THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ACT Act 312 of 1929

AN ACT to provide for the incorporation by any 2 or more cities, villages, or townships, or any combination or parts thereof, of a metropolitan district comprising territory within their limits for the purpose of acquiring, owning, and operating parks or public utilities for supplying sewage disposal, drainage, water, or transportation, or any combination thereof; to provide that a district may sell or purchase sewage disposal, drainage rights, water, or transportation facilities; to provide that a district may acquire and succeed to the rights, obligations, and property of such cities, villages, and townships respecting or connected with such functions or public utilities but subject to the approval of a majority of the electors voting thereon; to limit the rate of taxation of a district for its municipal purposes and restrict its powers of borrowing money and contracting debts; to provide the method and vote by which charters may be framed, adopted, and amended and laws and ordinances relating to its municipal concerns may be enacted; to define the powers, rights, and liabilities of a district; to provide for the dissolution of a district; and to prescribe penalties and provide remedies.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;—Am. 1989, Act 98, Imd. Eff. June 21, 1989;—Am. 1998, Act 171, Eff. Mar. 23, 1999.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

119.1 Metropolitan districts; purposes; body corporate.

Sec. 1. Any 2 or more cities, villages or townships or any combination or parts thereof, may incorporate into a metropolitan district or districts comprising territory within their respective limits for the purpose of acquiring, owning, operating and maintaining either within or without their limits, as may be established hereunder, parks or public utilities for supplying sewage disposal, drainage, water or transportation or any combination thereof. Each organized district hereunder shall be a body corporate.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2275;-CL 1948, 119.1.

119.1a Metropolitan districts; short title.

Sec. 1a. This act shall be known and may be cited as "The metropolitan district act."

History: Add. 1945, Act 50, Eff. Sept. 6, 1945;-CL 1948, 119.1a.

119.2 Metropolitan district; powers; referendum.

Sec. 2. Any district incorporated under this act shall have the power to acquire, own, operate and maintain within or without its limits, parks or public utilities for supplying sewage disposal, drainage, water or transportation or any combination thereof or such of said powers as may be designated in its charter. Any such district may sell or purchase, either within or without its limits, sewage disposal or drainage rights, water or transportation facilities or any combination thereof if so provided by its charter. Any such district shall have the power to acquire and succeed to any or all of the rights, obligations and property of any city, village or township, or any parts thereof, comprising territory within the limits of the district, respecting, affiliated or connected with such functions or public utilities, or any combination thereof: Provided, That no city, village or township shall surrender any such rights, obligations or property without the approval thereof by a majority vote of the electors of any such city, village or township voting on such proposition.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2276;-CL 1948, 119.2.

119.2a Metropolitan district elections; administration; conduct; date.

Sec. 2a. Notwithstanding any law or charter provision to the contrary, beginning on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, all elections in a metropolitan district shall be administered and conducted under the provisions of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.1 to 168.992, and all elections in the metropolitan district shall be held on a regular election date as established under section 641 of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.641.

History: Add. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.3 Mandatory charter provisions.

Sec. 3. Any district incorporated under the provisions of this act shall in its charter provide:

(a) For the election or appointment of all district officers, including the term of office for all district officers.

(b) For the duties and compensation of its officers; for the keeping in the English language a written or printed journal of every session of the legislative body, which records shall be public; for publication of

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ordinances before they become effective; for adopting, continuing, amending, or repealing of ordinances; for a system of accounts which conforms to any uniform system required by law; for the levy, collection, and return of taxes for district purposes; and for the annual appropriation of money for district purposes. All taxes and appropriations shall be levied, collected, and returned through the proper assessing and taxation officer or officers of each city, village, or township or parts of same comprising the metropolitan district in the same manner as near as may be that other city, village, or township taxes are levied, collected, and returned. The district legislative body or other officer or officers charged with the duty shall ascertain the total taxes or appropriation required for any year and shall certify to the proper assessing officer or officers of the city, village, or township or parts of same comprising the district its proportionate share thereof based upon the ratio that the total assessed valuation of each respective city, village, or township, or parts of same, bears to the total assessed value of all property real and personal in the entire district according to the last assessment in each of the respective units. The sum certified shall be a direct obligation of each city, village, or township or part of same and shall be paid to the metropolitan district on or before the next tax payment period. The sum shall be levied, collected, and returned by each city, village, or township in the same manner as other general taxes.

(c) For a sinking fund as provided by any general law applicable to cities.

