HOUSE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 367

A bill to amend 1954 PA 116, entitled "Michigan election law,"

by amending sections 570, 662, 668b, 674, 736b, 736c, 736d, 736e, 764a, 764b, 764d, 765, 765a, 765b, 768, 769, 795b, 797a, 798b, and 805 (MCL 168.570, 168.662, 168.668b, 168.674, 168.736b, 168.736c, 168.736d, 168.736e, 168.764a, 168.764b, 168.764d, 168.765, 168.765a, 168.765b, 168.768, 168.769, 168.795b, 168.797a, 168.798b, and 168.805), section 570 as amended by 2017 PA 113, section 662 as amended by 2022 PA 219, section 668b as added by 2018 PA 614, sections 674 and 764b as amended by 2018 PA 120, sections 736b, 736c, 736d, and 736e as amended by 2018 PA 190, section 764a as amended by 2023 PA 25, section 764d as added by 2020 PA 95, sections 765 and 765b as amended by 2022 PA 195, section 765a as amended by 2020 PA 177, section 769 as amended by 1995 PA 261, sections 795b and 798b as amended by 1990 PA 109, section 797a as amended by 1996 PA 583, and section 805 as amended by 2000 PA 207, and by adding sections 8, 523b, 720a, 720b, 720c, 720d, 720e, 720f, 720g, 720h, 720i, 720j, 765c, and 768a; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

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Sec. 8. As used in this act:

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(a) "Clerk's office" includes a satellite office of a clerk.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

(b) "Municipal" or "municipality" mean a city or township.

4 (c) "Satellite office of a clerk" means a place designated by 5 a clerk, and staffed by employees of the clerk or assistants as 6 authorized under section 29, to perform specific duties under this 7 act and to offer specified election administration services to 8 electors of a municipality.

Sec. 523b. (1) If a city or township has processed 500 or more 9 10 election day voter registrations in either or both of the previous 2 general November elections, the board of election commissioners 11 12 of that city or township may establish election day vote centers to 13 tabulate ballots issued to electors who register to vote or update 14 voter registration on election day. No later than 90 days before an 15 election, the board of election commissioners of a city or township 16 that establishes an election day vote center under this subsection 17 must inform the county clerk of the county in which that city or 18 township is located that an election day vote center will be 19 established in that city or township. No later than the fourth day 20 before election day, the city or township clerk of a city or 21 township that establishes an election day vote center shall post 22 notice of the establishment and location of that election day vote

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center on the website of the city or township, if available, and in
 the clerk's office.

(2) An election day vote center operates as a polling place 3 and must have at least 3 election inspectors appointed under 4 section 674 and be located in the same building where the city or 5 6 township clerk provides election day registration, which includes a 7 satellite office of that city or township clerk. A political party, or an incorporated organization or organized committee of 8 interested citizens as described under sections 730 and 731, may 9 10 have 1 challenger for every 8 election inspectors assigned to an 11 election day vote center.

(3) Only an elector who registers to vote or updates the 12 13 elector's voter registration in the city or township on election 14 day is eligible to cast a ballot at an election day vote center 15 that is located in the same building in which the elector registers 16 to vote or updates the elector's voter registration. The registered 17 elector must present to an election inspector at the election day 18 vote center the voter registration receipt issued to that elector 19 under section 497(5) by the city or township clerk on election day, 20 and must comply with all of the other requirements for an elector 21 under section 523. An election inspector in an election day vote center shall do all of the following: 22

(a) Allow an elector to cast a ballot in the same manner as an
elector whose name is listed on the voter registration list in an
election day precinct.

(b) Enter the elector's name in the poll book approved by thesecretary of state for use in an election day vote center.

(c) Issue a ballot to the elector who shall mark the ballotand deposit the ballot in the tabulator.

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1 (4) A city or township clerk shall configure an election day 2 vote center with at least 1 tabulator and a corresponding poll book 3 that lists the electors issued a ballot to be cast on that 4 tabulator. The collected voter registration receipts under 5 subsection (3) serve as 1 of the required poll lists, and the list 6 of electors issued a ballot in the poll book serves as the second 7 required poll list.

8 (5) The county clerk shall program the tabulators to be used 9 in an election day vote center so that the results will be included 10 in the unofficial and official election accumulation reports that 11 are part of the election day precinct results. The number of 12 tabulators and poll books must conform to the manner in which the 13 county clerk programs tabulators for use in an election day vote 14 center.

15 (6) An elector who is in line at a city or township clerk's 16 office, including a satellite office of that city or township 17 clerk, by 8 p.m. on election day to register to vote or update a 18 voter registration must be allowed to complete the voter registration transaction and be allowed to cast a ballot 19 20 immediately after that transaction at that city or township 21 election day vote center. The election inspectors at an election 22 day vote center must allow an elector who was issued a voter 23 registration receipt at the city or township clerk's office on 24 election day and who is in line at that election day vote center by 25 8 p.m. on election day to cast a ballot, including after 11:59 p.m. 26 on election day if necessary.

27 (7) The election inspectors at an election day vote center
28 must follow the same process required at an election day polling
29 place after the last elector in line casts a ballot.

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Sec. 570. Paper Except for ballots used for early voting that 1 are produced by an on-demand ballot printing system, paper ballots 2 must be numbered consecutively and identified by use of the words 3 "official primary ballot" on the upper right hand corner on the 4 5 front of the ballot with a perforated line across the corner top of 6 the ballot and underneath the number and identification so that the 7 corner stub with the number and identification may be torn off. The detachable corner stub serves for the several party tickets and the 8 9 ballot number must be printed upon on the stub on 1 side only. A 10 political party designation must not appear upon on a ballot corner 11 stub so numbered and identified. After the ballots are trimmed and wrapped in sealed packages, the ballots must be distributed for use 12 at the primary election in the same manner as is provided by law 13 for the distribution of ballots to be used at general elections. 14 15 Ballots must be prepared in substantially the following form: 16 OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT No. 17 OFFICIAL PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT 18 Primary election to be held 20..... in 19 20 the county of 21party. You cannot split your ticket. If you vote for candidates on 22 23 more than 1 party ticket, your ballot will be rejected. 24 Make a cross or a check mark in the square to the left of not 25 more than the number of names for each office as may be indicated under the title of each office. 26 27 28 State. Legislative. 29

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1	Governor.	State Senator.
2		District.
3 4	Vote for not more than one.	Vote for not more than one.
5	[] 1 John Doe	[] 7 John Doe
7 8	[] 2 Richard Roe	[] 8 Richard Roe
9 10	[]	[]
11 12	Congressional.	Representative in State Legislature.
13	United States Senator	District.
14 15	Vote for not more than one.	Vote for not more than one.
16 17	[] 3 John Doe	[] 9 John Doe
18 19	[] 4 Richard Roe	[] 10 Richard Roe
20 21	[]	[]
22	Representative in Congress.	County.
23	District.	Prosecuting Attorney.
24 25	Vote for not more than one.	Vote for not more than one.
26 27	[] 5 John Doe	[] 11 John Doe
28 29	[] 6 Richard Roe	[] 12 Richard Roe

