NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY ACT Act 61 of 2007

AN ACT to provide for the establishment of a neighborhood improvement authority; to prescribe the powers and duties of the authority; to correct and prevent deterioration in neighborhoods and certain other areas; to authorize the acquisition and disposal of interests in real and personal property; to authorize the creation and implementation of development plans and development areas; to promote residential and economic growth; to create a board; to prescribe the powers and duties of the board; to authorize the issuance of bonds and other evidences of indebtedness; to authorize the use of tax increment financing; to prescribe powers and duties of certain state officials; to provide for rule promulgation; and to provide for enforcement of the act.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

125.2911 Short title.

Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "neighborhood improvement authority act".

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2912 Definitions; A to M.

Sec. 2. As used in this act:

- (a) "Advance" means a transfer of funds made by a municipality to an authority or to another person on behalf of the authority in anticipation of repayment by the authority. Evidence of the intent to repay an advance may include, but is not limited to, an executed agreement to repay, provisions contained in a tax increment financing plan approved prior to the advance, or a resolution of the authority or the municipality.
- (b) "Assessed value" means the taxable value as determined under section 27a of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.27a.
 - (c) "Authority" means a neighborhood improvement authority created under this act.
 - (d) "Board" means the governing body of an authority.
- (e) "Captured assessed value" means the amount in any 1 year by which the current assessed value of the development area, including the assessed value of property for which specific local taxes are paid in lieu of property taxes as determined in section 3(d), exceeds the initial assessed value. The state tax commission shall prescribe the method for calculating captured assessed value.
- (f) "Chief executive officer" means the mayor or city manager of a city or the president or village manager of a village.
 - (g) "Development area" means that area described in section 5 to which a development plan is applicable.
- (h) "Development plan" means that information and those requirements for a development area set forth in section 19.
 - (i) "Development program" means the implementation of the development plan.
 - (i) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the authority.
- (k) "Governing body" or "governing body of a municipality" means the elected body of a municipality having legislative powers.
 - (1) "Housing" means publicly owned housing, individual or multifamily.
- (m) "Initial assessed value" means the assessed value of all the taxable property within the boundaries of the development area at the time the ordinance establishing the tax increment financing plan is approved, as shown by the most recent assessment roll of the municipality at the time the resolution is adopted. Property exempt from taxation at the time of the determination of the initial assessed value shall be included as zero. For the purpose of determining initial assessed value, property for which a specific local tax is paid in lieu of a property tax shall not be considered to be property that is exempt from taxation. The initial assessed value of property for which a specific local tax was paid in lieu of a property tax shall be determined as provided in section 3(d).
- (n) "Land use plan" means a plan prepared under former 1921 PA 207 or a site plan under the Michigan zoning enabling act, 2006 PA 110, MCL 125.3101 to 125.3702.
 - (o) "Municipality" means a city or a village.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2913 Definitions; O to T.

Sec. 3. As used in this act:

