HOUSE RESOLUTION NO.76

Rep. Neeley offered the following resolution: 1 A resolution to declare April 10-16, 2023, as Black Maternal 2 Health Week in the state of Michigan. 3 Whereas, According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Black mothers in the United States die at two to 4 three times the rate of white mothers; and 6 Whereas, The CDC data from 2021 shows there were 26.6 deaths 7 per 100,000 live births for white women, 69.9 deaths per 100,000 live births for Black women, and 32.9 deaths per 100,000 live 8 births for women of all races in the United States; and 9 Whereas, Black maternal death is one of the widest of all 10 racial disparities in women's health; and 11

Whereas, Black women are 22 percent more likely to die from

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- 1 heart disease than white women and 1.5 times more likely to die
- 2 from cervical cancer, but three to four times more likely to die
- 3 from pregnancy- or childbirth-related causes; and
- 4 Whereas, According to the National Institutes of Health, when
- 5 compared with white women with the conditions for preeclampsia,
- 6 eclampsia, abruptio placentae, placenta previa, and postpartum
- 7 hemorrhage, which are common causes of maternal death and injury,
- 8 Black women were two to three times more likely to die than white
- 9 women who had the same condition; and
- 10 Whereas, Between 2014 to 2018, according to the Michigan
- 11 Maternal Mortality Surveillance Project, Black women in Michigan
- 12 die at a rate more than 4.5 times higher than white women or 39.6
- 13 deaths per 100,000 live births; and
- 14 Whereas, The United States, with a maternal mortality rate of
- 15 32.9 deaths per 100,000 pregnancies, ranks last among
- 16 industrialized countries; and
- 17 Whereas, These alarming statistics for Black maternal health
- 18 cut across socioeconomic status, maternal age, and education
- 19 levels; and
- 20 Whereas, The Michigan Legislature recognizes the necessity for
- 21 the increased attention to the state of Black maternal health,
- 22 studying and understanding the root causes of poor maternal health
- 23 outcomes and supporting community-driven programs, care solutions,
- 24 improving prenatal care and overall maternal health care, improving
- 25 breastfeeding rates and nutrition, and amplifying the voices of
- 26 Black mothers, women, families, and stakeholders, including Black
- 27 women from across the diaspora; and
- 28 Whereas, We also recognize the necessity to end maternal
- 29 mortality globally in order to amplify the need for maternal health

- 1 and rights; now, therefore, be it
- 2 Resolved by the House of Representatives, That the members of
- 3 this legislative body declare April 10-16, 2023, as Black Maternal
- 4 Health Week in the state of Michigan.