(d) That the subjects of taxation for district purposes shall be the same as for state, county, and school purposes under the general law. However, the provisions of this section as to taxes and the levy, collection, and return of the taxes shall not apply to or be required in the charter of any metropolitan district incorporated for the purpose of the purchase, acquisition, or construction of any project or projects, or improving, enlarging, extending, or repairing thereof, authorized under the provisions of the revenue bond act of 1933, 1933 PA 94, MCL 141.101 to 141.140, but the charter shall contain provisions relative to the issuance of revenue bonds as in the act provided.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;—CL 1929, 2277;—Am. 1935, Act 56, Imd. Eff. May 13, 1935;—CL 1948, 119.3;—Am. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

Compiler's note: For provisions of Act 94 of 1933, referred to in subdivision (d), see MCL 141.101 et seq.

119.4 Permissive charter provisions.

Sec. 4. Each district incorporated under the provisions of this act may provide in its charter for 1 or more of the following:

(a) For annually levying and collecting taxes in a sum not to exceed 1/2 of 1% of the assessed value of all real and personal property in the district.

(b) For borrowing money on the credit of the district in a sum not to exceed 2% of the assessed value of all real and personal property in the district for the purpose of acquiring, owning, purchasing, constructing, maintaining, or operating parks or public utilities, for supplying sewage disposal, drainage, water, or transportation, or any combination of these. A district may borrow money and issue bonds for any of the purposes described in this subdivision that will impose no liability upon the district but may be paid and secured only by special assessment levied against each parcel for the particular public improvement and for the payment of the bonds that are issued. A district incorporated under the provisions of this act, may, for the purpose of acquiring, owning, purchasing, constructing, or operating any public utility described in this subdivision, issue mortgage bonds that may be issued beyond the general limit of bonded indebtedness prescribed by this act. A mortgage bond issued beyond the general limits of bonded indebtedness shall not impose any liability upon the district but shall be secured only upon the property and revenues of the public utility, including the franchise, stating the terms upon which, in case of foreclosure, the purchaser may operate the public utility, which franchise shall in no case extend for a longer period than 20 years from the date of the sale of the utility and franchise on foreclosure. A mortgage bond shall be sold for not less than par, bear interest at a rate not in excess of 6%, and the total amount shall not exceed 60% of the original cost of the utility. The charter of any district shall provide for the creation of a sinking fund by setting aside a percentage of the gross or net earnings of the public utility as may be deemed sufficient for the payment of the mortgage bonds at maturity.

(c) For a lien on any property and for taxes for the payment of any bonds issued or for the cost and expense of making any improvement described in this section.

(d) For laying and collecting rents, tolls and excises.

(e) For a special assessment district to provide for the cost and expense of any park or public utility, or combination of a park and public utility, as provided in this section.

(f) For the purchase or condemnation of the franchises, if any exist, and of the property used in the operation of companies or individuals engaged in or operating public utilities for supplying sewage disposal, drainage, water, or transportation, or any combination of these. Each district may in its charter provide that it Rendered Friday, August 6, 2021 Page 2 Michigan Compiled Laws Complete Through PA 64 of 2021

may make a contract upon the terms, including terms of present or deferred payment and upon the conditions and in the manner as the district may consider proper, to purchase, operate, and maintain any existing public utility property for supplying sewage disposal, drainage, water, or transportation, or any combination of these within or without its limits. If without its limits, the purchase must be incidental to the operation and maintenance of the public utility. A contract shall not bind the district unless the proposition on the contract shall receive the affirmative vote of 3/5 of the electors voting on the proposition at a regular or special election. In the event of any such purchase, the charter amendment and the contract to purchase shall provide for the creation of a sinking fund, into which shall be paid from time to time, from the earnings of the utility, sums sufficient to insure the payment of the purchase price and the performance of the obligations of the contract to the end that the entire cost of the public utility shall eventually be paid from its earnings. The powers in this subdivision are in addition to the other powers provided for in this act, and the exercise of these powers shall not impair or affect the right to exercise any other powers.

(g) For the purchase, gift, or condemnation of private property for any public use or purpose provided for and within the scope of its power. If by condemnation, the provisions of 1911 PA 149, MCL 213.21 to 213.25, or other appropriate provisions may be adopted and used for the purpose of instituting and prosecuting condemnation proceedings.

(h) For the initiative and referendum on all matters within the scope of its powers.

(i) For altering, amending, or repealing any charter affecting the district.

(j) For the enforcement of all local, police, sanitary, and other regulations as are not in conflict with the general laws of this state.

