JOINT MUNICIPAL PLANNING ACT Act 226 of 2003

AN ACT to provide for joint land use planning and zoning by local units of government; and to provide for the establishment, powers, and duties of joint planning commissions and zoning boards of appeals.

History: 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003;—Am. 2008, Act 134, Imd. Eff. May 21, 2008.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

125.131 Short title.

Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "joint municipal planning act". **History:** 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003.

125.133 Definitions.

Sec. 3. As used in this act:

(a) "Municipality" means a city, village, or township.

(b) "Participating" means, with respect to a municipality, that the municipality is a member of a joint planning commission.

(c) "Registered elector of the municipality" means a registered elector residing in the municipality or, if the municipality is a township, a registered elector residing in the portion of the township outside the limits of any village.

History: 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003;—Am. 2008, Act 134, Imd. Eff. May 21, 2008.

125.135 Joint planning commission; approval of agreement to establish; specifications; phased transfer.

Sec. 5. (1) Subject to section 9, the legislative bodies of 2 or more municipalities may each adopt an ordinance approving an agreement establishing a joint planning commission. The agreement shall specify at least all of the following:

(a) The composition of the joint planning commission, including any alternate members.

(b) The qualifications, the selection by election or appointment, and the terms of office of members of the joint planning commission.

(c) Conditions and procedures for removal from office of members of the joint planning commission and for filling vacancies in the joint planning commission.

(d) How the operating budget of the joint planning commission will be shared by the participating municipalities.

(e) The jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission, which may consist of all or part of the combined territory of the participating municipalities.

(f) Procedures by which a municipality may join or withdraw from the joint planning commission.

(g) For situations in which the powers, duties, or procedures of a planning commission under the Michigan planning enabling act, 2008 PA 33, MCL 125.3801 to 125.3885, depend on whether the municipality is (*i*) a township that on September 1, 2008 had a planning commission created under former 1931 PA 285, (*ii*) a township that did not on September 1, 2008, have a planning commission created under former 1931 PA 285, or (*iii*) a city or village—a designation of which of these 3 categories of municipalities' powers, duties, and procedures will be applicable to the joint planning commission. A category of municipality shall not be designated under this subdivision unless at least 1 of the participating municipalities falls within that category.

(h) For situations in which the powers, duties, or procedures under the Michigan zoning enabling act, 2006 PA 110, MCL 125.3101 to 125.3702, applicable to a planning commission depend on whether the municipality is a township or is a city or village, a designation either that the powers, duties, and procedures applicable to a township will be followed by the joint planning commission or that the powers, duties, and procedures applicable to a city or village will be followed by the joint planning commission. Powers, duties, and procedures applicable to a township shall not be designated unless at least 1 of the participating municipalities is a township. Powers, duties, and procedures applicable to a city or village municipalities is a city or village shall not be designated unless at least 1 of the participating municipalities is a city or village.

(i) Any additional provision concerning the powers or duties of a zoning board or zoning commission that the Michigan zoning enabling act, 2006 PA 110, MCL 125.3101 to 125.3702, authorizes to be set forth in a zoning ordinance and that is agreed to by the participating municipalities.

(j) The effective date of the agreement.

(2) The agreement may provide for the phased transfer to the joint planning commission of the powers and Rendered Thursday, February 28, 2019 Page 1 Michigan Compiled Laws Complete Through PA 578 of 2018 © Legislative Council, State of Michigan *Courtesy of www.legislature.mi.gov* duties of existing planning commissions or zoning boards or zoning commissions under section 7.

History: 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003;—Am. 2008, Act 134, Imd. Eff. May 21, 2008.

125.137 Transfer of powers and duties.

Sec. 7. (1) Subject to section 5(1)(g) and (2), all the powers and duties of a planning commission under the Michigan planning enabling act, 2008 PA 33, MCL 125.3801 to 125.3885, are, with respect to the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission, transferred to the joint planning commission.