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Sec. 662. (1) The legislative body in each city and township 3 municipality shall designate and prescribe the place or places of 4 holding an election for a city, village, or township election, and 5 6 shall provide a suitable polling place in or for each precinct 7 located in the city or township municipality for use at each election. Except as otherwise provided in this section, school 8 buildings, fire stations, police stations, and other publicly owned 9 10 or controlled buildings must be used as polling places.on election 11 day and shall provide a suitable early voting site for each 12 precinct in the municipality for each election at which the municipality conducts early voting under section 720e. If at any 13 14 election a municipality conducts early voting jointly with 1 or 15 more other municipalities located in the same county, early voting 16 sites for that election must be provided in accordance with section 17 720f. If at any election a county clerk conducts early voting for 1 or more municipalities located in the county, the board of county 18 19 election commissioners of that county shall provide 1 or more early voting sites for that election as provided under section 720g. A 20 publicly owned or controlled building, including, but not limited 21 22 to, a municipal building or school building, must be used as a polling place unless it is not possible or convenient to use a 23 24 publicly owned or controlled building as a polling place. (2) Subject to this subsection, if it is not possible or 25 convenient to use a publicly owned or controlled building as a 26 27 polling place as described in subsection (1), the legislative body of the city or township may use as a polling place a building owned 28 or controlled by an organization that is exempt from federal income 29

tax as provided by section 501(c), other than 501(c)(4), (5), or 1 (6), of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 USC 501. The 2 legislative body of a city or township, or a board of county 3 election commissioners as provided under section 720g, shall not 4 5 designate as a polling place or early voting site a building as 6 described in this subsection that is owned or leased by a person 7 that is a sponsor of a political committee or independent committee or that is owned by an individual who is a candidate.an elected 8 official, an individual who is a candidate, or a person that is 9 10 regulated under the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 11 169.201 to 169.282. For purposes of the previous sentence, "leased" means that the entire building, and not just a portion of the 12 building, is leased by an elected official, an individual who is a 13 14 candidate, or a person that is regulated under the Michigan 15 campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.201 to 169.282. In 16 addition, a building must not be designated as a polling place or 17 early voting site if a portion of that building is leased by an 18 elected official, an individual who is a candidate, or a person that is regulated under the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 19 20 388, MCL 169.201 to 169.282, and the portion of that building leased by an elected official, an individual who is a candidate, or 21 22 a person that is regulated under the Michigan campaign finance act, 23 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.201 to 169.282, is located within 100 feet 24 from the entrance of the polling place or early voting site located 25 inside that building.

26 (3) The legislative body of a city or township may establish a 27 polling place at a for profit or nonprofit residence or facility in 28 which 150 individuals or more aged 62 or older reside or at an 29 apartment building or complex in which 150 individuals or more

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1 reside.

(4) Subject to this subsection, if a suitable polling place as 2 described in subsections (1), (2), and (3) is not reasonably 3 available for use or convenient to use, the legislative body of a 4 city or township may establish a polling place at any privately 5 6 owned banquet or conference center or recreation clubhouse. The 7 legislative body of a city or township shall not designate as a 8 polling place a building described in this subsection that is owned by a person that is a sponsor of a political committee or 9 10 independent committee or that is owned by an individual who is a 11 candidate. Before a building that is not publicly owned or 12 controlled as described in this subsection is designated as a polling place by a city or township, the clerk of the city or 13 14 township in which that building is located must obtain a signed 15 affidavit from the owner or manager of the building that certifies 16 that the owner of the building is not a person that is a sponsor of 17 a political committee or independent committee or is not an individual who is a candidate. 18 19 (3) (5) The Except as otherwise provided in section 4(1) (m) of

article II of the state constitution of 1963 for early voting, the 20 21 legislative body in each city or township may establish a central polling place or **central polling** places for 6 precincts or less if 22 it is possible and convenient for the electors to vote at the a 23 central polling place or at central polling places. The legislative 24 25 body in each city or township may abolish other polling places not required as a result of the establishment of a central polling 26 27 place or central polling places.

28 (4) (6) A township board may provide polling places or early
29 voting sites located within the limits of a city that has been

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incorporated from territory formerly a part of the township, and 1 the electors of the township may cast their ballots at those 2 polling places or early voting sites. If 2 contiguous townships 3 utilize a combined township hall or other publicly owned or 4 controlled building within 1 of the township's boundaries and 5 6 outside of the other township's boundaries, and there is not 7 another publicly owned or controlled building or a building owned or controlled by an organization that is exempt from federal income 8 tax, as provided by section 501(c), other than 501(c)(4), (5), or 9 10 (6), of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 USC 501, available or 11 suitable for a polling place or early voting site within the other township, then each township board may provide a polling place or 12 early voting site in that publicly owned building for 1 or more 13 14 election precinct.

15 (5) (7) A city or township, or a county as provided under 16 section 720g, shall not use as a polling place, early voting site, 17 or central polling place a building that does not meet the requirements of this section. For early voting under sections 720a 18 to 720j, if a city or township cannot secure a building to be used 19 20 as a polling place or early voting site that meets the requirements of this section, that city or township must enter into a municipal 21 22 agreement under section 720f or a county agreement under section 23 720g.

(6) (8) The legislative body of a city or township, or a board
of county election commissioners as provided under section 720g,
shall not establish, move, or abolish a polling place, early voting
site, or central polling place less than 60 days before an election
unless necessary because a polling place, early voting site, or
central polling place has been damaged, destroyed, or rendered

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inaccessible or unusable as a polling place, early voting site, or
 central polling place.

3 (7) (9) The legislative body of a city or township, or a board
4 of county election commissioners as provided under section 720g,
5 shall ensure that a polling place, early voting site, or central
6 polling place established under this section is accessible and
7 complies with the voting accessibility for the elderly and
8 handicapped act and the help America vote act of 2002.

9 (8) After a polling place or early voting site is approved 10 under this section, the appropriate clerk, as provided under 11 subsections (9) and (10), must provide a notice specifying the location of the polling place or early voting site to each 12 registered elector entitled to vote at that polling place or early 13 14 voting site. The notice requirement under this subsection applies 15 to permanent and temporary changes to polling places and early 16 voting sites, except that notice is not required if an early voting 17 site is established in addition to 1 or more early voting sites 18 that remain in effect for which notice was previously provided to 19 each elector. The notice required under this subsection must be 20 provided as follows:

(a) No later than 45 days before an election for a polling
place or early voting site established or changed by the sixtieth
day before an election.

(b) For temporary changes made to a polling place or early voting site under subsection (6), no later than 21 days before an election for a polling place and no later than 21 days before the first day of early voting for an early voting site. In addition to the notice required to each registered elector under this subdivision, the appropriate clerk must post a sign indicating the

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new polling place location or early voting site at the location of 2 the former polling place location or early voting site.

3 (9) After a polling place is approved under this section, the city or township clerk of the city or township approving the 4 polling place must provide the notice required under subsection (8) 5 6 by either of the following methods:

7 (a) Updating and sending the voter identification card issued under section 499. 8

9 (b) Sending a separate notice by mail or other method designed 10 to provide actual notice to the registered elector.

11 (10) After an early voting site is approved under this section, the appropriate clerk must provide the notice required 12 13 under subsection (8) by sending a separate notice by mail or other 14 method designed to provide actual notice to the registered elector, 15 and must not provide the notice by updating the voter 16 identification card issued under section 499. In addition to 17 identifying the location of the early voting site, the separate 18 notice sent under this subsection must provide the hours of 19 operation of the early voting site for each day early voting is 20 offered. The notice under this subsection must be provided as 21 follows:

22 (a) For early voting conducted under section 720e, by the 23 clerk of the municipality approving the early voting site.

24 (b) For early voting conducted under section 720f, by the 25 clerk of each municipality that is a party to the municipal 26 agreement, or as otherwise provided by the municipal agreement.

27 (c) For early voting conducted under section 720g, by the 28 clerk of the county where the early voting site is located or by 29 the clerk of each municipality that is a party to the county

1 agreement.

2 (11) For temporary changes made under subsection (6) to a
3 polling place within 20 days before an election or to an early
4 voting site within 20 days before the start of early voting, the
5 appropriate clerk must provide notice in all of the following ways:

6 (a) By posting a sign indicating the new polling place
7 location or early voting site at the location of the former polling
8 place location or early voting site.

9 (b) By posting the new polling place location or early voting 10 site on the website of the municipality or county, as applicable.

11 (c) By posting the new polling place location or early voting12 site on the department of state's website.