(k) For a system of civil service.

(*l*) For the exercise of all district powers in the management and control of district property and in the administration of metropolitan district government, whether the powers are expressly enumerated or not. For any act to advance the interest of the district and the good government and prosperity of the district and to pass all laws and ordinances relating to its concerns subject to the constitution and general laws of this state. The power to acquire a rapid transit system is expressly conferred by this act, which may consist of a tunnel, subway, surface, or elevated system, or any combination of these. A rapid transit system shall be considered to be transportation within the meaning of this act and the provisions relating to other public utilities shall also apply.

(m) A revenue bond issued under this act is subject to the revenue bond act of 1933, 1933 PA 94, MCL 141.101 to 141.140. All bonds issued under this act, other than revenue bonds, are subject to the revised municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2101 to 141.2821.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929; CL 1929, 2278; CL 1948, 119.4; Am. 2002, Act 410, Imd. Eff. June 3, 2002; Am. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

Compiler's note: For provisions of Act 149 of 1911, referred to in subdivision (g), see MCL 213.21 et seq.

119.5 Powers; restrictions.

Sec. 5. A district shall not do any of the following:

(a) Change the salary or emoluments of any public official after his or her election or appointment or during his or her term of office. The term of any public official shall not be shortened or extended beyond the period for which he or she was elected or appointed, unless he or she resigns or is removed for cause if the office is held for a fixed term.

(b) Adopt a charter or any amendment to a charter unless approved by a majority of the electors of each city, village, or township, voting on the charter or amendment.

(c) Sell any public utility unless approved by a majority vote of the electors of each city, village, or township voting on the proposition.

(d) Make any contract with, or give any official position to, anyone who is in default to the district or city, village, or township comprising the district.

(e) To repudiate any debt by any change in its charter or by consolidation with any other municipality.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2279;-CL 1948, 119.5;-Am. 2002, Act 410, Imd. Eff. June 3, 2002.

119.6 Incorporation; procedure; charter commission to prepare budget.

Sec. 6. Proceedings for the incorporation of metropolitan districts shall be originated as follows: Any city, village or township may, by a resolution adopted by its legislative body, have prepared a description in general terms of the district proposed to be included in a metropolitan district. Each city, village or township desiring to become a part of said district shall thereupon by appropriate resolution of its legislative body indicate its desire to become a part of same. If a part of a city, village or township shall desire to institute said proceedings or become a part of any proposed district like resolutions may be passed by the legislative body

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of such city, village or township upon petition to its legislative body signed by not less than 5 per cent of the registered voters in said part of a city, village or township. In said resolution or any subsequent resolution the legislative body of each city, village or township shall designate a person as its representative on a charter commission: Provided, Any city now or hereafter having a population of 50,000 or more inhabitants as determined by the last federal decennial census or by any federal decennial census hereafter taken shall for the first 200,000 population be entitled to an additional charter commissioner for each additional 50,000 population or major fraction thereof, and for all population above 200,000, an additional commissioner for each additional 100,000 population or major fraction thereof. Said commission shall thereupon meet upon written call of any of its members at a time and place to be designated in said notice and elect a president, a vice-president, a secretary and a treasurer and such other officers as it shall deem necessary. The commission shall thereupon prepare a budget of the expenses to be incurred therewith and shall apportion same to each city, village or township upon the basis that the total assessed valuation each city, village or township bears to the whole assessment of said area. Each city, village or township shall pay its representative or representatives the sum of \$5.00 per day for each day of actual attendance at meetings of said commission: Provided, The total sum so paid each commissioner shall not exceed the sum of \$500.00. The legislative body of any city, village or township may from time to time fill any vacancy existing in its representation on said commission. The members of said commission shall take the constitutional oath of office before the county clerk. A majority shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business. The legislative body of any city, village or township may, by resolution, express its desire to be included in said district at any time after the organization of the commission and the commission is authorized to take such action thereon as in its judgment is deemed advisable.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2280;-Am. 1945, Act 50, Eff. Sept. 6, 1945;-CL 1948, 119.6.

