

**DIVISION OF TERRITORY**  
**Act 38 of 1883**

AN ACT to provide for adjustment of rights and liabilities on division of territory of cities and townships.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883.

*The People of the State of Michigan enact:*

**123.1 Division of territory; adjustment of property rights and liabilities.**

Sec. 1. When land shall be detached from any city or township in this state and attached to any city or township, or organized into a new township, the moneys, rights, credits and personal property belonging to any city or township, the boundary of which may be so changed, or from which a new township shall be organized, shall be divided between said cities, townships, or city and township; the city or township to which said territory is attached, or the newly organized township, as the case may be, to have such a proportion as the value of the taxable property attached thereto, or embraced in such new township, bears to the whole value of the taxable property of the city or township from which said territory was detached and the city or township from which territory is detached shall be entitled to the balance of said moneys, rights, credits and personal property, the value of said taxable property to be ascertained from the assessment roll of said city or township made immediately before such change of boundary: Provided, That in case said assessment roll shall have been lost or destroyed, the value of said taxable property may be ascertained by the assessment or tax roll of said city or township made before and nearest to the time of said change of boundary which can be produced; and in case all of the assessment and tax rolls of said city or township made prior to such division or organization of the new township shall have been lost or destroyed, then the value of said taxable property may be determined by any other competent evidence.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109b;—Am. 1887, Act 51, Imd. Eff. Mar. 29, 1887;—CL 1897, 3462;—CL 1915, 3452;—CL 1929, 2334;—CL 1948, 123.1.

**123.2 Division of territory; sale of lands; division of proceeds.**

Sec. 2. When the boundary of any city or township shall be changed in the manner provided in the preceding section, any land of which such city or township, from which said territory is detached, shall be seized, shall be sold by the proper city or township authorities of the city or township in which said land was located before the division, and the moneys derived from such sale shall be divided between the said city and township in the manner provided in section 1 of this act; and the city or township in which the said land may be situated after the change of boundary may purchase the said real estate.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109c;—CL 1897, 3463;—CL 1915, 3453;—CL 1929, 2335;—CL 1948, 123.2.

**123.3 Division of territory; burial grounds.**

Sec. 3. The preceding section of this chapter shall not apply to any cemetery or burying ground belonging to any city or township, but the same shall belong to the city or township within which it may be situated after the division shall have been made.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109d;—CL 1897, 3464;—CL 1915, 3454;—CL 1929, 2336;—CL 1948, 123.3.

**123.4 Division of territory; apportionment of debts.**

Sec. 4. All debts owing by a city or township from which territory has been detached, as provided for in section 1 of this act, shall be apportioned in the same manner as the personal property of such city or township, and each city and township shall be charged with and pay its share of the debts according to such apportionment.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109e;—CL 1897, 3465;—CL 1915, 3455;—CL 1929, 2337;—CL 1948, 123.4.

**123.5 Division of territory; joint settlement meeting, notice.**

Sec. 5. As soon after the said change of boundary as practicable either any city or township, the boundary of which has been changed, may give notice to the other cities or townships, the boundaries of which have been changed by such division, to meet with said city or township giving the notice for a settlement of the matters in difference between said cities or city and township growing out of the said division and change of boundary, which notice may be served, in case of cities, upon the mayor of the city, and in case of townships upon the township clerk, and such notice shall specify the object for which it is given, the place of meeting, which shall be in 1 of said cities or townships, and the time of such meeting, which shall not be less than 20 days after service of such notice as aforesaid.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109f;—CL 1897, 3466;—CL 1915, 3456;—CL 1929, 2338;—CL 1948, 123.5.

