigan strategic fund shall review the 20 determination under subsection (5) and may modify the amount of 21 reimbursement if, and to the extent, such a modification is 22 necessary to maintain compliance with subsection (5). The 23 transformational brownfield plan, work plan, and development and 24 reimbursement agreement shall must include provisions to enforce 25 the requirements and remedies under this subsection. If the actual 26 level of capital investment does not meet the applicable minimum investment requirement under section 2(vv) 2(eee) and is outside of 27 28 the safe harbor under subsection (15), the Michigan strategic fund 29 may take 1 of the following remedial actions:



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(a) For a plan that consists of a single development, reduce
 the amount of reimbursement under the plan.

3 (b) For a plan that consists of distinct phases or projects,
4 where if the failure to meet the minimum investment threshold is
5 the result of failure to undertake additional distinct phases or
6 projects as provided for in the plan, 1 or more of the following:

7 (i) Permanently rescind the authorization to use tax increment
8 revenues, construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax
9 capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues for the
10 additional distinct phases or projects in the plan.

(*ii*) If the Michigan strategic fund determines that the
applicable owner or developer acted in bad faith, reduce the amount
of reimbursement for completed phases of the plan.

14 (9) Upon On approval by the Michigan strategic fund, the 15 minimum investment requirements in section 2(vv) 2(eee) and 16 limitation under subsection (22)(a) and (b) may be waived if the 17 transformational brownfield plan meets 1 of the following criteria:

18 (a) Is for eligible property in an area approved by the 19 Michigan state housing development authority as eligible for blight 20 elimination program funding under the housing finance agency 21 innovation fund for the hardest hit housing markets authorized 22 pursuant to the emergency economic stabilization act of 2008, division A of Public Law 110-343, 12 USC 5201 to 5261. For purposes 23 24 of this subdivision, an area approved as eligible for blight 25 elimination program funding means that specific portion or portions 26 of a municipality where the Michigan state housing development authority approved the expenditure of blight elimination program 27 28 funds pursuant to an application identifying the target areas. 29 (b) Is for eligible property in a municipality that was



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subject to a state of emergency under the emergency management act,
 1976 PA 390, MCL 30.401 to 30.421, issued for drinking water
 contamination.

4 (c) Is for eligible property that is a historic resource if
5 the Michigan strategic fund determines the redevelopment is not
6 economically feasible absent the transformational brownfield plan.

7 (d) Is for eligible property that is located in a city,
8 village, or township with a population of less than 25,000 or that
9 is otherwise eligible for the corresponding population tier in
10 section 2(vv)(vi), 2(eee)(vi), as determined in accordance with
11 subsection (15), if the Michigan strategic fund determines that the
12 redevelopment is not economically feasible absent the
13 transformational brownfield plan.

14 (10) In determining whether a plan under subsection (9) has a 15 transformational impact for purposes of section  $\frac{2(vv)}{2(eee)}$  and subsection (3) (a), the governing body and Michigan strategic fund 16 17 shall consider the impact of the transformational brownfield plan 18 in relation to existing investment and development conditions in 19 the project area and whether the transformational brownfield plan will act as a catalyst for additional revitalization of the area in 20 which it is located. 21

22 (11) The Michigan strategic fund may not approve more than 5 23 transformational brownfield plans under subsection (9) in a calendar year, except that if the Michigan strategic fund approves 24 25 fewer than 5 plans in a calendar year under subsection (9), the 26 unused approval authority shall carry carries forward into future 27 calendar years and remain-remains available until December 31, 2027. The Michigan strategic fund also shall not approve more than 28 5 transformational brownfield plans under subsection (9) in any 29



individual city, village, or township prior to before December 31,
 2022.

(12) Except as **otherwise** provided in this subsection, 3 amendments to an approved transformational brownfield plan shall 4 5 must be submitted by the authority to the governing body and to the 6 Michigan strategic fund for approval or rejection following the 7 same notice necessary for approval or rejection of the original transformational brownfield plan. Notice is not required for 8 9 revisions in the estimates of tax increment revenues, construction 10 period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture revenues, or 11 income tax capture revenues.

(13) Except as provided in this subsection, an amendment to an 12 approved transformational brownfield plan under section 13c(1) 13 14 shall-is not be considered a new plan approval subject to the 15 limitation in subsection (22) (a). The Michigan strategic fund may 16 consider an amendment as a new plan approval only where if the amendment adds eligible property and the Michigan strategic fund 17 18 determines that approving the addition as an amendment would be 19 inconsistent with the purposes of this act.