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(12) (10) As used in this section:

(a) "Accessible" means the removal or modification of
policies, practices, and procedures that deny an individual with a
disability the opportunity to vote, including the removal of
physical barriers as identified in section 261(b) of the help
America vote act of 2002, 52 USC 21021, so as to ensure individuals
with disabilities the opportunity to participate in elections in
this state.

(b) "Candidate" means that term as defined in section 3 of the
Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.203.

23 (c) "Sponsor of a political committee or independent
24 committee" means a person that is described as being a sponsor
25 under section 24(3) of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA
26 388, MCL 169.224, and includes a subsidiary of a corporation or a
27 local of a labor organization, if the corporation or labor
28 organization is considered a sponsor under section 24(3) of the
29 Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.224.

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(c) "Early voting site" means that term as described in
 section 4(1)(m) of article II of the state constitution of 1963.
 Sec. 668b. (1) Each city or township shall use the electronic
 poll book software developed, acquired, or approved by the bureau
 of elections in each election precinct in the city or township on
 election day to process voters and generate election precinct
 reports.

8 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), after 4
9 p.m. on the day before an election, each city or township clerk
10 shall download the electronic poll book software from the qualified
11 voter file software.

(3) In a city or township with more than 50 election 12 precincts, the city or township clerk may begin downloading the 13 14 electronic poll book software from the qualified voter file 15 software after 2 p.m. on the Saturday before an election. If a city 16 or township clerk downloads the electronic poll book software from 17 the qualified voter file software before 4 p.m. on the day before 18 an election as provided in this subsection, the city or township clerk must provide a supplemental absent voter list to each 19 20 election precinct before the polls open on election day that captures any absent voter activity in the city or township between 21 2 p.m. on the Saturday before the election and 4 p.m. on the Monday 22 23 before the election.

Sec. 674. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary and subject to this section, the city and township board of election commissioners, at least 21 days but not more than 40 days before each election, but in no case less than 5 days before the date set for holding schools of instruction, shall appoint for each election precinct at least 3 election inspectors

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and as many more as in its opinion is required for the efficient, 1 speedy, and proper conduct of the election. The board of election 2 commissioners may appoint as election inspector an individual on 3 the list submitted by a major political party under section 673a 4 who is gualified to serve under section 677. An appointment of an 5 6 election inspector under this section is void if a properly 7 completed application for that election inspector is not on file in 8 the clerk's office as prescribed in section 677.

(2) The board of election commissioners shall designate 1 9 10 appointed election inspector as chairperson. The board of election 11 commissioners shall appoint at least 1 election inspector from each major political party and shall appoint an equal number, as nearly 12 as possible, of election inspectors in each election precinct from 13 14 each major political party. The board of election commissioners may 15 appoint election inspectors in an election precinct from minor 16 political parties. Not later than 2 business days following the 17 appointment of election inspectors under subsection (1) for elections in which a federal or state office appears, the board of 18 election commissioners shall notify by certified mail, personal 19 20 service, or electronic transmission capable of determining date of receipt the county chair of each major political party of the names 21 and political party affiliations of appointed election inspectors 22 23 and the precincts to which those **election** inspectors were appointed. A board of election commissioners shall not appoint a 24 25 person an individual as an election inspector if that person individual declares a political party preference for 1 political 26 27 party but is a known active advocate of another political party. As used in this section, "a known active advocate" means a person an 28 29 individual who meets 1 or more of the following:

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(a) Is a delegate to the convention or an officer of that
 other political party.

3 (b) Is affiliated with that political party through an elected4 or appointed government position.

5 (c) Has made documented public statements specifically 6 supporting by name the other political party or its candidates in 7 the same calendar year as the election for which the appointment is 8 being made. As used in this subdivision, "documented public 9 statements" means statements reported by the news media or written 10 statements with a clear and unambiguous attribution to the 11 applicant.

12 (3) The county chair of a major political party may challenge the appointment of an election inspector based upon on the 13 14 qualifications of the election inspector, the legitimacy of the 15 election inspector's political party affiliation, or whether there 16 is a properly completed declaration of political party affiliation 17 in the application for that election inspector on file in the 18 clerk's office. The challenge must be in writing, specifically identify the reason for the challenge, and include any available 19 20 documentation supporting the challenge. The county chair of the political party shall file a challenge under this subsection with 21 22 the board of election commissioners not later than 4 business days following receipt of the board of election commissioners' notice of 23 24 appointed election inspectors under subsection (2).

(4) Upon receipt of a challenge under subsection (3), the board of election commissioners shall determine whether the appointee has the necessary qualifications by reviewing the application or any other official records, such as voter registration records, or whether the applicant has a properly

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completed certification of political party affiliation in the 1 application. If the challenge alleges that the appointee is a known 2 active advocate of a political party other than the one on the 3 appointee's application, the board of election commissioners 4 immediately shall provide the appointee with a copy of the 5 6 challenge by certified mail, personal service, or electronic 7 transmission capable of determining date of receipt. The appointee 8 may respond to the challenge within 2 business days after receiving a copy of the challenge. A response must be by affidavit addressing 9 10 the specific reasons for the challenge. Failure to respond results 11 in revocation of the appointment. Within 2 business days after receiving the challenge or a response from the appointee, whichever 12 is later, the board of election commissioners shall make a final 13 14 determination and notify the appointee and the county chair of the 15 political party of the determination.

16 (5) If a vacancy occurs in the office of chairperson or in the 17 office of election inspector before election day, the chairperson of the board of election commissioners shall designate some other 18 19 properly qualified applicant or election inspector as chairperson 20 or some other qualified applicant as election inspector, as applicable, subject to this section. If a vacancy occurs in the 21 office of chairperson on election day, the remaining election 22 23 inspectors shall designate 1 of the **election** inspectors as 24 chairperson.

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Sec. 720a. As used in sections 720b to 720j:

(a) "County agreement" means an agreement, or any amendment to
the agreement, between 1 or more municipalities located in whole or
in part in the same county and the county clerk of that county
authorizing the county clerk of the county to conduct early voting

1 for each municipality that is a party to the agreement, with the 2 assistance of, and in consultation with, the clerk of each 3 municipality that is a party to the agreement.

4 (b) "Early voting" means casting a ballot in person before 5 election day in the same manner as a ballot is cast on election 6 day, including depositing the ballot into a tabulator.

7 (c) "Early voting plan" means a document and any addenda to
8 the document outlining the manner in which early voting will be
9 provided.

10 (d) "Early voting poll book" means the poll book utilized in 11 early voting to create the poll list of registered electors voting 12 at an early voting site and to comply with all statutory 13 requirements of a poll book in an election. An early voting poll 14 book may be electronic or a combination of electronic and paper, as 15 prescribed by the secretary of state.

(e) "Early voting site" means a location where early votingoccurs and that meets both of the following requirements:

(i) Is open for at least 9 consecutive days of early voting
beginning on the second Saturday before a statewide or federal
election and ending on the Sunday before a statewide or federal
election.

(*ii*) Is open for at least 8 hours each day during the required
9 consecutive days of early voting.

(f) "Municipal agreement" means an agreement, or any amendment
to the agreement, between 2 or more municipalities located in whole
or in part in the same county to jointly conduct early voting.

Sec. 720b. (1) A registered and qualified elector in this
state has the right to vote in person in each statewide and federal
election at an early voting site before election day. An elector at

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an early voting site has the same rights and is subject to the same
 requirements as an elector at a polling place on election day.

3 (2) Early voting must be provided in each statewide and 4 federal election for at least 9 consecutive days beginning on the 5 second Saturday before the statewide or federal election and ending 6 on the Sunday before the statewide or federal election, and must be 7 provided for at least 8 hours each day during the required 9 8 consecutive days of early voting.

9 (3) Beginning January 1, 2026, early voting may be offered on 10 the Monday before an election. The early voting on that Monday must 11 end no later than 4 p.m.