### **123.6 Division of territory; representation at settlement meeting; duties at meeting.**

Sec. 6. If said notice is given by a city it shall be the duty of the mayor of said city to appoint a committee of 4 from the aldermen of said city to meet with the township board of any such township and settle the matters in difference between the city and townships. And it shall be the duty of the mayor of any city upon which such notice shall be served to appoint from the aldermen of the city a committee of 4 for like purpose; and the township clerk of the township upon whom such notice shall be served shall immediately give notice to the members of the township board of the time and place said meeting has been called, and it shall be the duty of said committees so appointed in such cities and the township boards of any such townships, to meet at the time and place designated in the notice, and make a fair and equitable division of the money, rights, credits, and personal estate, and apportionment of the indebtedness of said cities or townships from which territory has been detached, as provided in section 1 of this act, between the said city and townships.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109g;—CL 1897, 3467;—CL 1915, 3457;—CL 1929, 2339;—CL 1948, 123.6.

### **123.7 Division of territory; institution of proceedings in chancery; decree.**

Sec. 7. If the mayor of any such city upon whom such notice shall be served shall neglect or refuse to appoint a committee as provided for in section 6 of this act, or the township clerk of any township shall neglect or refuse to notify the township board of the time and place of such meeting, or if said committee be appointed and such township board notified, if they shall neglect or refuse to meet at the time and place specified for the settlement, or having met, shall refuse, fail, or neglect to arrive at a settlement of the matters submitted to them by the preceding sections of this chapter, then the city or township giving the notice may file a bill in the circuit court in chancery in the proper county against such other city or township as is entitled under the provisions of this act to have a portion of the personal property, money, rights, and effects of the city, village or township from which said land shall be detached, or liable to contribute to the payment of the debts of the said city, village, or township for an accounting and settlement, or in such suit in chancery between said city and township, or between such cities, and a decree may be entered in the said case fixing the amount which each of said cities or townships shall be entitled to of the moneys, rights, credits and personal property of said city or township, the boundary of which has been changed by detaching territory therefrom as specified in section 1 of this act, and said decree may also apportion the amount which each of said cities or townships shall be liable for of the indebtedness of any such city or township from which lands may be detached as above specified.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109h;—CL 1897, 3468;—CL 1915, 3458;—CL 1929, 2340;—CL 1948, 123.7.

### **123.8 Liability for pro rata share of indebtedness paid.**

Sec. 8. Upon payment of any of its indebtedness existing prior to said change of boundary by any city or township, the boundary of which has been changed as provided for in this act, the remaining cities or townships, the boundaries of which have been changed by said division, shall be liable to and pay to the city or township paying any such indebtedness their pro rata share of the indebtedness so paid.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109i;—CL 1897, 3469;—CL 1915, 3459;—CL 1929, 2341;—CL 1948, 123.8.

### **123.9 Construction and scope of act.**

Sec. 9. This act shall be applied to any change in the boundary of any incorporate village whenever it shall not be a part of any township within this state.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109j;—CL 1897, 3470;—CL 1915, 3460;—CL 1929, 2342;—CL 1948, 123.9.

### **123.10 Construction of act; existing change but no settlement.**

Sec. 10. That in all cases where the boundaries of cities or townships have been heretofore changed in the manner specified in section 1 of this act, and no settlement of the matters in difference between said cities, or city and townships, has been arranged, and no division of the moneys, rights, credits and personal property of said cities or townships made, or no apportionment of the indebtedness due from the city or township from which territory has been detached in making the division, shall have been made, the provisions of this act shall apply; and the provisions of this act shall extend to such cases and a settlement of said matters made and enforced in the same manner as though said division were made after the passage and taking effect of this act.