20 (14) The procedure, adequacy of notice, and findings under this section shall be are presumptively valid unless contested in a 21 court of competent jurisdiction within 60 days after approval of 22 23 the transformational brownfield plan by the Michigan strategic 24 fund. An approved amendment to a conclusive transformational 25 brownfield plan shall-is likewise be-conclusive unless contested 26 within 60 days after approval of the amendment by the Michigan 27 strategic fund. If a resolution adopting an amendment to the transformational brownfield plan is contested, the original 28 29 resolution adopting the transformational brownfield plan is not



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1 open to contest.

2 (15) The determination as to whether a transformational 3 brownfield plan complies with the minimum investment requirements in section 2(vv) shall 2(eee) must be made with reference to the 4 5 most recent decennial census data available at the time of approval 6 by the authority. A plan in a municipality that exceeds a 7 population tier under section  $\frac{2(vv)}{2}$  (eee) by not more than 10% of 8 the maximum population for that tier shall, upon is, on election of 9 the authority, be-subject to the investment requirement for that 10 tier. A transformational brownfield plan that is expected to result 11 in, or does result in, a total capital investment that is within 10% of the applicable minimum investment requirement shall be is 12 considered to satisfy the applicable requirement under section 13 14  $\frac{2(vv)}{2}$  (eee).

15 (16) For purposes of a transformational brownfield plan, 16 determination as to whether property is functionally obsolete as 17 defined under section 2(u) may include considerations of economic 18 obsolescence as determined in accordance with the Michigan state 19 tax commission's assessor's manual.

20 (17) Any positive or negative determination by the Michigan
21 strategic fund under this section shall must be supported by
22 objective analysis and documented in the record of its proceedings.

(18) The Michigan strategic fund shall charge and collect a
reasonable application fee as necessary to cover the costs
associated with the review and approval of a transformational
brownfield plan.

27 (19) The Michigan strategic fund shall not commit, and the
28 department of treasury shall not disburse, more than \$40,000,000.00
29 in total annual tax capture. For purposes of As used in this



subsection, "total annual tax capture" means the total annual 1 amount of income tax capture revenues and withholding tax capture 2 revenues that may be reimbursed each calendar year under all 3 transformational brownfield plans. If the amount committed or 4 5 disbursed in a calendar year is less than \$40,000,000.00, the 6 difference between that amount and \$40,000,000.00 shall be is 7 available to be committed or disbursed in subsequent calendar years and shall be is in addition to the annual limit otherwise 8 9 applicable.

10 (20) The Michigan strategic fund shall not commit, and the 11 department of treasury shall not disburse, a total amount of income 12 tax capture revenues and withholding tax capture revenues that 13 exceeds \$800,000,000.00.

14 (21) The Michigan strategic fund shall not approve more than a 15 total of \$200,000,000.00 in construction period tax capture 16 revenues and in projected sales and use tax exemptions under 17 section 4d(n) of the general sales tax act, 1933 PA 167, MCL 18 205.54d, and section 4dd of the use tax act, 1937 PA 94, MCL 19 205.94dd. The Michigan strategic fund shall project the value of 20 the sales and use tax exemptions under each transformational brownfield plan at the time of plan approval and shall require such 21 information from the owner or developer as is necessary to perform 22 23 this calculation. The Michigan strategic fund also shall require 24 the owner or developer of the eligible property to report the 25 actual value of the sales and use tax exemptions each tax year of the construction period and at the end of the construction period. 26 27 If the value of the actual sales and use tax exemptions and 28 construction period tax capture revenues under all transformational 29 brownfield plans exceeds the limit of \$200,000,000.00 under this



subsection by more than a de minimis amount, as determined by the 1 state treasurer, the state treasurer shall take corrective action 2 and may reduce future disbursements to achieve compliance with the 3 aggregate limitation under subsection (20) and this subsection. The 4 corrective action described in this subsection shall must not 5 6 reduce the disbursement for an individual plan by an amount that is 7 more than the amount by which the value of the sales and use tax 8 exemptions for that plan exceeded the amount projected at the time 9 of plan approval and included in the plan. The Michigan strategic 10 fund and department of treasury shall prescribe specific methods 11 for implementing this section within 60 days of the effective date 12 of the amendatory act that added this section.by September 22, 13 2017.