- (a) "Operations" means office maintenance, including salaries and expenses of employees, office supplies, consultation fees, design costs, and other expenses incurred in the daily management of the authority and planning of its activities.
 - (b) "Parcel" means an identifiable unit of land that is treated as separate for valuation or zoning purposes.
- (c) "Public facility" means housing, a street, plaza, pedestrian mall, and any improvements to a street, plaza, or pedestrian mall including street furniture and beautification, park, parking facility, recreational facility, right-of-way, structure, waterway, bridge, lake, pond, canal, utility line or pipe, or building, including access routes designed and dedicated to use by the public generally, or used by a public agency. Public facility includes an improvement to a facility used by the public or a public facility as those terms are defined in section 1 of 1966 PA 1, MCL 125.1351, if the improvement complies with the barrier free design requirements of the state construction code promulgated under the Stille-DeRossett-Hale single state construction code act, 1972 PA 230, MCL 125.1501 to 125.1531.
- (d) "Residential district" means an area of a municipality where 75% or more of the area is zoned for residential housing.
- (e) "Specific local tax" means a tax levied under 1974 PA 198, MCL 207.551 to 207.572, the commercial redevelopment act, 1978 PA 255, MCL 207.651 to 207.668, the technology park development act, 1984 PA 385, MCL 207.701 to 207.718, 1953 PA 189, MCL 211.181 to 211.182, the neighborhood enterprise zone act, 1992 PA 147, MCL 207.771 to 207.786, or the commercial rehabilitation act, 2005 PA 210, MCL 207.841 to 207.856. The initial assessed value or current assessed value of property subject to a specific local tax shall be the quotient of the specific local tax paid divided by the ad valorem millage rate. The state tax commission shall prescribe the method for calculating the initial assessed value and current assessed value of property for which a specific local tax was paid in lieu of a property tax.
 - (f) "State fiscal year" means the annual period commencing October 1 of each year.
- (g) "Tax increment revenues" means the amount of ad valorem property taxes and specific local taxes attributable to the application of the levy of all taxing jurisdictions upon the captured assessed value of real and personal property in the development area. Tax increment revenues do not include any of the following:
 - (i) Taxes under the state education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906.
 - (ii) Taxes levied by local or intermediate school districts.
- (iii) Ad valorem property taxes attributable either to a portion of the captured assessed value shared with taxing jurisdictions within the jurisdictional area of the authority or to a portion of value of property that may be excluded from captured assessed value or specific local taxes attributable to the ad valorem property taxes.
- (iv) Ad valorem property taxes excluded by the tax increment financing plan of the authority from the determination of the amount of tax increment revenues to be transmitted to the authority or specific local taxes attributable to the ad valorem property taxes.
- (v) Ad valorem property taxes exempted from capture under section 14(5) or specific local taxes attributable to those ad valorem property taxes.
- (vi) Ad valorem property taxes specifically levied for the payment of principal and interest of obligations approved by the electors or obligations pledging the unlimited taxing power of the local governmental unit or specific taxes attributable to those ad valorem property taxes.

125.2914 Multiple authorities; establishment; authority as public body corporate.

- Sec. 4. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a municipality may establish multiple authorities. A parcel of property shall not be included in more than 1 authority created under this act.
- (2) An authority is a public body corporate that may sue and be sued in any court of this state. An authority possesses all the powers necessary to carry out its purpose. The enumeration of a power in this act shall not be construed as a limitation upon the general powers of an authority.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2915 Operation of authority; resolution of intent; public hearing; notice; adoption of ordinance establishing authority; filing; alteration or amendment of boundaries; exclusions; duration.

- Sec. 5. (1) If the governing body of a municipality determines that it is necessary for the best interests of the public to promote residential growth in a residential district and to promote economic growth, the governing body may, by resolution, declare its intention to create and provide for the operation of an
- (2) In the resolution of intent, the governing body shall set a date for a public hearing on the adoption of a proposed ordinance creating the authority and designating the boundaries of the development area. Notice of Rendered Thursday, October 30, 2014 Michigan Compiled Laws Complete Through PA 323 of 2014

the public hearing shall be published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, not less than 20 or more than 40 days before the date of the hearing. Not less than 20 days before the hearing, the governing body proposing to create the authority shall also mail notice of the hearing to the property taxpayers of record in the proposed development area and to the governing body of each taxing jurisdiction levying taxes that would be subject to capture if the authority is established and a tax increment financing plan is approved. Failure of a property taxpayer to receive the notice does not invalidate these proceedings. Notice of the hearing shall be posted in at least 20 conspicuous and public places in the proposed development area not less than 20 days before the hearing. The notice shall state the date, time, and place of the hearing and shall describe the boundaries of the proposed development area. A citizen, taxpayer, or property owner of the municipality or an official from a taxing jurisdiction with millage that would be subject to capture has the right to be heard in regard to the establishment of the authority and the boundaries of the proposed development area. The governing body of the municipality shall not incorporate land into the development area not included in the description contained in the notice of public hearing, but it may eliminate described lands from the development area in the final determination of the boundaries.

- (3) Not less than 60 days after the public hearing, if the governing body of the municipality intends to proceed with the establishment of the authority, it shall adopt, by majority vote of its members, an ordinance establishing the authority and designating the boundaries of the development area within which the authority shall exercise its powers. The adoption of the ordinance is subject to any applicable statutory or charter provisions in respect to the approval or disapproval by the chief executive or other officer of the municipality and the adoption of an ordinance over his or her veto. This ordinance shall be filed with the secretary of state promptly after its adoption and shall be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality.
- (4) The governing body of the municipality may alter or amend the boundaries of the development area to include or exclude lands from the development area in the same manner as adopting the ordinance creating the authority.
- (5) A residential district or development area under this act shall not include an area of a municipality that is part of a residential district or a development area under the historical neighborhood tax increment finance authority act, 2004 PA 530, MCL 125.2841 to 125.2866.
- (6) An authority created under this act shall have a duration of not more than 30 years from the date of the resolution creating the authority. The governing body of a municipality may extend the duration of the authority by resolution if the purposes for which the authority was created still exist.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2916 Annexation or consolidation with another municipality.