(2) Subject to section 5(2), all the powers and duties of a zoning board or zoning commission under the Michigan zoning enabling act, 2006 PA 110, MCL 125.3101 to 125.3702, are, with respect to the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission, transferred to the joint planning commission. In exercising such powers or performing such duties, the joint planning commission shall follow the procedure specified pursuant to section 5(h), when relevant.

(3) If only part of the territory of a participating municipality is in the jurisdictional area of a joint planning commission, the participating municipality, with the joint planning commission acting as the zoning board or zoning commission, may adopt a zoning ordinance that affects only that portion of its territory in the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission.

(4) The participating municipalities, with the joint planning commission acting as the zoning commission, may each adopt a joint zoning ordinance that affects the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission and provides for the joint administration of the joint zoning ordinance, including, but not limited to, a joint zoning board of appeals.

History: 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003;—Am. 2008, Act 134, Imd. Eff. May 21, 2008.

125.139 Adoption of ordinance by municipality; notice of intent to file petition; petition subject to certain laws; referendum.

Sec. 9. (1) Subject to subsection (3), if a municipality adopts an ordinance under section 5, within 7 days after the municipality publishes the ordinance or a synopsis of the ordinance, whichever is required by law, a registered elector of the municipality may file with the clerk of the municipality a notice of intent to file a petition under this section. If a notice of intent is filed, then within 30 days following the publication of the ordinance or synopsis, a petition signed by a number of registered electors of the municipality equal to not less than 15% of the total votes cast for all candidates for governor, at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected, in the municipality may be filed with the clerk of the municipality requesting the submission of the ordinance to the registered electors of the municipality for their approval. Upon the filing of a notice of intent, the ordinance adopted by the legislative body of the municipality shall not take effect until 1 of the following occurs:

(a) The expiration of 30 days after publication of the ordinance or synopsis, if a petition is not filed within that time.

(b) If a petition is filed within 30 days after publication of the ordinance, the clerk of the municipality determines that the petition is inadequate.

(c) If a petition is filed within 30 days after publication of the ordinance, the clerk of the municipality determines that the petition is adequate and the ordinance is approved by a majority of the registered electors of the municipality voting for the ordinance at the next regular election which supplies reasonable time for proper notices and printing of ballots, or at any special election called for that purpose. The legislative body of the municipality shall provide the manner of submitting the ordinance to the registered electors of the municipality for their approval or rejection, and determining the result of the election.

(2) A petition under subsection (1), including the circulation and signing of the petition, is subject to section 488 of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.488. A person who violates a provision of the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.1 to 168.992, applicable to a petition under subsection (1) is subject to the penalties prescribed for that violation in the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.1 to 168.992.

(3) If a municipality has a charter and the charter provides for a right of referendum on municipal ordinances, then, in that municipality, the charter referendum provisions, instead of subsections (1) and (2), apply to an ordinance adopted under section 5.

History: 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003.

125.141 Conduct of business at public meeting; writings subject to freedom of information act.

Sec. 11. (1) The business that a joint planning commission may perform shall be conducted at a public meeting of the joint planning commission held in compliance with the open meetings act, 1976 PA 267, MCL Rendered Thursday, February 28, 2019 Page 2 Michigan Compiled Laws Complete Through PA 578 of 2018

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15.261 to 15.275.

(2) A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of, or retained by a joint planning commission in the performance of an official function is subject to the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.

History: 2003, Act 226, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003.

125.143 Allocation of land; conditions.

Sec. 13. (1) If a joint plan allocates land, within the territory of a participating municipality and the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission, for a particular land use, both of the following apply:

(a) The joint plan need not allocate land that is within the territory of any other participating municipality and that is within the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission for that land use.

(b) A plan of a participating municipality under 1959 PA 168, MCL 125.321 to 125.333, or 1931 PA 285, MCL 125.31 to 125.45, need not allocate land that is within the territory of that participating municipality but that is outside the jurisdictional area of the joint planning commission, if any, for that land use.

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