119.7 Charter commission; duties; first district election.

Sec. 7. The charter commission shall proceed to adopt a name for the district and frame a charter for the district as soon thereafter as practicable. The commission shall determine the rules of its proceedings and keep a journal. A roll call of its members on any question shall be entered on the journal at the request of any member. The commission shall fix the date of the first district election. The first district election shall be held on a regular election date as established under section 641 of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.641. The county clerk of the county in which the largest number of registered electors of the metropolitan district reside shall publish the proposed charter in 1 or more newspapers published in the district at least once and not less than 2 weeks and not more than 4 weeks before the election, together with a notice of the election, and that on the date fixed for the election the question of adopting the proposed charter will be voted on, and that the elective officers provided for therein will be elected on the same date. Notice of the election shall also be posted in at least 10 public places within each city, village, or township in the proposed to be included.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2281;-CL 1948, 119.7;-Am. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.8 Charter rejection; unfavorable vote, charter provision; resubmission proceedings.

Sec. 8. If the proposed charter be rejected at such election, any election of officers therein provided shall be void. Said commission shall reconvene upon a call of its president or the written request of a majority of its members and the proposed charter amended in such manner as may be deemed desirable. Any proposed charter may contain a provision that in the event of an unfavorable vote by any city, village or township or part of such a political subdivision, that said charter shall be deemed effective as to all other cities, villages or townships or parts of such political subdivision voting favorably thereon and that any officers elected at said election shall be valid. In the absence of such a provision in the charter and in the event that a city, village or township may be dropped from said proposed metropolitan district by the charter commission and the proposed boundaries corrected accordingly. Said proposed charter as amended may be then resubmitted to the qualified electors of the city, village and township or parts of same a second time in the same manner and with like notice and proceedings as required in the first instance, which proceedings in case of the rejection of said proposed charter commission shall be at an end.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2282;-CL 1948, 119.8.

119.9 Amendment of charter.

Sec. 9. Except as provided in section 9a, a metropolitan district charter passed pursuant to this act may be amended as provided in this section. An amendment may be proposed by the legislative body of the district on a 3/5 vote of the members or by an initiatory petition as provided in this act. If the amendment is proposed by the legislative body of the district, then the amendment shall be submitted to the electors of the district as provided in this act at the next regular election held in the district that occurs not less than 84 days after the proposal of the amendment. If the amendment is proposed by the initiatory petition as provided in this act at the next regular electors of the district as provided in this act at the next regular electors of the district as provided in this act at the next regular electors of the district as provided in this act at the next regular election held in the district as provided in this act at the next regular election held in the district as provided in this act at the next regular election held in the district as provided in this act at the next regular election held in the district as provided in this act at the next regular election held in the district that occurs not less than 84 days after the filing of the petitions. The form in which the proposed amendment to a district charter shall be submitted on the ballot unless provided for in the initiatory petition shall be determined by resolution by the legislative body, and when provided for by the initiatory petition, the legislative body may add that explanatory matter as it considers advisable.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;—CL 1929, 2283;—CL 1948, 119.9;—Am. 1979, Act 134, Imd. Eff. Oct. 31, 1979;—Am. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.9a Amendment to enlarge boundaries of metropolitan district; signing and filing petition; resolution; election; amendment of charter.

Sec. 9a. An amendment to enlarge the boundaries of a metropolitan district may be initiated by a petition signed by 5% of the registered voters residing in the area sought to be added to the district. The petition shall be filed with the clerk and the legislative body of the city, village, or township in which the proposed added area is located, which legislative body may pass a resolution requesting the metropolitan district legislative body to hold an election on an amendment to its charter to include the proposed added area within its boundaries. Upon filing the resolution with the district's clerk, if the legislative body of the district approves the resolution by a 3/5 vote, an election shall be held in the proposed added area and the district to vote on the proposed charter amendment as provided in section 9. If the district and the proposed added area each approves the proposed amendment by a majority vote of those voting in the election, the metropolitan district's charter shall be amended accordingly.

History: Add. 1979, Act 134, Imd. Eff. Oct. 31, 1979.

119.9b Violation of MCL 168.1 to 168.992 applicable to petitions; penalties.

Sec. 9b. A petition under section 9a, 13, or 17a, including the circulation and signing of the petition, is subject to section 488 of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.488. A person who violates a provision of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.1 to 168.992, applicable to a petition described in this section is subject to the penalties prescribed for that violation in the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.1 to 168.992.

History: Add. 1998, Act 171, Eff. Mar. 23, 1999;—Am. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.10 Charter amendment; submission to governor; procedures after submittal.

Sec. 10. Every amendment to a district charter before its submission to the electors and every charter before final adjournment of the commission, shall be transmitted to the governor of the state. If he shall approve it, he shall sign it; if not, he shall return the charter to the commission and the amendment to the legislative body of the district with his objection thereto, which shall be spread at large on the journal of the body receiving them, and if it be an amendment proposed by the legislative body, such body shall reconsider it and if 2/3 of the members agree to pass it, it shall be submitted to the electors. If it be an amendment proposed by an initiatory petition it shall be submitted to the electors notwithstanding such objections.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2284;-CL 1948, 119.10.