Sec. 6. If a development area is part of an area annexed to or consolidated with another municipality, the authority managing that development area shall become an authority of the annexing or consolidated municipality. Obligations of that authority incurred under a development or tax increment plan, agreements related to a development or tax increment plan, and bonds issued under this act shall remain in effect following the annexation or consolidation.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2917 Board; chief officer; membership; appointment terms; vacancy; oath; open meetings; removal of member; financial records; writings subject to freedom of information act.

- Sec. 7. (1) An authority shall be under the supervision and control of a board consisting of the chief executive officer of the municipality or his or her designee and not less than 5 or more than 9 members as determined by the governing body of the municipality. Members shall be appointed by the chief executive officer of the municipality, subject to approval by the governing body of the municipality. Not less than a majority of the members shall be persons having an ownership or business interest in property located in the development area. At least 1 of the members shall be a resident of the development area or of an area within 1/2 mile of any part of the development area. Of the members first appointed, an equal number of the members, as near as is practicable, shall be appointed for 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, and 4 years. A member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed. After the initial appointment, each member shall serve for a term of 4 years. An appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made by the chief executive officer of the municipality for the unexpired term only. Members of the board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses. The chairperson of the board shall be elected by the board.
- (2) Before assuming the duties of office, a member shall qualify by taking and subscribing to the constitutional oath of office.

- (3) The proceedings and rules of the board are subject to the open meetings act, 1976 PA 267, MCL 15.261 to 15.275. The board shall adopt rules governing its procedure and the holding of regular meetings, subject to the approval of the governing body. Special meetings may be held if called in the manner provided in the rules of the board.
- (4) After having been given notice and an opportunity to be heard, a member of the board may be removed for cause by the governing body.
- (5) All expense items of the authority shall be publicized monthly and the financial records shall always be open to the public.
- (6) A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of, or retained by the board in the performance of an official function is subject to the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.

125.2918 Director; compensation; service; eligibility; oath; posting of bond; director as chief executive officer; duties of director; acting director; treasurer; secretary; retention of legal counsel; other personnel.

- Sec. 8. (1) The board may employ and fix the compensation of a director, subject to the approval of the governing body of the municipality. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the board. A member of the board is not eligible to hold the position of director. Before beginning his or her duties, the director shall take and subscribe to the constitutional oath, and furnish bond, by posting a bond in the sum determined in the ordinance establishing the authority payable to the authority for use and benefit of the authority, approved by the board, and filed with the municipal clerk. The premium on the bond shall be considered an operating expense of the authority, payable from funds available to the authority for expenses of operation. The director shall be the chief executive officer of the authority. Subject to the approval of the board, the director shall supervise and be responsible for the preparation of plans and the performance of the functions of the authority in the manner authorized by this act. The director shall attend the meetings of the board and shall provide to the board and to the governing body of the municipality a regular report covering the activities and financial condition of the authority. If the director is absent or disabled, the board may designate a qualified person as acting director to perform the duties of the office. Before beginning his or her duties, the acting director shall take and subscribe to the oath, and furnish bond, as required of the director. The director shall furnish the board with information or reports governing the operation of the authority as the board requires.
- (2) The board may employ and fix the compensation of a treasurer, who shall keep the financial records of the authority and who, together with the director, shall approve all vouchers for the expenditure of funds of the authority. The treasurer shall perform all duties delegated to him or her by the board and shall furnish bond in an amount prescribed by the board.
- (3) The board may employ and fix the compensation of a secretary, who shall maintain custody of the official seal and of records, books, documents, or other papers not required to be maintained by the treasurer. The secretary shall attend meetings of the board and keep a record of its proceedings and shall perform other duties delegated by the board.
- (4) The board may retain legal counsel to advise the board in the proper performance of its duties. The legal counsel shall represent the authority in actions brought by or against the authority.
 - (5) The board may employ other personnel considered necessary by the board.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2919 Municipal retirement and insurance programs; participation.