Sec. 720c. (1) The secretary of state shall supervise the implementation and conduct of early voting required under section 4 (1) (m) of article II of the state constitution of 1963 to provide each elector an opportunity to cast a ballot in person before each statewide or federal election.

17 (2) For early voting required under section 4(1)(m) of article
18 II of the state constitution of 1963, the secretary of state shall
19 do all of the following:

20 (a) Issue instructions and procedures to county and municipal
21 election officials on the administration and conduct of early
22 voting.

(b) Advise and direct county and municipal election officialson conducting early voting.

(c) Develop, acquire, or approve new technology for the early
voting poll book to efficiently and securely implement, administer,
and conduct early voting.

(d) Create a model municipal agreement template and modelcounty agreement template, and ensure that each template can be

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completed online by a county or municipality.

2 (e) Create model early voting plan templates for
3 municipalities to complete, and ensure that each template can be
4 electronically transmitted to the bureau of elections.

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5 (f) Create model countywide early voting plan templates for 6 county clerks to complete, and ensure that each template can be 7 electronically transmitted to the bureau of elections.

8 (g) Evaluate new voting system technology that produces 9 ballots on demand or that may be used to cast and tabulate early 10 voting ballots, and, if appropriate, submit new technology to the 11 board of state canvassers for approval under section 795a.

(3) The secretary of state shall provide resources to county 12 13 and municipal election officials that prevent an elector from 14 intentionally or inadvertently casting more than 1 ballot at an 15 election, including, but not limited to, an elector casting more 16 than 1 ballot at 1 or more early voting sites or an elector casting an absent voter ballot and a ballot at an early voting site. The 17 18 resources required may be technological, procedural, or a 19 combination of both technological and procedural.

20 (4) The secretary of state shall provide guidance to county
21 and municipal election officials regarding the process for securing
22 equipment and ballots at the conclusion of each day of early
23 voting.

(5) The secretary of state shall issue instructions regarding
ballots produced by an on-demand ballot printing system and that
are subject to challenge.

27 Sec. 720d. (1) Each municipality shall administer early voting 28 under 1 of the following provisions:

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(a) Conduct early voting as a single municipality separate

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from any other municipality as provided under section 720e.

(b) Enter into a municipal agreement and jointly conduct early 2 3 voting with 1 or more other municipalities located in the same county as provided under section 720f. 4

5 (c) Enter into a county agreement and authorize the county 6 clerk of the county in which that municipality is located to 7 conduct early voting for 1 or more municipalities located in that county, with the assistance of, and in consultation with, the clerk 8 of each municipality that is a party to the county agreement as 9 10 provided under section 720g.

11 (2) Subject to subsection (4), no later than 155 days before the first regularly scheduled statewide or federal election in an 12 even numbered year, the clerk of each county shall notify the clerk 13 14 of each municipality in that county regarding whether the county 15 clerk intends to conduct early voting through a county agreement. 16 No later than 150 days before the first regularly scheduled 17 statewide or federal election in an even numbered year, the clerk 18 of each municipality shall notify the county clerk of the county in which that municipality is located regarding whether the 19 20 municipality intends to enter into a municipal agreement or a county agreement, or whether the municipality intends to conduct 21 22 early voting as a single municipality separate from any other 23 municipality.

24 (3) Subject to subsection (4), no later than 125 days before 25 the first regularly scheduled statewide or federal election to be 26 held in an even numbered year, the municipal clerks entering into a municipal agreement, and the municipal clerks and county clerk of 27 28 each county entering into a county agreement, must finalize and 29 sign those agreements. No later than 90 days before a special

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statewide or federal election, the municipal clerks entering into a
 municipal agreement, and the municipal clerks and county clerk of
 each county entering into a county agreement, must finalize and
 sign those agreements.

5 (4) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3), a municipality 6 that conducts early voting as a single municipality under section 7 720e for a presidential primary election may, no later than April 15 of the year in which that presidential primary election is held, 8 9 enter into a municipal agreement under section 720f or a county 10 agreement under section 720g for the remaining statewide and 11 federal elections to be held in that year and the following year, and for any other elections included in the municipal agreement or 12 13 county agreement. The municipal agreement or county agreement 14 entered into under this subsection may be a new agreement, or an 15 amendment to an existing agreement that was in effect for the 16 presidential primary election if all of the parties to the 17 agreement agree to the amendment.

18 Sec. 720e. (1) The clerk of a municipality that does not enter 19 into a municipal agreement or county agreement for conducting early 20 voting is responsible for administering early voting in that 21 municipality.

(2) Each early voting site for a municipality described in
subsection (1) must be designated in the same manner as polling
places are designated in section 662. Each elector registered in
the municipality may engage in early voting at any early voting
site in that municipality.

(3) The board of election commissioners of a municipality
described in subsection (1) shall, in accordance with section 674,
appoint election inspectors for each early voting site in that

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1 municipality.

(4) For each federal and statewide election, each municipality
described in subsection (1) must have 1 or more early voting sites.
In addition, the clerk of the municipality described in subsection
(1) may set additional hours for early voting on any of the
required 9 consecutive days of early voting as described in section
720b.

(5) The clerk of a municipality described in subsection (1) 8 9 may also offer early voting on additional days beyond the required 10 9 consecutive days as described in section 720b. The clerk of the 11 municipality may set the hours for those additional days of early voting without regard to the hours on the required 9 consecutive 12 days of early voting described in section 720b. Additional days of 13 14 early voting as described in this subsection must take place on or 15 after the twenty-ninth day before an election.

16 (6) The legislative body of a municipality described in 17 subsection (1) may adopt a resolution to conduct early voting in an 18 election held in that municipality that is not a statewide or federal election, and early voting for that election must be 19 20 conducted under the requirements of this section, except that the required 9 consecutive days of early voting beginning on the second 21 22 Saturday before the election and ending on the Sunday before the 23 election, and the required minimum of 8 hours of early voting each 24 day, do not apply.

(7) If a municipality has 250 or more precincts, each ballot
form that contains identical offices and names may be considered a
separate precinct for purposes of early voting.

28 Sec. 720f. (1) The secretary of state shall prescribe the 29 provisions that must be included in a municipal agreement. The

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1 provisions must include, at a minimum, all of the following:

2 (a) The name of each municipality that is a party to the3 agreement.

4 (b) The number of precincts in each participating5 municipality.

6 (c) The name of the coordinator who will organize and monitor
7 the administrative requirements of early voting for the
8 participating municipalities.

9 (d) The process for approving early voting sites, in
10 accordance with section 662, by 1 or more legislative bodies of the
11 participating municipalities.

(e) The board of election commissioners of the participating
municipalities that will appoint, pursuant to section 674, the
election inspectors for each early voting site.

(f) The process for approving early voting hours for the required 9 consecutive days of early voting, and the process for approving any additional days and hours of early voting.

(g) The communication strategy for informing electors of the opportunity for early voting, and for publicizing each early voting site, along with the dates and hours of operation of each early voting site.

(h) The process to ensure that the secretary of state has the information necessary to include the location, along with the dates and hours of operation, of each early voting site on the department of state's website.

26 (i) The process for developing the early voting budget and27 cost sharing procedures.

(j) The process for determining the number of tabulators and
early voting poll books that are necessary at each early voting

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site and the name of each municipality that will provide those
 tabulators and early voting poll books.

3 (k) The name of the board of election commissioners that will4 conduct testing of the electronic voting equipment.

5 (l) The name of the clerk who shall download the early voting6 poll book.

7 (m) The supervision and staffing of each early voting site on
8 each day of early voting.

9 (n) Information on how a receiving board or group of election 10 inspectors will be appointed to canvass the early vote returns on 11 election day and report early voting results to the county clerk.

12 (o) The process for a participating municipality to withdraw13 from the agreement.