14 (22) The Michigan strategic fund shall comply with all of the 15 following:

16 (a) Not approve more than 5 transformational brownfield plans
17 in a calendar year, except that if the Michigan strategic fund
18 approves fewer than 5 plans in a calendar year, the unused approval
19 authority shall carry carries forward into future calendar years
20 and remain remains available until December 31, 2027.

(b) Not approve more than 5 transformational brownfield plans
in any individual city, village, or township prior to before
December 31, 2022.

(c) Ensure an equitable geographic distribution of plans
approved under this subsection, which shall must achieve a balance
between the needs of municipalities of differing sizes and
differing geographic areas of the state. Subject to the receipt of
qualified transformational brownfield plans meeting the criteria
under this section and section 13c, the Michigan strategic fund



shall set a target that not less than 35% of the total
 transformational brownfield plans approved under this act prior to
 before December 31, 2027 will be located in cities, villages, and
 townships with a population of less than 100,000.

5 (d) In coordination with the governing body, shall determine
6 the appropriate provisions regarding affordable housing on a plan7 by-plan basis.

8 (23) In the event of a proposed change in ownership of
9 eligible property subject to a transformational brownfield plan for
10 which reimbursement will continue, the approval of the Michigan
11 strategic fund is required prior to before the assignment or
12 transfer of the development and reimbursement agreement.

(24) If the Michigan strategic fund approves a 13 14 transformational brownfield plan and work plan, and subsequent to 15 that approval, amendments are made to this act, the Michigan strategic fund may amend those plans to make conforming and 16 consistent changes to the approved transformational brownfield plan 17 18 and work plan on an administrative basis, provided that if those 19 changes do not result in any increase in the aggregate total amount of reimbursement authorized under the initial transformational 20 brownfield plan. The authority of the Michigan strategic fund to 21 administratively amend transformational brownfield plans and work 22 23 plans under this subsection also applies to transformational 24 brownfield plans and work plans entered into before the effective 25 date of the amendatory act that added this sentence. December 27, 2021. 26

27 (25) The Michigan strategic fund shall not approve any new
28 transformational brownfield plans after December 31, 2027. A
29 transformational brownfield plan approved prior to before December



31, 2022 shall remain remains in effect and may be amended in
 accordance with the provisions of this act.

3 (26) Upon On approval by the Michigan strategic fund, the
4 mixed-use requirement in section 2(vv) 2(eee) may be waived for a
5 brownfield plan that otherwise meets the location, population, and
6 minimum investment requirement under section 2(vv) (vi).2(eee) (vi).

7 Sec. 15. (1) To seek department approval of a work plan under
8 section 13b(6)(c), the authority shall submit all of the following
9 for each eligible property:

10

(a) A copy of the brownfield plan.

(b) Current ownership information for each eligible property and a summary of available information on proposed future ownership, including the amount of any delinquent taxes, interest, and penalties that may be due.

(c) A summary of available information on the historical and current use of each eligible property, including a brief summary of site conditions and what is known about environmental contamination as that term is defined in section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.

20 (d) Existing and proposed future zoning for each eligible21 property.

(e) A brief summary of the proposed redevelopment and futureuse for each eligible property.

(2) Upon On receipt of a request for approval of a work plan
under subsection (1) or a portion of a work plan that pertains to
only department specific activities, the department shall review
the work plan according to subsection (3) and provide 1 of the
following written responses to the requesting authority within 60
days:



1

(a) An unconditional approval.

2 (b) A conditional approval that delineates specific necessary modifications to the work plan to meet the criteria of subsection 3 (3), including, but not limited to, individual activities to be 4 5 modified, added, or deleted from the work plan and revision of 6 costs. The department may not condition its approval on deletions 7 from or modifications of the work plan relating to activities to be 8 funded solely by tax increment revenues not attributable to taxes 9 levied for school operating purposes.

10 (c) If the work plan lacks sufficient information for the 11 department to respond under subdivision (a), (b), or (d) for any 12 specific activity, a letter stating with specificity the necessary 13 additions or changes to the work plan to be submitted before that 14 activity will be considered by the department. The department shall 15 respond under subdivision (a), (b), or (d) according to this 16 section for the other activities in the work plan.