Sec. 9. The employees of an authority shall be eligible to participate in municipal retirement and insurance programs of the municipality as if they were civil service employees except that the employees of an authority are not civil service employees.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2920 Authority of board.

Sec. 10. The board may do any of the following:

- (a) Prepare an analysis of economic changes taking place in the development area.
- (b) Study and analyze the impact of metropolitan growth upon the development area.
- (c) Plan and propose the construction, renovation, repair, remodeling, rehabilitation, restoration, preservation, or reconstruction of a public facility, an existing building, or a multiple-family dwelling unit which may be necessary or appropriate to the execution of a plan which, in the opinion of the board, aids in the residential growth and economic growth of the development area.
 - (d) Plan, propose, and implement an improvement to a public facility within the development area to

comply with the barrier free design requirements of the state construction code promulgated under the Stille-DeRossett-Hale single state construction code act, 1972 PA 230, MCL 125.1501 to 125.1531.

- (e) Develop long-range plans, in cooperation with the agency that is chiefly responsible for planning in the municipality, designed to halt the deterioration of property values in the development area and to promote the residential growth and economic growth of the development area, and take steps as may be necessary to persuade property owners to implement the plans to the fullest extent possible.
- (f) Implement any plan of development, including housing for low-income individuals, in the development area necessary to achieve the purposes of this act in accordance with the powers of the authority granted by this act
- (g) Make and enter into contracts necessary or incidental to the exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties.
- (h) Acquire by purchase or otherwise, on terms and conditions and in a manner the authority considers proper or own, convey, or otherwise dispose of, or lease as lessor or lessee, land and other property, real or personal, or rights or interests in the property, that the authority determines is reasonably necessary to achieve the purposes of this act, and to grant or acquire licenses, easements, and options.
- (i) Improve land and construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate, restore and preserve, equip, clear, improve, maintain, repair, and operate any public facility, building, including multiple-family dwellings, and any necessary or desirable appurtenances to those buildings, within the development area for the use, in whole or in part, of any public or private person or corporation, or a combination thereof.
- (j) Fix, charge, and collect fees, rents, and charges for the use of any facility, building, or property under its control or any part of the facility, building, or property, and pledge the fees, rents, and charges for the payment of revenue bonds issued by the authority.
 - (k) Lease, in whole or in part, any facility, building, or property under its control.
 - (l) Accept grants and donations of property, labor, or other things of value from a public or private source.
 - (m) Acquire and construct public facilities.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2921 Financing sources; disposition of money received.

Sec. 11. (1) The activities of the authority shall be financed from 1 or more of the following sources:

- (a) Donations to the authority for the performance of its functions.
- (b) Money borrowed and to be repaid as authorized by sections 12 and 13.
- (c) Revenues from any property, building, or facility owned, leased, licensed, or operated by the authority or under its control, subject to the limitations imposed upon the authority by trusts or other agreements.
 - (d) Proceeds of a tax increment financing plan established under sections 14 to 16.
 - (e) Proceeds from a special assessment district created as provided by law.
- (f) Money obtained from other sources approved by the governing body of the municipality or otherwise authorized by law for use by the authority or the municipality to finance a development program.
- (2) Money received by the authority and not covered under subsection (1) shall immediately be deposited to the credit of the authority, subject to disbursement under this act. Except as provided in this act, the municipality shall not obligate itself, and shall not be obligated, to pay any sums from public funds, other than money received by the municipality under this section, for or on account of the activities of the authority.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2922 Borrowing money and issuing negotiable revenue bonds.

Sec. 12. The authority may borrow money and issue its negotiable revenue bonds under the revenue bond act of 1933, 1933 PA 94, MCL 141.101 to 141.140.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2923 Acquisition or construction of property; borrowing money and issuing revenue bonds; other financing; securing bonds and notes; pledge; exemption from taxation; exceptions; liability; investments.

- Sec. 13. (1) The authority may with approval of the local governing body borrow money and issue its revenue bonds or notes to finance all or part of the costs of acquiring or constructing property in connection with either of the following:
 - (a) The implementation of a development plan in the development area.
 - (b) The refund, or refund in advance, of bonds or notes issued under this section.
 - (2) Any of the following may be financed by the issuance of revenue bonds or notes:
 - (a) The cost of purchasing, acquiring, constructing, improving, enlarging, extending, or repairing property

in connection with the implementation of a development plan in the development area.