14 (2) The clerks of the municipalities that are participating in 15 a municipal agreement shall appoint a coordinator to organize and 16 monitor the administrative requirements of early voting. The 17 coordinator must be a clerk, or a member of the clerk's staff, of a 18 municipality that is a party to the agreement. The coordinator 19 shall provide oversight to ensure sufficient resources are 20 available and are timely dispatched to each early voting site. The 21 coordinator shall develop the early voting plan and the early 22 voting budget for each election.

(3) The clerks of the municipalities that are participating in
a municipal agreement shall designate a participating municipal
clerk to download the early voting poll book.

(4) In accordance with section 662, the coordinator shall
submit each early voting site to the legislative body of the
municipality or municipalities designated by the municipal
agreement for approval.

1 (5) A participating municipal clerk shall recruit election 2 inspectors at the request of the coordinator, or shall provide the 3 coordinator with the list of election inspectors for that clerk's 4 municipality. The board of election commissioners of a municipality 5 recruiting the election inspectors, or of any other municipality 6 that is a party to the agreement, shall, in accordance with section 7 674, appoint election inspectors for early voting.

8 (6) The clerks of the municipalities that are participating in 9 a municipal agreement shall appoint a municipal clerk to act as 10 supervisor for each day of early voting. The supervisor shall 11 operate in the same manner as a municipal clerk does for an 12 election day polling place. A supervisor may delegate the 13 supervisor's duties to a member of the supervisor's staff.

14 (7) For each federal and statewide election, there must be 1
15 or more early voting sites that are open to all the registered
16 electors of each municipality that is a party to the municipal
17 agreement.

18 (8) The clerks of the municipalities that are participating in a municipal agreement may also agree to jointly offer early voting 19 20 on additional days beyond the required 9 consecutive days as 21 described in section 720b. The clerks may set the hours for those 22 additional days of early voting without regard to the required 23 hours for early voting on the 9 consecutive days of early voting 24 described in section 720b. Additional days of early voting as 25 described in this subsection must take place on or after the 26 twenty-ninth day before an election.

(9) The legislative body of a municipality that is a party to
a municipal agreement may adopt a resolution to conduct early
voting in an election to be held in the municipality that is not a

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statewide or federal election. If a municipality adopts a
 resolution as provided in this subsection, the clerk of that
 municipality shall conduct early voting for that election as
 provided under section 720e.

(10) The legislative body of each municipality that is a party 5 6 to a municipal agreement may enter into an agreement to jointly 7 conduct early voting in an election that involves more than 1 of the municipalities in the municipal agreement and that is not a 8 9 statewide or federal election. Early voting in those elections must 10 be conducted under the requirements of this section, except that 11 the required minimum of 9 consecutive days of early voting beginning on the second Saturday before the election and ending on 12 the Sunday before the election, and the required minimum of 8 hours 13 14 of early voting each day, do not apply.

15 (11) A municipal agreement covers all statewide and federal 16 elections, and any additional elections included in the municipal 17 agreement, for at least the entire election year in which a general 18 November election is held and the year following that general 19 November election. Subject to this subsection, a municipal 20 agreement may provide that the agreement has no fixed termination 21 date. Subject to this subsection, a party to a municipal agreement 22 may withdraw from the agreement by providing at least 30 days' 23 written notice to the other parties to the agreement. A party to a 24 municipal agreement may not withdraw from the municipal agreement 25 during the period beginning 150 days before the first statewide 26 general November election in an even numbered year and ending on the completion of the county canvass for that statewide general 27 28 November election in that even numbered year. If any municipal 29 agreement covers any election in addition to the statewide and

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federal elections, a party to that municipal agreement may not withdraw from the municipal agreement during the period beginning 150 days before the election covered under the municipal agreement and ending on the completion of the county canvass for that election. If a municipality withdraws from a municipal agreement, the municipality must conduct early voting as provided under section 720e.

Sec. 720g. (1) The secretary of state shall prescribe the 8 9 provisions that must be included in a county agreement between 1 or 10 more municipalities located in the same county and the county clerk 11 of that county authorizing the county clerk to conduct early voting for each municipality that is a party to the agreement, with 12 assistance from, and in consultation with, the clerk of each 13 14 municipality that is a party to the agreement. The provisions must 15 include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

16 (a) The name of the county and the name of each municipality17 involved in the agreement.

18 (b) The number of precincts in each participating19 municipality.

20 (c) The name of the coordinator who will organize and monitor21 the administrative requirements of early voting.

(d) The process for determining the number of early voting
sites needed, and the process for determining the location of each
early voting site.

(e) The process for approving the early voting hours for the
required 9 consecutive days of early voting, and the process for
approving any additional days and hours of early voting.

(f) The communication strategy for informing electors of theopportunity for early voting, and for publicizing each early voting

site, along with the dates and hours of operation of each early
 voting site, and which city or township is served by each early
 voting site.

4 (g) The process to ensure that the secretary of state has the 5 information necessary to include the location, along with the dates 6 and hours of operation, of each early voting site on the department 7 of state's website.

8 (h) The process for developing the early voting budget and9 cost sharing and chargeback procedures.

(i) The process for determining the number of tabulators and
early voting poll books that are necessary in each early voting
site and the name of the county or municipality that will provide
those tabulators and early voting poll books.

14 (j) The name of the board of election commissioners that will15 conduct testing of the electronic voting equipment.

16 (k) The name of the clerk, either the county clerk or a
17 designated municipal clerk, who shall download the early voting
18 poll book.

19 (l) The supervision and staffing of each early voting site on20 each day of early voting.

(m) Information on how a receiving board or a group of election inspectors will be appointed to canvass the early vote returns on election day and report early voting results to the county clerk.

25 (n) The process for a participating municipality or county26 clerk to withdraw from the agreement.

(2) The county clerk shall appoint a coordinator to organize
and monitor the administrative requirements of early voting. The
coordinator may be the county clerk or a member of the county

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1 clerk's staff, or a municipal clerk, or a member of the municipal 2 clerk's staff, that is party to the agreement. The coordinator 3 shall provide oversight to ensure sufficient resources are 4 available and are timely dispatched to each early voting site. The 5 coordinator shall develop the early voting plan, in consultation 6 with the clerks of participating municipalities to the county 7 agreement.

8 (3) The county clerk shall designate which clerk, either the 9 county clerk or a designated municipal clerk, shall download the 10 early voting poll book.

(4) On request of the county clerk, a clerk of a participating
municipality shall make available, to the extent possible,
tabulators, early voting poll books, and ballot containers for
conducting early voting.

15 (5) In accordance with section 662, the county clerk, after 16 consulting the municipal clerks, shall submit each early voting 17 site location to the board of county election commissioners for 18 approval. Each early voting site submitted for approval may serve 19 all electors covered by the county agreement, the electors in 20 specific municipalities that are covered by an early voting site, 21 the electors of 1 municipality, or any combination of these 22 options, as long as each elector in the county is served by 1 or 23 more early voting sites.

(6) A municipal clerk shall recruit election inspectors at the request of the county clerk, or shall provide the county clerk with the list of election inspectors for the clerk's municipality. The board of county election commissioners shall, in accordance with section 674, appoint election inspectors for early voting.

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(7) The county clerk may appoint a participating municipal

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clerk or a member of the county clerk's staff to act as a 1 2 supervisor for each day of early voting. The county clerk may 3 appoint a different participating municipal clerk or a member of the county clerk's staff to act as a supervisor for different days 4 5 of early voting. The supervisor shall operate in the same manner as 6 a municipal clerk does for an election day polling place. A 7 supervisor may delegate the supervisor's duties to a member of the supervisor's staff. 8

9 (8) For each federal and statewide election, there must be 1 10 or more early voting sites that are open to all the registered 11 electors of each municipality that is a party to the county 12 agreement.