17 (d) A denial if the property is not an eligible property under this act, if the work plan contemplates the use of taxes levied for 18 school operating purposes prohibited by section 13b(10), or for any 19 20 specific activity if the activity is prohibited by section 13b(6)(a). The department may also deny any activity in a work plan 21 that does not meet the conditions in subsection (3) only if the 22 23 department cannot respond under subsection (2) (b) subdivision (b) 24 or (c). The department shall accompany the denial with a letter 25 that states with specificity the reason for the denial. The department shall respond under subsection (2) (a), subdivision (a), 26 27 (b), or (c) according to this section for any activities in the work plan that are not denied under this subdivision. If the 28 29 department denies all or a portion of a work plan under this



1

subdivision, the authority may subsequently resubmit the work plan.

2 (3) The department may approve a work plan if the following3 conditions have been met:

4 (a) Whether some or all of the activities constitute
5 department specific activities other than activities that are
6 exempt from the work plan approval process under section 13b(8).

7 (b) The department specific activities, other than the 8 activities that are exempt from the work plan approval process 9 under section 13b(8), are protective of the public health, safety, 10 and welfare and the environment. The department may approve 11 department specific activities that are more protective of the public health, safety, and welfare and the environment than 12 required by section 20107a of the natural resources and 13 14 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20107a, if those 15 activities provide public health or environmental benefit. In 16 review of a work plan that includes department specific activities that are more protective of the public health, safety, and welfare 17 18 and the environment, the department's considerations may include, but are not limited to, all of the following: 19

20 (i) Proposed new land use and reliability of restrictions to21 prevent exposure to contamination.

(ii) The cost to implement activities minimally necessary to achieve due care compliance, the total cost of response activities, and the incremental cost of department specific activities in excess of those activities minimally necessary to achieve due care compliance.

27 (iii) Long-term obligations associated with leaving
28 contamination in place and the value of reducing or eliminating
29 these obligations.



(c) The estimated costs for the activities as a whole are
 reasonable for the stated purpose. Except as otherwise provided in
 subdivision (b), the department shall make the determination in
 this subdivision only after the department determines that the
 conditions in subdivisions (a) and (b) have been met.

6 (4) If the department fails to provide a written response 7 under subsection (2) within 60 days after receipt of a request for 8 approval of a work plan, the authority may proceed with the 9 activities as outlined in the work plan as submitted for approval. 10 Except as provided in subsection (5), activities conducted pursuant 11 to a work plan that was submitted to the department for approval 12 but for which the department failed to provide a written response under subsection (2) shall be are considered approved for the 13 14 purposes of subsection (1). Within 45 days after receiving 15 additional information requested from the authority under 16 subsection (2)(c), the department shall review the additional 17 information according to subsection (3) and provide 1 of the 18 responses described in subsection (2) to the requesting authority 19 for the specific activity. If the department does not provide a 20 response to the requesting authority within 45 days after receiving 21 the additional information requested under subsection (2)(c), the activity is approved under section 13b. 22

(5) The department may issue a written response to a work plan more than 60 days but less than 6 months after receipt of a request for approval. If the department issues a written response under this subsection, the authority is not required to conduct individual activities that are in addition to the individual activities included in the work plan as it was submitted for approval and failure to conduct these additional activities shall



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does not affect the authority's ability to capture taxes under 1 section 13b for the eligible activities described in the work plan 2 initially submitted under subsection (4). In addition, at the 3 option of the authority, these additional individual activities 4 5 shall be are considered part of the work plan of the authority and 6 approved for purposes of section 13b. However, any response by the 7 department under this subsection that identifies additional 8 individual activities that must be carried out to satisfy part 201 9 or part 213 must be satisfactorily completed for the activities to 10 be considered acceptable for the purposes of compliance with part 11 201 or part 213.

(6) If the department issues a written response under 12 13 subsection (5) to a work plan and if the department's written 14 response modifies an individual activity proposed by the work plan 15 of the authority in a manner that reduces or eliminates a proposed 16 response activity, the authority must complete those individual activities in accordance with the department's response in order 17 18 for that portion of the work plan to be considered approved for purposes of section 13b, unless 1 or more of the following 19 20 conditions apply:

(a) Obligations for the individual activity have been issued
by the authority, or by a municipality on behalf of the authority,
to fund the individual activity prior to before issuance of the
department's response.

(b) The individual activity has commenced or payment for the
work has been irrevocably obligated prior to before issuance of the
department's response.