- (b) Any engineering, architectural, legal, accounting, or financial expenses.
- (c) The costs necessary or incidental to the borrowing of money.
- (d) Interest on the bonds or notes during the period of construction.
- (e) A reserve for payment of principal and interest on the bonds or notes.
- (f) A reserve for operation and maintenance until sufficient revenues have developed.
- (3) The authority may secure the bonds and notes by mortgage, assignment, or pledge of the property and any money, revenues, or income received in connection with the property.
- (4) A pledge made by the authority is valid and binding from the time the pledge is made. The money or property pledged by the authority immediately is subject to the lien of the pledge without a physical delivery, filing, or further act. The lien of a pledge is valid and binding against parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise, against the authority, whether or not the parties have notice of the lien. Neither the resolution, the trust agreement, nor any other instrument by which a pledge is created must be filed or recorded to be enforceable.
- (5) Bonds or notes issued under this section are exempt from all taxation in this state except inheritance and transfer taxes, and the interest on the bonds or notes is exempt from all taxation in this state, notwithstanding that the interest may be subject to federal income tax.
- (6) The municipality is not liable on bonds or notes of the authority issued under this section, and the bonds or notes are not a debt of the municipality. The bonds or notes shall contain on their face a statement to that effect
- (7) The bonds and notes of the authority may be invested in by all public officers, state agencies and political subdivisions, insurance companies, banks, savings and loan associations, investment companies, and fiduciaries and trustees, and may be deposited with and received by all public officers and the agencies and political subdivisions of this state for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds is authorized.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2924 Tax increment financing plan; preparation and submission; contents; hearing and approval procedure; agreement with taxing jurisdiction; modification; exemption from tax; separate millage for public library purposes; resolution.

- Sec. 14. (1) If the authority determines that it is necessary for the achievement of the purposes of this act, the authority shall prepare and submit a tax increment financing plan to the governing body of the municipality. The plan shall include a development plan as provided in section 16, a detailed explanation of the tax increment procedure, the maximum amount of bonded indebtedness to be incurred, and the duration of the program, and shall be in compliance with section 15. The plan shall contain a statement of the estimated impact of tax increment financing on the assessed values of all taxing jurisdictions in which the development area is located. The plan may provide for the use of part or all of the captured assessed value, but the portion intended to be used by the authority shall be clearly stated in the tax increment financing plan. The authority or municipality may exclude from captured assessed value growth in property value resulting solely from inflation. The plan shall set forth the method for excluding growth in property value resulting solely from inflation.
- (2) Approval of the tax increment financing plan shall comply with the notice, hearing, and disclosure provisions of section 18. If the development plan is part of the tax increment financing plan, only 1 hearing and approval procedure is required for the 2 plans together.
- (3) Before the public hearing on the tax increment financing plan, the governing body shall provide a reasonable opportunity to the taxing jurisdictions levying taxes subject to capture to meet with the governing body. The authority shall fully inform the taxing jurisdictions of the fiscal and economic implications of the proposed development area. The taxing jurisdictions may present their recommendations at the public hearing on the tax increment financing plan. The authority may enter into agreements with the taxing jurisdictions and the governing body of the municipality in which the development area is located to share a portion of the captured assessed value of the development area.
- (4) A tax increment financing plan may be modified if the modification is approved by the governing body upon notice and after public hearings and agreements as are required for approval of the original plan.
- (5) Not more than 60 days after the public hearing, the governing body in a taxing jurisdiction levying ad valorem property taxes that would otherwise be subject to capture may exempt its taxes from capture by adopting a resolution to that effect and filing a copy with the clerk of the municipality proposing to create the authority. In the event that the governing body levies a separate millage for public library purposes, at the request of the public library board, that separate millage shall be exempt from the capture. The resolution shall take effect when filed with the clerk and remains effective until a copy of a resolution rescinding that Rendered Thursday, October 30, 2014

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125.2925 Tax increment revenues; transmission to authority; expenditures; report on status of tax increment financing account.

Sec. 15. (1) The municipal and county treasurers shall transmit tax increment revenues to the authority.