(9) The county clerk may also offer early voting on additional 13 14 days beyond the required 9 consecutive days as described in section 15 720b. The county clerk may set the hours for those additional days 16 of early voting without regard to the required hours for early 17 voting on the 9 consecutive days of early voting described in section 720b. Additional days of early voting as described in this 18 19 subsection must take place on or after the twenty-ninth day before 20 an election.

(10) The legislative body of a municipality that is party to a county agreement may adopt a resolution to conduct early voting in an election to be held in the municipality that is not a statewide or federal election. If a municipality adopts a resolution as provided in this subsection, the clerk of that municipality may conduct early voting for that election as provided under section 720e.

(11) A county clerk and the legislative body of 1 or moremunicipalities may enter into an agreement for the county clerk to

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conduct early voting in an election that is not a statewide or 1 2 federal election. This section does not preclude a county clerk and 3 a municipality from entering into an agreement for the county clerk to conduct early voting for an election in the municipality that is 4 5 not a statewide or federal election. Early voting in those 6 elections must be conducted under the requirements of this section, 7 except that the required minimum of 9 consecutive days of early voting beginning on the second Saturday before the election and 8 9 ending on the Sunday before the election, and the required minimum 10 of 8 hours of early voting each day, do not apply.

11 (12) A county agreement covers all statewide and federal elections, and any additional elections included in the county 12 13 agreement, for at least the entire year in which a general November 14 election is held and the year following that general November 15 election. Subject to this subsection, a county agreement may 16 provide that the agreement has no fixed termination date. Subject 17 to this subsection, a party to a county agreement may withdraw from 18 the county agreement by providing at least 30 days' written notice 19 to the other parties to the agreement. A party to a county 20 agreement may not withdraw from the county agreement during the 21 period beginning 150 days before the first statewide general 22 November election in an even numbered year and ending on the 23 completion of the county canvass for that statewide general 24 November election in that even numbered year. If any county 25 agreement covers any election in addition to the statewide and 26 federal elections, a party to that county agreement may not 27 withdraw from the county agreement during the period beginning 150 28 days before the election covered under the county agreement and 29 ending on the completion of the county canvass for that election.

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Sec. 720h. (1) No later than 120 days before the first
 statewide or federal election in each even numbered year, all of
 the following apply:

4 (a) Each municipality that is conducting early voting as a 5 single municipality under section 720e must file an early voting 6 plan with the county clerk of the county in which the municipality 7 is located.

8 (b) The coordinator for the municipalities that have signed a 9 municipal agreement under section 720f must file an early voting 10 plan for the municipalities participating in the municipal 11 agreement with the county clerk of the county in which the 12 municipalities are located.

13 (c) Each county that is a party to a county agreement must14 prepare an early voting plan.

(2) If a municipality described in subsection (1) (a) fails to file an early voting plan with the county clerk of the county in which the municipality is located by the deadline provided in subsection (1), the county clerk of the county in which the municipality is located shall immediately contact the clerk of that municipality and attempt to determine that municipality's plan for conducting early voting.

(3) An early voting plan must provide sufficient details
describing the processes created to conduct early voting. Each
early voting plan must include, but not be limited to, all of the
following:

26 (a) Whether the plan covers a municipality described in
27 section 720e, a municipal agreement described in section 720f, or a
28 county agreement described in section 720g.

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(b) The name of each municipal clerk, and, if applicable, the

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1 name of the county clerk, executing the early voting plan.

2 (c) The number of precincts and registered electors in the
3 municipality under section 720e, the municipal agreement under
4 section 720f, or the county agreement under section 720g, as
5 applicable.

6 (d) The number of early voting sites, the location of each
7 early voting site, if available, and the municipality or
8 municipalities the early voting sites serve.

9 (e) The name, position, and contact information of the 10 coordinator for a municipal agreement or county agreement, if 11 applicable.

(f) Any additional early voting days that will be offered before the required 9 consecutive days of early voting as provided in section 720b, along with the hours the early voting sites will be open on those additional early voting days.

16 (g) Beginning January 1, 2026, whether early voting will be17 offered on the Monday before election day.

(h) The communication strategy for informing electors of theopportunity for early voting.

(i) The process to ensure that the secretary of state has the
information necessary to include the location, along with the dates
and hours of operation, of each early voting site on the department
of state's website.

(j) A copy of a municipal agreement or a county agreement, ifapplicable.

26 (k) Any other information as the secretary of state or county27 clerk considers necessary.

(4) Each county clerk shall review each early voting plan thatthe county clerk receives under subsection (1)(a) and (b) to verify

that the early voting plan contains all the required information.
Each municipality in a county that is conducting early voting as a single municipality under section 720e and each coordinator for municipalities that have entered into a municipal agreement under section 720f shall submit accurate and complete information in the early voting plan, and shall promptly respond to a request for information from the county clerk or the county clerk's staff.

8 (5) No later than 110 days before the first statewide or 9 federal election in an even numbered year, each county clerk shall 10 submit to the secretary of state a countywide early voting plan 11 that includes, at a minimum, all of the following:

12 (a) Whether the county clerk is participating in a county
13 agreement described under section 720g, and if so, which
14 municipalities in the county are parties to the county agreement.

(b) Which municipalities in the county, if any, will be conducting early voting as a single municipality under section 720e, and which municipalities in the county, if any, will be conducting early voting under a municipal agreement under section 720f.

(c) If any municipalities in the county are conducting early
voting under a municipal agreement under section 720f, the
municipalities that are parties to each municipal agreement.

(d) The process that the county, each municipal coordinator in the county, and each municipality that is not a party to a municipal agreement or a county agreement, will use to ensure that the secretary of state has the information necessary to include the location, along with the dates and hours of operation, of each early voting site on the department of state's website.

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(e) A copy of each early voting plan submitted by the

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municipalities in the county and by the municipal coordinators in
 the county, and a copy of the county early voting plan prepared by
 the county clerk.

4 (f) Any other information that the secretary of state or 5 county clerk considers necessary.

6 (6) The county clerk shall certify that the electors of each 7 municipality in the county are served by 1 or more early voting sites. If any municipality in the county is not a party to a 8 9 municipal agreement or a county agreement and has not filed an 10 early voting plan as a municipality conducting early voting as a 11 single municipality, the county clerk shall indicate the name of that municipality as an exception to the certification and shall 12 13 indicate what steps the county clerk has taken to determine that 14 municipality's plan for early voting.

Sec. 720i. (1) An early voting site is subject to the same requirements as a polling place except that an early voting site may do either or both of the following:

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(a) Serve electors from more than 6 precincts.

(b) Serve electors from more than 1 municipality located in acounty.

(2) An early voting site is not subject to the limit on the
number of electors assigned to a precinct as provided in section
661.

(3) The location and number of early voting sites must be
selected by taking into consideration expected turnout, population
density, public transportation, accessibility, travel time, traffic
patterns, and any other factors that election officials consider
necessary to enhance the accessibility of early voting sites.
(4) The location of each early voting site must be finalized

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1 no later than 60 days before election day.

2 (5) On each day of early voting, each registered and qualified
3 elector present and in line at the early voting site at the hour
4 prescribed for the closing of the early voting site must be allowed
5 to vote.

6 Sec. 720j. (1) At each early voting site, ballots must be cast 7 using electronic tabulating equipment authorized to be used on 8 election day or specifically authorized for early voting in the 9 county where the early voting site is located.

10 (2) The clerk of the county where an early voting site is
11 located shall prepare and provide to each municipal clerk or early
12 voting site coordinator, as appropriate, both of the following:

13 (a) Programming for the electronic voting equipment to be used14 at the early voting site no later than 45 days before election day.

(b) Ballots to be used to test the electronic voting equipment no later than 45 days before election day. The appropriate board of election commissioners shall complete the preliminary and public logic and accuracy testing no later than 5 days before the start of early voting in accordance with the requirements under section 798.