28 (7) It shall be is in the sole discretion of an authority to
29 propose to undertake department specific activities under

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subsection (3)(b) at an eligible property under a brownfield plan.
 The department shall not require a work plan to include department
 specific activities that are more protective of public health,
 safety, welfare, and the environment.

5 (8) The department shall review the portion of a work plan
6 that includes department specific activities in accordance with
7 subsection (3).

8 (9) The department's approval or denial of a work plan 9 submitted under this section constitutes a final decision in regard 10 to the use of taxes levied for school operating purposes but does 11 not restrict an authority's use of tax increment revenues attributable to local taxes to pay for eligible activities under a 12 brownfield plan. If a person is aggrieved by the final decision, 13 14 the person may appeal under section 631 of the revised judicature 15 act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.631.

16 (10) To seek Michigan strategic fund approval of a work plan 17 under section 13b(4) or 13c(6) or Michigan state housing 18 development authority approval of a work plan under section 13b(4), 19 the authority shall submit all of the following for each eligible 20 property:

21 (a) A copy of the brownfield plan or the transformational22 brownfield plan.

(b) Current ownership information for each eligible property
and a summary of available information on proposed future
ownership, including the amount of any delinquent taxes, interest,
and penalties that may be due.

27 (c) A summary of available information on the historical and28 current use of each eligible property.

29

(d) Existing and proposed future zoning for each eligible



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1 property.

2 (e) A brief summary of the proposed redevelopment and future3 use for each eligible property.

4 (f) A separate work plan, or part of a work plan, for each
5 eligible activity described in section 13b(4) to be undertaken. For
6 a transformational brownfield plan, the Michigan strategic fund
7 shall prescribe the form and content for the work plan to address
8 additional eligible activities under section 2(o) (iv).2(o) (v).

9 (g) A copy of the development agreement or reimbursement
10 agreement required under section 13b(4) or 13c(6), which shall must
11 include, but is not limited to, a detailed summary of any and all
12 ownership interests, monetary considerations, fees, revenue and
13 cost sharing, charges, or other financial arrangements or other
14 consideration between the parties.

(h) For work plans that include housing development
activities, a summary of proposed income and price monitoring
responsibilities and related expenses.

18 (11) Upon On receipt of a request for approval of a work plan, 19 the Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan state housing 20 development authority shall provide 1 of the following written 21 responses to the requesting authority within 60 days following 22 receipt of a request for approval or within 7 days following the 23 first meeting of the board after the 60-day period following 24 receipt of the request for approval, whichever is later:

25 (a) An unconditional approval that includes an enumeration of26 eligible activities and a maximum allowable capture amount.

27 (b) A conditional approval that delineates specific necessary
28 modifications to the work plan, including, but not limited to,
29 individual activities to be added or deleted from the work plan and



1 revision of costs.

2 (c) A denial and a letter stating with specificity the reason
3 for the denial. If the Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan
4 state housing development authority denies a work plan is denied
5 under this subsection, the authority may subsequently resubmit the
6 work plan. may be subsequently resubmitted.

7 (12) In its review of a work plan under section 13b(4) or
8 13c(6) for approval or denial, the Michigan strategic fund or the
9 Michigan state housing development authority shall consider the
10 following criteria to the extent reasonably applicable to the type
11 of activities proposed as part of that work plan when approving or
12 denying a work plan:

13 (a) Whether the individual activities included in the work14 plan are sufficient to complete the eligible activity.

15 (b) Whether each individual activity included in the work plan16 is required to complete the eligible activity.

17 (c) Whether the cost for each individual activity is18 reasonable.

19 (d) The overall benefit to the public.

20 (e) The extent of reuse of vacant buildings and redevelopment21 of blighted property.

(f) Creation of jobs.

(g) Whether the eligible property is in an area of highunemployment.

25 (h) The level and extent of contamination alleviated by or in26 connection with the eligible activities.

27 (i) The level of private sector contribution.

(j) If the developer or projected occupant of the newdevelopment is moving from another location in this state, whether



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1 the move will create a brownfield.

2 (k) Whether the project of the developer, landowner, or
3 corporate entity that is included in the work plan is financially
4 and economically sound.

5 (l) Other state and local incentives available to the
6 developer, landowner, or corporate entity for the project of the
7 developer, landowner, or corporate entity that is included in the
8 work plan.