- (2) The authority shall expend the tax increment revenues received for the development program only under the terms of the tax increment financing plan. Unused funds shall revert proportionately to the respective taxing bodies. Tax increment revenues shall not be used to circumvent existing property tax limitations. The governing body of the municipality may abolish the tax increment financing plan if it finds that the purposes for which it was established are accomplished. However, the tax increment financing plan shall not be abolished until the principal of, and interest on, bonds issued under section 16 have been paid or funds sufficient to make the payment have been segregated.
- (3) Annually the authority shall submit to the governing body of the municipality and the state tax commission a report on the status of the tax increment financing account. The report shall include the following:
 - (a) The amount and source of revenue in the account.
 - (b) The amount in any bond reserve account.
 - (c) The amount and purpose of expenditures from the account.
 - ive and may (d) The amount of principal and interest on any outstanding bonded indebtedness.
 - (e) The initial assessed value of the project area.
 - (f) The captured assessed value retained by the authority.
 - (g) The tax increment revenues received.
 - (h) The number of public facilities developed.
 - (i) The amount of public housing created or improved.
 - (j) The number of jobs created as a result of the implementation of the tax increment financing plan.
 - (k) Any additional information the governing body considers necessary.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2926 Authorization, issuance, and sale of tax increment bonds; limitations; pledge; resolution to create lien on revenues; limited tax pledge.

Sec. 16. (1) By resolution of its governing body, the authority may authorize, issue, and sell tax increment bonds subject to the limitations set forth in this subsection to finance the development program of the tax increment financing plan. The tax increment bonds issued by the authority under this subsection shall pledge solely the tax increment revenues of a development area in which the project is located or a development area from which tax increment revenues may be used for this project, or both. In addition or in the alternative, the bonds issued by the authority under this subsection may be secured by any other revenues identified in section 11 as sources of financing for activities of the authority that the authority shall specifically pledge in the resolution. However, except as otherwise provided in this section, the full faith and credit of the municipality shall not be pledged to secure bonds issued under this subsection. The bond issue may include a sum sufficient to pay interest on the tax increment bonds until full development of tax increment revenues from the project and also a sum to provide a reasonable reserve for payment of principal and interest on the bonds. The resolution authorizing the bonds shall create a lien on the tax increment revenues and other revenues pledged by the resolution that shall be a statutory lien and shall be a first lien subject only to liens previously created. The resolution may provide the terms upon which additional bonds may be issued of equal standing and parity of lien as to the tax increment revenues and other revenues pledged under the resolution. Bonds issued under this subsection are subject to the revised municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2101 to 141.2821.

(2) The municipality, by majority vote of the members of its governing body, may make a limited tax pledge to support the authority's tax increment bonds or notes or, if authorized by the voters of the municipality, may pledge its unlimited tax full faith and credit for the payment of the principal of and interest on the authority's tax increment bonds or notes.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2927 Development plan; contents.

Sec. 17. (1) If a board decides to finance a project in a development area by the use of revenue bonds as authorized in section 12 or tax increment financing as authorized in sections 14, 15, and 16, it shall prepare a development plan.

(2) The development plan shall contain all of the following:

- (a) The designation of boundaries of the development area in relation to highways, streets, streams, or otherwise.
- (b) The location and extent of existing streets and other public facilities within the development area, designating the location, character, and extent of the categories of public and private land uses then existing and proposed for the development area, including residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, educational, and other uses, and including a legal description of the development area.
- (c) A description of existing improvements in the development area to be demolished, repaired, or altered, a description of any repairs and alterations, and an estimate of the time required for completion.
- (d) The location, extent, character, and estimated cost of the improvements including rehabilitation contemplated for the development area and an estimate of the time required for completion.
- (e) A statement of the construction or stages of construction planned, and the estimated time of completion of each stage.
- (f) A description of any parts of the development area to be left as open space and the use contemplated for the space.
- (g) A description of any portions of the development area that the authority desires to sell, donate, exchange, or lease to or from the municipality and the proposed terms.
 - (h) A description of desired zoning changes and changes in streets, street levels, intersections, or utilities.
- (i) An estimate of the cost of the development, a statement of the proposed method of financing the development, and the ability of the authority to arrange the financing.
- (j) Designation of the person or persons, natural or corporate, to whom all or a portion of the development is to be leased, sold, or conveyed in any manner and for whose benefit the project is being undertaken if that information is available to the authority.
- (k) The procedures for bidding for the leasing, purchasing, or conveying in any manner of all or a portion of the development upon its completion, if there is no express or implied agreement between the authority and persons, natural or corporate, that all or a portion of the development will be leased, sold, or conveyed in any manner to those persons.
- (1) The requirement that amendments to an approved development plan or tax increment plan must be submitted by the authority to the governing body for approval or rejection.
 - (m) Other material that the authority, local public agency, or governing body considers pertinent.