119.11 Charter or amendment; publication; independent propositions, authorizing vote.

Sec. 11. Every district charter or amendment thereto shall be published as the commission or legislative body respectively may prescribe. There may be submitted with any charter or amendment independent sections or propositions and such of them as receive a 3/5 vote of the electors of each city, village or township voting thereon shall become a part of such charter or shall prevail as amendments or propositions.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2285;-CL 1948, 119.11.

119.12 Charter or amendments; copies, filing.

Sec. 12. If the charter or any amendment thereto of any district incorporated under the provisions of this act be approved, then 2 printed copies thereof with the vote for and against duly certified by the secretary of the commission, shall, within 30 days after the vote is taken, be filed with the secretary of state and a like Rendered Friday, August 6, 2021 Page 5 Michigan Compiled Laws Complete Through PA 64 of 2021

number with the county clerk or clerks of the county or counties in which the district is located and shall thereupon become law.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2286;-CL 1948, 119.12.

119.13 Initiatory petition; filing; verification; checking; certification; submission of ballot question to electors.

Sec. 13. The initiatory petition referred to in this act shall be addressed to and filed with the secretary or clerk of the metropolitan district where the territory is located. The petition shall state the body or organization, if any, or if there is no body or organization, then the person or persons who are primarily interested in and responsible for the circulation of the petition or petitions and the securing of the amendment or amendments. The petitions shall be verified by the affidavit or affidavits of the person or persons who obtained the signatures and shall be signed by a number of registered electors equal to 5% of the highest vote cast for the highest elective officer whose vote can be ascertained at the last district election. The verification shall state that the petitions were circulated at the request of and pursuant to the directions of the association, organization, person, or persons desiring the amendment. The verification shall also state that the signatures were obtained by the persons verifying the petition, that the signatures are the signatures of the persons purporting to sign the petition, and that each of them signed in his or her presence and that the person verifying the petition has good reason to believe and does believe that the signers obtained are duly qualified and registered electors of the district and are the identical persons their signatures purport to be. Within 14 days from the date of the receipt of any initiatory petition, the secretary or clerk shall check over the names on the petition with the registration rolls of the territory affected or in some other proper manner determine whether the petitioners are duly qualified and registered voters of the district whose charter is to be affected by the amendment. If it appears that the number of duly qualified and registered electors signing the petition equals or exceeds 5% of the total vote cast for the highest elective officer whose vote can be ascertained at the last district election and in all other respects conforms to the provisions of this section, he or she shall certify to those facts and report the same to the legislative body of the district. If he or she finds that there are less than the required number, he or she shall report that fact to the legislative body of the district and no further action upon the petitions shall be had. If the petition conforms to this act, the legislative body of the metropolitan district shall submit the ballot question to the metropolitan district electors as provided in section 389 of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168,389. Other proposals, whether initiated by petition as provided in this section, or proposed by the legislative body, within the times respectively within this act provided, may be submitted to the metropolitan district electors as provided in section 389 of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.389.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929; CL 1929, 2287; CL 1948, 119.13; Am. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.15 Metropolitan districts; short title.

Sec. 15. This act shall be known and may be cited as the metropolitan district act.

History: 1929, Act 312, Eff. Aug. 28, 1929;-CL 1929, 2289;-CL 1948, 119.15.

119.16 Dissolution of metropolitan district; resolution.

Sec. 16. A metropolitan district may be dissolved by resolution of the legislative body of the metropolitan district after the requirements of section 17 have been met.

History: Add. 1989, Act 98, Imd. Eff. June 21, 1989.

119.17 Duties of legislative body prior to dissolution; plan for disposition of assets and liabilities; resolution; insufficient assets.

Sec. 17. (1) Prior to dissolution of a metropolitan district under section 16, the legislative body of the metropolitan district shall do both of the following:

(a) Provide written notice to the legislative body of each city, village, and township included in the district of its intent to dissolve the metropolitan district.

(b) Prepare or cause to be prepared a financial report of the assets and liabilities of the metropolitan district. This report shall include an accounting of all money held by the district, a description of all obligations of the district, an appraisal or inventory of all other assets of the district, and a description of any encumbrances on these assets. A copy of this report shall be provided to the legislative body of each city, village, or township included in the metropolitan district.