9 (m) If housing development activities are included in the work 10 plan, in addition to the other criteria under this subsection, all 11 of the following may be considered:

12

(i) Alignment with the statewide housing plan developed.

13 (*ii*) The capacity of the entity or agency that is monitoring14 price and income, and the duration of the monitoring.

15 (*iii*) Whether the project will support housing at price points16 that align with the local workforce.

17 (*iv*) If the property will be deed restricted to regulate short18 term rentals or otherwise ensure long-term local housing needs.

(n) (m) Any other criteria that the Michigan strategic fund or
 the Michigan state housing development authority considers
 appropriate for the determination of eligibility or for approval of
 the work plan.

(13) If the Michigan strategic fund or the Michigan state housing development authority fails to provide a written response under subsection (11) within 60 days following receipt of a request for approval of a work plan or within 7 days following the first meeting of the board after the 60-day period following receipt of the request for approval of a work plan, whichever is later, or 90 days following receipt of a request for approval in the case of a



1 transformational brownfield plan or within 7 days following the 2 first meeting of the board after the 90-day period following 3 receipt of a request for approval in the case of a transformational 4 brownfield plan, whichever is later, the eligible activities shall 5 be are considered approved and the authority may proceed with the 6 eligible activities described in sections 13b(4) and 13c(6) as 7 outlined in the work plan as submitted for approval.

8 (14) The Michigan strategic fund fund's approval of a work
9 plan under sections 13b(4) and 13c(6) is final. The Michigan state
10 housing development authority's approval of a work plan under
11 section 13b(4) is final.

12 (15) The Michigan strategic fund shall submit a report each
13 year to each member of the legislature as provided in section
14 16(4).

15 (16) All taxes levied for school operating purposes that are not used for eligible activities consistent with a combined 16 17 brownfield plan or a work plan approved by the department, the 18 Michigan state housing development authority, or the Michigan strategic fund or for the payment of interest under sections 13 and 19 20 13b and that are not deposited in a local brownfield revolving fund shall must be distributed proportionately between the local school 21 district and the school aid fund. 22

(17) The department's approval of a work plan under subsection
(2) (a) or (b) does not imply an entitlement to reimbursement of the
costs of the eligible activities if the work plan is not
implemented as approved.

27 (18) The party seeking work plan approval and the department
28 can, may, by mutual agreement, extend the time period for any
29 review described in this section. An agreement described in this



1 subsection shall must be documented in writing.

(19) If a brownfield plan includes the capture of taxes levied 2 3 for school operating purposes, the chairperson of the Michigan strategic fund may approve, without a meeting of the fund board, 4 5 combined brownfield plans and work plans that address eligible 6 activities described in section 13b(4), other than eligible 7 activities subject to section 13b(4)(b), totaling an amount of \$1,000,000.00 or less according to subsections (10), (11), (12), 8 (13), and (14) that include reimbursement of taxes levied for 9 10 school operating purposes.

11 (20) In lieu Instead of seeking approval of a work plan under 12 section 13b(4) or (6)(c) or section 13c(6), an authority may seek 13 approval of a combined brownfield plan from the department, 14 Michigan state housing development authority, or Michigan strategic 15 fund under this subsection as follows:

16 (a) To seek approval of a combined brownfield plan under this subsection, the authority shall, at least not less than 30 days 17 18 before the hearing on the combined brownfield plan to allow for 19 consultation between the authority and the department, the Michigan 20 state housing development authority, or the Michigan strategic fund and at least not less than 60 days in the case of a 21 transformational brownfield plan, provide notice that the authority 22 23 will be seeking approval of a combined brownfield plan in lieu 24 instead of a work plan to 1 or more of the following:

(i) The department, if the combined brownfield plan involves
the use of taxes levied for school operating purposes to pay for
eligible activities that require approval by the department under
section 13b(6)(c).

29

(ii) The Michigan strategic fund, if the combined brownfield



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1 plan involves the use of taxes levied for school operating purposes 2 to pay for eligible activities subject to subsection (12) or 3 section 13c(6), other than eligible activities subject to section 4 13b(4)(b), or the use of construction period tax capture revenues, 5 withholding tax capture revenues, or income tax capture revenues.

6 (*iii*) The Michigan state housing development authority if the 7 combined brownfield plan involves the use of taxes levied for 8 school operating purposes to pay for eligible activities that 9 require approval by the Michigan state housing development 10 authority under section 13b(4)(b).