20 (3) Tabulators and early voting poll books used at each early 21 voting site must be configured in 1 of the ways set forth in this 22 section. However, the secretary of state may approve an alternate 23 configuration of tabulators and early voting poll books as long as 24 the alternate configuration produces an accurate poll list of the 25 voters who cast ballots on each specific tabulator that enables the 26 balancing of the number of voters casting a ballot at the early 27 voting site with the number of ballots cast on the tabulator. A 28 municipal clerk, or the coordinator of a municipal agreement, shall 29 select a configuration set or sets under subsection (4) or (5), as

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applicable, and inform the county clerk of the selection no later 1 2 than 90 days before an election. Under a county agreement, the 3 county clerk, after consulting with the participating municipal 4 clerks, shall select the configuration set or sets under subsection 5 (6) no later than 90 days before an election. Subsections (4), (5), 6 and (6) describe the configuration sets that are options for early 7 voting sites, with each configuration set having at least 1 tabulator and an early voting poll book containing a list of 8 9 registered electors corresponding to the precincts programmed on 10 the tabulator. A county clerk shall program the tabulators to 11 adhere to the configuration set or sets selected for each early voting site. Each early voting site must have the number of 12 13 tabulators and early voting poll books as required by the selected 14 configuration set or sets.

15 (4) If a municipal clerk is conducting early voting as a 16 municipality under section 720e, the municipal clerk shall provide 17 for each early voting site either of the following configuration 18 sets:

(a) A single configuration set programmed to tabulate ballotsfor all of the precincts in the municipality.

(b) Multiple configuration sets, with each configuration set
programmed to tabulate ballots for a unique set of precincts in the
municipality. Each precinct in the municipality must appear on only
1 configuration set at an early voting site.

(5) If municipalities are parties to a municipal agreement,
the municipal agreement must provide for each early voting site to
have either of the following configuration sets:

(a) A single configuration set programmed to tabulate ballotsfor all of the precincts of each municipality covered by the

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1 municipal agreement.

(b) Multiple configuration sets, with each tabulator
programmed to tabulate ballots for 1 or more municipalities covered
by the municipal agreement. Each precinct in each of the
municipalities must appear on only 1 configuration set in an early
voting site.

7 (6) If 1 or more municipalities are parties to a county
8 agreement, the county agreement must provide for each early voting
9 site to have either of the following configuration sets:

(a) For an early voting site covering the entire county, in
the same manner as an early voting site of a municipality
conducting early voting as a municipality under section 720e.

(b) For an early voting site covering less than the entire county, in the same manner as an early voting site for municipalities that are parties to a municipal agreement under section 720f.

17 (7) The early voting poll book must be updated before early
18 voting starts each day to reflect new registered electors, absent
19 voter ballots received, and ballots cast at early voting sites
20 since the last update.

(8) After the close of the first day of early voting, the
board of election inspectors shall do all of the following at each
early voting site:

(a) Verify that the number of ballots tabulated equals the
number of electors identified in the early voting poll book as
having been issued ballots at the early voting site that day, and
note the reason for any discrepancy in the poll book.

(b) Remove the voted ballots from the tabulator bin and sealthe ballots, along with any spoiled ballots, and the early voting

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poll book in a ballot container in the same manner as ballots are
 sealed on election day and in accordance with section 806a.

3 (c) Record the seal number on the ballot container certificate4 in accordance with section 806a.

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(d) Record the seal number in the poll book.

6 (e) Print a poll list from the early voting poll book of the 7 electors who voted at the early voting site that day and add it to 8 the paper poll book.

9 (f) Report the number on the public counter on the tabulator 10 at the end of the day and at the beginning of the day in the poll 11 book.

12 (g) Secure any absent voter ballots that are to be processed13 at the early voting site in a locked room.

14 (h) Secure each tabulator used at the early voting site in a15 locked room.

16 (i) Lock the building in which the early voting site is 17 located.

(9) After the close of each subsequent day of early voting 18 19 after the first day of early voting, the board of election 20 inspectors shall follow the same procedure as provided in 21 subsection (8), except that on subsequent days the board of 22 election inspectors may either place the current day's ballots in 23 an unused ballot container and seal the ballots in the same manner 24 as ballots are sealed on election day or may add the current day's 25 ballots to a ballot container that was used for the previous day of 26 early voting. If the board of election inspectors elects to add the 27 current day's ballots to a ballot container that was used for the 28 previous day of early voting, the seal on the previous day's ballot 29 container must be removed, the current day's ballots and the seal

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removed by the election inspectors must be added to the ballot container, the ballot container must be resealed, and the new seal number must be recorded on the ballot container certificate and in the poll book. If a ballot container becomes too full to add additional ballots, the election inspectors must use 1 or more additional ballot containers and label the ballot container certificates sequentially.

(10) During the required early voting period, the municipal 8 9 clerk or the early voting site supervisor, as appropriate, shall 10 take all necessary steps to secure the electronic voting equipment, 11 ballot containers, blank ballots, and other election materials after the close of early voting each day until the opening of early 12 voting on the following day, in accordance with guidance provided 13 14 by the secretary of state. After the last day of early voting, the 15 municipal clerk or the early voting site supervisor, as 16 appropriate, shall deliver the electronic voting equipment, each 17 ballot container, the blank ballots, and other election materials 18 to the clerk who will oversee the closing of the election after the 19 polls close on election day. No later than the Friday before 20 election day, each municipal clerk shall post on the municipality's 21 website the location where the precinct canvass of early votes for 22 that municipality will take place and the time the precinct canvass 23 will begin.

24 (11) After the polls close on election day, the precinct25 election inspectors shall do all of the following:

26 (a) Canvass the vote as provided in sections 801 to 810.
27 (b) Generate the totals tape and make results available to
28 those present.

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(c) Complete the statements of results, the ballot summary,

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and the certificate of election inspectors.

2 (d) If a ballot container is opened during the canvass, reseal
3 the ballot container and record the seal number on the ballot
4 container certificate and in the poll book.

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5 (12) The county clerk shall report early voting results as a 6 separate category distinct from categories required under section 7 765a(1) and shall add these results to the total results for each 8 precinct, except for a municipality with 250 or more precincts that 9 chooses to use a ballot form that contains identical offices and 10 names as the precincts for early voting.

11 (13) If, during the county canvass of the votes, it is necessary to retabulate ballots from a precinct, and any ballots 12 from that precinct are sealed in 1 or more ballot containers from 13 14 an early voting site that contain ballots from multiple precincts, 15 each necessary ballot container must be opened and the ballots 16 sorted by precinct so that the ballots needing to be retabulated 17 can be identified and segregated. The sorting must be done at the 18 canvass. Similarly, if there is a recount of a precinct and any 19 ballots from that precinct are sealed in 1 or more ballot 20 containers from an early voting site that contain ballots from 21 multiple precincts, each ballot container must be opened and the 22 ballots sorted by precinct as described in this subsection so that 23 the ballots subject to the recount can be identified and 24 segregated.

(14) Early voting results must not be generated or reported until after 8 p.m. on election day. An individual shall not intentionally disclose an election result from an early voting site before 8 p.m. on election day. An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony.