**History:** 1883, Act 38, Eff. Sept. 8, 1883;—How. 3109k;—CL 1897, 3471;—CL 1915, 3461;—CL 1929, 2343;—CL 1948, 123.10.

### **123.11 New assessment district; assessment and collection; reassessment of bonded indebtedness; circuit court, jurisdiction.**

Sec. 11. When land shall be detached from any city, township or village in this state and attached to any city, township or village, as in the first section of this act provided, and a special assessment district or districts shall have been created and a special assessment roll or rolls shall have been made and special assessments levied thereon by such city, township or village prior to the detachment therefrom of land as aforesaid, and the same shall not have been paid in full, such city, township or village from which such land is detached or to which such land is annexed may create a new assessment district or districts out of the territory of such special assessment district or districts so attached or remaining, as the case may be, and may make a new assessment roll, and charge the property of such assessment district or districts or the owner or owners thereof with the payment of the whole or any portion of the special assessment unpaid; Provided, That in case any part of the assessment so made upon any lot or parcel of land shall have been paid in whole or in part, the said lot or parcel of land in said assessment district or districts shall be credited with the payment thereof upon such new assessment roll, or a certified copy of such special assessment roll may be made by the city, township or village having the custody thereof, and when so made shall be turned over to the municipality to which land has been annexed or detached, as the case may be, as aforesaid; and the collection of the said special assessment upon said assessment district or districts so divided shall be continued in all respects according to law by the proper officer of each of said municipalities upon the portion of the assessment district or districts within either of said municipalities after such annexation or detachment of land as aforesaid; or if the whole of any special assessment district or districts so created as aforesaid shall be annexed to another municipality, a new special assessment may be made upon the territory of the original assessment district or districts by the municipality to which said special assessment district or districts shall have been annexed, and the assessment collected in the same manner as special assessments are collected by such municipality; or the original assessment roll made by the municipality from which the land shall have been taken as aforesaid may be used by the municipality to which the assessment district or districts has been annexed, upon which to collect the assessment or any part thereof; or where any tax whatever has been levied by a municipality and subsequently part of the territory of such municipality shall have been annexed to another municipality, and said tax or any part thereof shall remain uncollected and unpaid, a certified copy of the tax roll shall be made by the municipality having the custody thereof and turned over to the municipality to which a part of such territory has been annexed, and said tax shall then be collected by the proper officer of each of said municipalities upon the portion of territory within the jurisdiction of each, and in case the whole of the territory of a municipality is taken by being annexed to another municipality or a new municipality created therefrom, the tax roll of the municipality making the same may be used by such municipality or the municipality to which such land is annexed, and the tax collected in the same manner as other taxes are collected by municipalities under the law. Where a special assessment district shall have been charged with the payment of money evidenced by bond issue or otherwise and the same shall have been divided by the detachment of land as aforesaid, and the authorities of each of the municipalities are unable to agree upon the division and assumption of said bond issue or other indebtedness, then the circuit court in chancery of the county wherein is located the municipality to which land has been attached shall have the power to apportion the payment of said bonds or other evidence of indebtedness between the said special assessment district or districts, according to the proportion each part of said special assessment district or districts should bear when divided as aforesaid. If for any reason any special or general assessment or tax levy in this act enumerated shall be declared void by a court of competent jurisdiction on account of any error or omission in the proceedings had or taken in making such special or general assessment or tax levy, the common council or other proper authority of such municipality shall cause a re-assessment to be made upon the original assessment district or so much thereof as is within its jurisdiction, in the same manner and with like effect as assessments of like character are made by such municipality for general and special purposes under the charter and laws of such municipality; nor shall any assessment herein mentioned be held invalid by any court on account of any defect or omission in the proceedings had or taken in the making of said assessment, unless the person or persons complaining thereof be required to pay such sum or sums as said court may find the property assessed in said assessment roll shall have been benefited by the making of such assessment. The said circuit court in chancery is hereby given full and ample power to determine and adjudicate every question which may arise under the provisions of this act, where provision for the solution of such question is not herein already made. The foregoing act as in this section amended shall apply and be applicable to all cases where the boundaries of cities, townships or villages have been heretofore changed or may hereafter be changed, in the manner specified in section 1 of this act.

**History:** Add. 1909, Act 290, Eff. Sept. 1, 1909;—CL 1915, 3462;—CL 1929, 2344;—CL 1948, 123.11.