(b) After the governing body approves a combined brownfield plan, the authority shall submit the combined brownfield plan to the department under the circumstances described in subdivision (a) (i), or the Michigan strategic fund under the circumstances described in subdivision (a) (ii), or the Michigan state housing development authority under the circumstances described in subdivision (a) (iii).

18 (c) The department shall review a combined brownfield plan 19 according to subdivision (e). The Michigan strategic fund shall 20 review a combined brownfield plan according to subdivision (f). The 21 Michigan state housing development authority shall review a 22 combined brownfield plan according to subdivision (g).

(d) Upon On receipt of a combined brownfield plan under
subdivision (b), the department, Michigan state housing development
authority, or Michigan strategic fund shall provide 1 of the
following written responses to the requesting authority within 60
days or, in the case of a transformational brownfield plan, within
90 days:

29

(i) An unconditional approval that includes an enumeration of



1 eligible activities and a maximum allowable capture amount.

2 (ii) A conditional approval that delineates specific necessary
3 modifications to the combined brownfield plan, including, but not
4 limited to, individual activities to be added to or deleted from
5 the combined brownfield plan and revision of costs.

6 (iii) A denial and a letter stating with specificity the reason
7 for the denial. If a combined brownfield plan is denied under this
8 subdivision, the combined brownfield plan may be subsequently
9 resubmitted.

10 (e) The department may approve a combined brownfield plan if
11 the authority submits the information identified in subsection (1)
12 and if the conditions identified in subsection (3) are met.

(f) The Michigan strategic fund shall consider the criteria identified in subsection (12) to the extent reasonably applicable to the type of activities proposed as part of a combined brownfield plan when approving or denying the combined brownfield plan and, in the case of a transformational brownfield plan, shall also consider the criteria described in section 14a(3).

(g) The Michigan state housing development authority shall consider the criteria identified in subsection (12) to the extent reasonably applicable to the type of activities proposed as part of a combined brownfield plan when approving or denying the combined brownfield plan.

(h) (g) If the department, Michigan state housing development
authority, or Michigan strategic fund issues a written response to
a requesting authority under subdivision (d) (i) or (ii), the
governing body or its designee may administratively approve any
modifications to a combined brownfield plan required by the written
response without the need to follow the notice and approval process



1 required by section 14(6) unless the modifications add 1 or more
2 parcels of eligible property or increase the maximum amount of tax
3 increment revenues or, in the case of a transformational brownfield
4 plan, construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax
5 capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues approved for the
6 project.

7 (i) (h) If the department, Michigan state housing development
authority, or Michigan strategic fund fails to provide a written
9 response under subdivision (d) within 60 days after receipt of a
10 complete combined brownfield plan, or 90 days in the case of a
11 transformational brownfield plan, the eligible activities shall be
12 are considered approved as submitted.

13 (j) (i) The approval of a combined brownfield plan by the
14 department, Michigan state housing development authority, or
15 Michigan strategic fund under this subsection is final.

16 Sec. 16. (1) The municipal and county treasurers shall 17 transmit tax increment revenues to the authority not more than 30 18 days after tax increment revenues are collected.

19 (2) The authority shall expend the tax increment revenues 20 received only in accordance with the brownfield plan. All surplus 21 funds not deposited in the local brownfield revolving fund of the 22 authority under section 8 shall must revert proportionately to the 23 respective taxing bodies, except as provided in section 15(16).

(3) The authority shall submit annually to the governing body,
the department, and the Michigan strategic fund a financial report
on the status of the activities of the authority for each calendar
year. The report shall must include all of the following:

28 (a) The total amount of local taxes that are approved for29 capture and the total amount of taxes levied for school operating



purposes that are approved for capture for each parcel included in
 a brownfield plan.

3 (b) The amount and purpose of expenditures of tax increment4 revenues.

5 (c) The amount and source of tax increment revenues received
6 for each active brownfield plan, including the amount of tax
7 increment revenues captured in the most recent tax year and the
8 cumulative amount of tax increment revenues captured for each
9 brownfield plan.

10 (d) The initial taxable value of all eligible property subject11 to the brownfield plan.

12 (e) The captured taxable value realized by the authority for13 each eligible property subject to the brownfield plan.

14 (f) The amount of actual capital investment made for each 15 project.

