SENATE RESOLUTION NO.7

Senators Johnson, Geiss, McMorrow, Moss, Santana and Theis offered the following resolution:

1 A resolution to recognize February 2023 as American Heart

2 Month and February 3, 2023, as "National Wear Red Day".

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3 Whereas, Cardiovascular disease affects men, women, and

4 children of every age and race in the United States (U.S.); and

5 Whereas, From 2019-2020, deaths from heart disease increased

by 4.8 percent, the largest increase in heart disease deaths since

2012, while stroke deaths increased by 6 percent. Cardiovascular

disease continues to be the leading cause of death in the U.S.; and

9 Whereas, In 2015, cardiovascular disease accounted for \$555

10 billion in health care expenditures and lost productivity, and by

11 2035, cardiovascular disease will account for over \$1 trillion in

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health care expenditures and lost productivity annually; and
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          Whereas, The global COVID-19 disease pandemic poses
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    significantly high risk to individuals with cardiovascular disease
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    and risk factors; and
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          Whereas, Individuals in the U.S. have made great progress in
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    reducing the death rate for cardiovascular disease, but this
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    progress has been more modest with respect to the death rate for
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    cardiovascular disease in women and minorities; and
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          Whereas, Cardiovascular diseases are the number one killer of
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    women in the U.S., killing more women than all forms of cancer
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    combined. Cardiovascular disease is also the leading cause of
    maternal death in the U.S., or more simply put, heart disease is
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    the number one killer of new moms; and
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          Whereas, Women, especially Black and Hispanic women, are
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    disproportionally impacted by heart disease and stroke, and
    research shows heart attacks are on the rise in younger women. Yet,
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    younger generations of women, also known as Gen Z and Millennials,
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    are less aware of their greatest health threat, including knowing
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    the warning signs of heart attacks and strokes; and
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          Whereas, Ninety percent of women have one or more risk factors
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    for developing heart disease or stroke; and
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          Whereas, Women are less likely to call 911 for themselves when
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    experiencing symptoms of a heart attack than if someone else were
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    having a heart attack; and
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          Whereas, The American Heart Association's Go Red for Women®
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    movement motivates women to learn their family history and to meet
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27 with a health care provider to determine their risk for cardiovascular disease and stroke; and 28 29

Whereas, Women involved with the Go Red for Women® movement

- 1 live healthier lives; and
- 2 Whereas, "National Wear Red Day" encourages women to take
- 3 control of their heart health by understanding and managing these
- 4 five numbers:
- 5 1. Total Cholesterol;
- 6 2. HDL (good) Cholesterol;
- 7 3. Blood Pressure;
- **8** 4. Blood Sugar;
- 9 5. Body Mass Index (BMI); and
- 10 Whereas, The American Heart Association celebrates February
- 11 2023 as American Heart Month by promoting cardiovascular education,
- 12 awareness, and by encouraging citizens to learn the warning signs
- 13 of a heart attack and stroke; now, therefore, be it
- 14 Resolved by the Senate, That the members of this legislative
- 15 body recognize February 2023 as American Heart Month and February
- 16 3, 2023, as "National Wear Red Day"; and be it further
- 17 Resolved, That we recognize the importance of the ongoing
- 18 fight against cardiovascular disease by applauding the citizens
- 19 across the country who wear red on February 3, 2023 to show their
- 20 support for women's health; and be it further
- 21 Resolved, That by increasing awareness, speaking out about
- 22 heart disease, and empowering women to reduce their risk for
- 23 cardiovascular disease and stroke, we can save thousands of lives
- 24 each year.