125.2928 Development plan; public hearing; notice; opportunity to speak and provide written comment.

- Sec. 18. (1) The governing body, before adoption of an ordinance approving a development plan or tax increment financing plan, shall hold a public hearing on the development plan. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given by publication twice in a newspaper of general circulation designated by the municipality, the first of which shall be not less than 20 days before the date set for the hearing. Notice of the hearing shall be posted in at least 20 conspicuous and public places in the development area not less than 20 days before the hearing. Notice shall also be mailed to all property taxpayers of record in the development area and to the governing body of each taxing jurisdiction levying taxes that would be subject to capture if the tax increment financing plan is approved not less than 20 days before the hearing.
 - (2) Notice of the time and place of hearing on a development plan shall contain all of the following:
 - (a) A description of the proposed development area in relation to highways, streets, streams, or otherwise.
- (b) A statement that maps, plats, and a description of the development plan, including the method of relocating families and individuals who may be displaced from the area, if any, are available for public inspection at a place designated in the notice.
 - (c) A statement that all aspects of the development plan will be open for discussion at the public hearing.
 - (d) Other information that the governing body considers appropriate.
- (3) At the time set for the hearing, the governing body shall provide an opportunity for interested persons to speak and shall receive and consider communications in writing. The hearing shall provide the fullest opportunity for expression of opinion, for argument on the merits, and for consideration of documentary evidence pertinent to the development plan. The governing body shall make and preserve a record of the public hearing, including all data presented at the hearing.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2929 Development plan or tax increment financing plan as public purpose; consideration for approval, rejection, or modification.

Sec. 19. The governing body after a public hearing on the development plan or the tax increment financing Rendered Thursday, October 30, 2014 Page 8 Michigan Compiled Laws Complete Through PA 323 of 2014

plan, or both, with notice given under section 18, shall determine whether the development plan or tax increment financing plan constitutes a public purpose. If it determines that the development plan or tax increment financing plan constitutes a public purpose, it shall by ordinance approve or reject the plan, or approve it with modification, based on the following considerations:

- (a) The plan meets the requirements under section 17(2).
- (b) The proposed method of financing the development is feasible and the authority has the ability to arrange the financing.
 - (c) The development is reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
- (d) The land included within the development area to be acquired is reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of the plan and of this act in an efficient and economically satisfactory manner.
 - (e) The development plan is in reasonable accord with the land use plan of the municipality.
- (f) Public services, such as fire and police protection and utilities, are or will be adequate to service the project area.
- (g) Changes in zoning, streets, street levels, intersections, and utilities are reasonably necessary for the project and for the municipality.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2930 Budget; submission; approval; cost of handling and auditing funds.

- Sec. 20. (1) The director of the authority shall submit a budget to the board for the operation of the authority for each fiscal year before the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget shall be prepared in the manner and contain the information required of municipal departments. After review by the board, the budget shall be submitted to the governing body. The governing body must approve the budget before the board may adopt the budget. Unless authorized by the governing body or this act, funds of the municipality shall not be included in the budget of the authority.
- (2) The governing body of the municipality may assess a reasonable pro rata share of the funds for the cost of handling and auditing the funds against the funds of the authority, other than those committed, which shall be paid annually by the board pursuant to an appropriate item in its budget.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2931 Dissolution of authority; property and assets.

Sec. 21. An authority that has completed the purposes for which it was organized shall be dissolved by ordinance of the governing body. The property and assets of the authority remaining after the satisfaction of the obligations of the authority belong to the municipality.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.

125.2932 Enforcement; rules.

Sec. 22. (1) The state tax commission may institute proceedings to compel enforcement of this act.

(2) The state tax commission may promulgate rules necessary for the administration of this act under the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

History: 2007, Act 61, Imd. Eff. Sept. 19, 2007.