(g) The amount of tax increment revenues attributable to taxes levied for school operating purposes used for activities described in section 13b(6)(c), section 2(o)(i)(F) and (G), and section

19 2(o)(ii)(B) and (C). 2(o)(iii)(B) and (C).

20 (h) The number of residential units constructed or21 rehabilitated for each project.

(i) The amount, by square foot, of new or rehabilitated
residential, retail, commercial, or industrial space for each
project.

25 (j) The number of new jobs created at the project.

26 (k) A copy of all brownfield plan amendments approved by the
27 local governmental unit. of government.

28 (l) All additional information that the governing body, the29 department, or the Michigan strategic fund considers necessary.



(4) The department and the Michigan strategic fund shall 1 2 collect the financial reports submitted under subsection (3), compile a combined report - which that includes the use of local 3 taxes, taxes levied for school operating purposes, and the state 4 brownfield redevelopment fund, based on the information contained 5 6 in those reports and any additional information considered 7 necessary, and submit annually a report based on that information 8 to each member of the legislature.

9 (5) Beginning on January 1, 2013, all of the following10 reporting obligations apply:

(a) The department shall on a quarterly basis post on its website the name, location, and amount of tax increment revenues, including taxes levied for school operating purposes, for each project approved by the department under this act during the immediately preceding quarter.

(b) The Michigan strategic fund shall on a quarterly basis post on its website the name, location, and amount of tax increment revenues, including taxes levied for school operating purposes, for each project approved by the Michigan strategic fund under this act during the immediately preceding quarter.

(6) In addition to any other requirements under this act, not 21 less than once every 3 years beginning not later than June 30, 22 23 2008, the auditor general shall conduct and report a performance postaudit on the effectiveness of the program established under 24 25 this act. As part of the performance postaudit, the auditor general shall assess the extent to which the implementation of the program 26 27 by the department and the Michigan strategic fund facilitate and affect the redevelopment or reuse of eligible property and identify 28 29 any factors that inhibit the program's effectiveness. The



performance postaudit shall must also assess the extent to which the interpretation of statutory language, the development of guidance or administrative rules, and the implementation of the program by the department and the Michigan strategic fund is consistent with the fundamental objective of facilitating and supporting timely and efficient brownfield redevelopment of eligible properties.

8 (7) The owner or developer for an active project included 9 within a brownfield plan must annually submit to the authority a 10 report on the status of the project. The report shall must be in a 11 form developed by the authority and must contain information necessary for the authority to report under subsection (3)(f), (h), 12 (i), (j), and (k). The authority may waive the requirement to 13 14 submit a report under this subsection. As used in this subsection, 15 "active project" means a project for which the authority is 16 currently capturing taxes under this act.

17 (8) For a transformational brownfield plan, all of the18 following shall also apply:

19 (a) The state treasurer shall transfer to the state brownfield 20 redevelopment fund each fiscal year an amount equal to the 21 construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax capture 22 revenues, and income tax capture revenues under all approved plans 23 as provided for in section 8a(4). Funds shall must be transmitted to the authority, or owner or developer of the eligible property to 24 25 which the revenues are attributable, within 30 days of transfer to the state brownfield redevelopment fund. 26

27 (b) The authority, the department, and the Michigan strategic
28 fund shall follow the reporting requirements of subsections (3),
29 (4), and (5) with respect to all approved transformational



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brownfield plans, and shall provide information on the amount and
 use of construction period tax capture revenues, withholding tax
 capture revenues, and income tax capture revenues to the same
 extent required for tax increment revenues.

5 (c) The owner or developer of active projects included within
6 a transformational brownfield plan shall provide the information
7 required for the authority, the department, and the Michigan
8 strategic fund to satisfy the reporting and audit requirements of
9 this section.

10 (9) If activities of the authority include housing development 11 activities, both of the following apply:

12 (a) The report under subsection (3) must also include all of13 the following:

14 (*i*) The number of housing units produced.

15 (*ii*) The number of income qualified purchaser households16 served.

17 (*iii*) The number of income qualified renting households18 assisted.

19 (*iv*) For the initial reporting period, the prices at which the20 housing units were sold or rented.

(v) Racial and socioeconomic data on the individuals
purchasing or renting the housing units, or, if this data is not
available, racial and socioeconomic data on the census tract in
which the housing units are located.

(b) A copy of the report under subsection (3) must be provided to the Michigan state housing development authority. However, the Michigan state housing development authority is not required to approve the report.



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