(2) If the financial report of the metropolitan district under subsection (1) indicates that the assets of the district are greater than the liabilities, the legislative body of the metropolitan district shall prepare a plan for the disposition of the assets and liabilities of the district. This plan may include the disposal of assets in a

manner the legislative body considers prudent to discharge or settle existing liabilities of the metropolitan district. The plan may also include the transfer of an asset or an assumable liability to any person, local unit of government, or other public authority. The plan shall provide for the proportional distribution of the assets remaining after all liabilities to each city, village, and township within the metropolitan district shall pass a resolution agreeing to a plan required under this subsection and agreeing to the dissolution of the district.

(3) If the assets of the metropolitan district are insufficient to meet existing liabilities, the legislative body of the district shall do either of the following:

(a) Raise taxes in the manner provided in this act to discharge the liabilities.

(b) Enter into a written agreement with the legislative body of each city, village, and township included in the district in which each city, village, and township agrees to assume a proportionate share of the liabilities of the district.

History: Add. 1989, Act 98, Imd. Eff. June 21, 1989.

119.17a Dissolution of metropolitan district; petition; submission of ballot question to electors; language; form; approval by majority of electors.

Sec. 17a. (1) In addition to the method for dissolving a metropolitan district as provided in section 16, the dissolution of a metropolitan district may be initiated by a petition signed by not less than 5% of the registered electors residing in the metropolitan district. The petition shall be filed with the county clerk of the county in which the largest number of registered electors in the metropolitan district reside as provided in section 646a(2) of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.646a. The ballot question proposing the dissolution of the metropolitan district shall be submitted to the electors in the metropolitan district at the next regular election held in the metropolitan district that occurs not less than 84 days after the filing of the petition.

(2) The ballot question language for the proposed dissolution of the metropolitan district shall be in substantially the following form on the ballot: "Shall the ______ be dissolved?

he ______ be dissolved? (legal name of metropolitan district)

Yes (__) No (__).".

(3) If a majority of the electors in the metropolitan district voting at the election approve of the dissolution of the metropolitan district, the metropolitan district shall be dissolved within 2 years after the election as provided in section 17b.

History: Add. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.17b Dissolution of metropolitan district; transfer of powers, duties, assets, and liabilities; appointment of board of trustees; duties.

Sec. 17b. (1) If the dissolution of a metropolitan district is approved under section 17a, the legislative body of the metropolitan district is immediately dissolved and the powers and duties of the legislative body of the metropolitan district are transferred to the 5-member board of trustees as provided in subsection (2). In addition, all of the assets and liabilities of the metropolitan district are transferred to the 5-member board of trustees as provided in subsection (2).

(2) Within 30 days after the election approving of the dissolution of the metropolitan district, the presiding or senior judge of probate of the county in which the largest number of registered electors of the metropolitan district reside, the county clerk of the county in which the largest number of registered electors of the metropolitan district reside, and the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the largest number of registered electors of the metropolitan district reside shall appoint a 5-member board of trustees composed of the following members who shall dissolve the metropolitan district:

(a) Two members who are elected county officers from the county in which the largest number of registered electors of the metropolitan district reside.

(b) Two members who are elected city, township, or village officers from a city, township, or village in the metropolitan district.

(c) One member who is a citizen residing in the metropolitan district.

(3) Within 2 years after the election approving the dissolution of the metropolitan district, the 5-member board of trustees as provided in subsection (2) shall do all of the following in order to dissolve the metropolitan district:

(a) Prepare or cause to be prepared the financial report as described in section 17(1)(b). A copy of the financial report shall be provided to the legislative body of each city, township, and village in the

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metropolitan district.

(b) Prepare a plan for the disposition of the assets and liabilities of the metropolitan district as provided in section 17(2).

(c) Deposit all records of the metropolitan district with the county clerk as provided in section 18.

(d) Notify the governor in writing of the dissolution.

History: Add. 2012, Act 587, Imd. Eff. Jan. 7, 2013.

119.18 Deposit of records; notice to governor.

Sec. 18. (1) Upon dissolution of a metropolitan district under sections 16 and 17, the legislative body of the district shall deposit all records of the metropolitan district with the clerk of the county in which the district was located, or, if the district was located in more than 1 county, with the clerk of the county in which the largest part of the district was located, for safekeeping and reference.

(2) Upon dissolution of a metropolitan district, the legislative body of the district shall notify the governor, in writing, of the dissolution.

History: Add. 1989, Act 98, Imd. Eff. June 21, 1989.

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