Sec. 736b. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a primary 1 election must either contain the following ballot marking 2 instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or 3 must have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy 4 5 sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking 6 instructions: 7 PRIMARY ELECTION TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice as shown: 8 9 [insert graphic here]. 10 -- OR --11 TO VOTE: Completely darken the box opposite each choice as shown: [insert graphic here]. 12 IMPORTANT: To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen. 13 14 DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR! 15 PARTISAN SECTION: There may be multiple party sections on the ballot. Select the party section of your choice. YOU MAY VOTE IN 16 17 ONE PARTY SECTION ONLY; YOU CANNOT "SPLIT YOUR TICKET." IF YOU VOTE IN MORE THAN ONE PARTY SECTION, YOUR PARTISAN BALLOT WILL BE 18 REJECTED. 19 20 DO NOT vote for more candidates than indicated under each office 21 title. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES: To vote for a candidate whose name is not 22 23 printed on the ballot, write or place the name of that candidate in 24 the blank space provided and completely darken the voting target 25 area. Do not cast a write-in vote for a candidate whose name is already printed on the ballot for that office. 26 27 CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain to check the reverse side of the ballot. 28

WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy 1 sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and, if there is a numbered 2 stub, the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the 3 election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by 4 5 absentee ballot, follow the instructions provided by the clerk for 6 returning the ballot.) 7 NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or 8 9 correct any marks made in error. 10 Sec. 736c. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a general 11 election must either contain the following ballot marking instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or 12 must have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy 13 14 sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking 15 instructions: 16 GENERAL ELECTION TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice as shown: 17 18 [insert graphic here]. -- OR --19 20 TO VOTE: Completely darken the box opposite each choice as shown: [insert graphic here]. 21 **IMPORTANT:** To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen. 22 DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR! 23 24 **PARTISAN SECTION:** To vote the partisan section of the ballot, you 25 may cast a "mixed ticket." Mixed Ticket: Vote for the individual candidates of your choice 26 27 in each office. NONPARTISAN and PROPOSAL SECTIONS of the ballot (if any) must be 28 29 voted separately.

1 DO NOT vote for more candidates than indicated under each office 2 title.

3 WRITE-IN CANDIDATES: To vote for a candidate whose name is not
4 printed on the ballot, write or place the name of that candidate
5 in the blank space provided and completely darken the voting target
6 area. Do not cast a write-in vote for a candidate whose name
7 is already printed on the ballot for that office.

8 CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain9 to check the reverse side of the ballot.

10 WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy 11 sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and, if there is a numbered 12 stub, the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the 13 election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by 14 absentee ballot, follow the instructions provided by the clerk for 15 returning the ballot.)

16 NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election 17 official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or 18 correct any marks made in error.

Sec. 736d. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a nonpartisan election must either contain the following ballot marking instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or must have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking instructions:

NONPARTISAN ELECTION

-- OR --

26 TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice as shown: 27 [insert graphic here].

28 29

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TO VOTE: Completely darken the box opposite each choice as shown:

1 [insert graphic here].

2 **IMPORTANT:** To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen.

3 DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR!

4 DO NOT vote for more candidates than indicated under each office5 title.

6 WRITE-IN CANDIDATES: To vote for a candidate whose name is not
7 printed on the ballot, write or place the name of that candidate in
8 the blank space provided and completely darken the voting target
9 area. Do not cast a write-in vote for a candidate whose name is
10 already printed on the ballot for that office.

11 CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain12 to check the reverse side of the ballot.

WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and, if there is a numbered stub, the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by absentee ballot, follow the instructions provided by the clerk for returning the ballot.)

19 NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election 20 official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or 21 correct any marks made in error.

Sec. 736e. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a special election must either contain the following ballot marking instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or must have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking instructions:

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SPECIAL ELECTION

29 TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice as shown:

1 [insert graphic here].

2

-- OR --

3 TO VOTE: Completely darken the box opposite each choice as shown: 4 [insert graphic here].

5 **IMPORTANT:** To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen.

6 DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR!

7 CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain
8 to check the reverse side of the ballot.

9 WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy 10 sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and, if there is a numbered 11 stub, the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the 12 election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by 13 absentee ballot, follow the instructions provided by the clerk for 14 returning the ballot.)

15 NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election 16 official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or 17 correct any marks made in error.

18 Sec. 764a. (1) Subject to subsection subsections (2) and (3), 19 the following instructions for an absent voter must be included 20 with each ballot or set of ballots furnished an absent voter: 21 INSTRUCTIONS FOR ABSENT VOTERS

22 Step 1. Enclosed you will find voting instructions as to the23 method of voting. Read these carefully and then vote the ballot.

24 Step 2. After voting a ballot, place the ballot in the secrecy
25 sleeve, if any. If a secrecy sleeve is not provided, refold the
26 ballot to conceal your votes.

Step 3. If, after voting your absent voter ballot, you wish to take your marked absent voter ballot to your polling place on election day, or to an early voting site during the early voting period, to personally put your marked absent voter ballot into a
 tabulator to be counted, skip Steps 4 to 7 and proceed to Step 8.
 If you do not proceed to Step 8, and you wish to return your marked
 absent voter ballot to the clerk, proceed to Steps 4 to 7.

5 Step 3. 4. Place the ballot or ballots in the return envelope
6 and securely seal the return envelope.

7 Step 4.-5. Sign and date the return envelope in the place 8 designated. Your signature must appear on the return envelope or 9 the ballot will not be counted. If you are disabled or otherwise 10 unable to mark the ballot and required assistance in voting your 11 absent voter ballot, have the individual who assisted you complete 12 the section on the return envelope entitled "TO BE COMPLETED ONLY 13 IF VOTER IS ASSISTED IN VOTING BY ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL".

14 Step 5.-6. Deliver the return envelope by 1 of the following 15 methods:

(a) Place the necessary postage upon the return envelope and
deposit it Deposit the postage prepaid return envelope in the
United States mail, or place the necessary postage on the return
envelope and deposit the return envelope with another public postal
service, express mail service, parcel post service, or common
carrier.

22 (b) Deliver the **return** envelope personally to the office of 23 the clerk, to the clerk, or to an authorized assistant of the 24 clerk, or to a secure drop box located in the city or township. 25 (c) In either (a) or (b), a member of the your immediate family of the voter including a father-in-law, mother-in-law, 26 27 brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild or an individual residing in the voter's 28 29 your household may mail or deliver a ballot to the clerk for the

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1 voter.you.

(d) You may request by telephone that the clerk who issued the 2 ballot provide assistance in returning the ballot. The clerk is 3 required to provide assistance if you are unable to return your 4 5 absent voter ballot as specified in (a), (b), or (c) above, if it 6 is before 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately preceding the election, 7 and if you are asking the clerk to pick up the absent voter ballot within the jurisdictional limits of the city, township, or village 8 in which you are registered. Your absent voter ballot will then be 9 10 picked up by the clerk or an election assistant sent by the clerk. 11 All individuals authorized to pick up absent voter ballots are required to carry credentials issued by the clerk. If using this 12 absent voter ballot return method, do not give your ballot to 13 anyone until you have checked their that individual's credentials. 14

Step 6. 7. The ballot must reach the clerk or an authorized assistant of the clerk before the close of the polls on election day. An absent voter ballot received by the clerk or assistant of the clerk after the close of the polls on election day will not be counted.

20 Step 8. This step applies only if, after marking your absent 21 voter ballot, you wish to take your marked absent voter ballot to 22 your polling place on election day, or to an early voting site 23 during the early voting period, to personally put your marked ballot into a tabulator to be counted. Bring your marked absent 24 25 voter ballot that you placed in the secrecy sleeve under Step 2 to 26 your polling place on election day, or to an early voting site 27 during the early voting period, and indicate to the election 28 inspectors that you are there to put your marked absent voter 29 ballot into the tabulator to be counted. Before tabulating your

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ballot, you will be required to provide identification for election
 purposes to the election inspectors, or sign an affidavit that you
 do not have identification for election purposes, and complete the
 ballot application.

5 WARNING

6 All of the following actions are violations of the Michigan7 election law and are illegal in this state:

8 (1) To vote an absent voter ballot at a meeting or gathering9 at which other individuals are voting absent voter ballots.

10 (2) For an individual who is assisting an absent voter in
11 marking the ballot to suggest or in any manner attempt to influence
12 the absent voter on how he or she that absent voter should vote.

13 (3) For an individual who is present and knows that an
14 individual is voting an absent voter ballot to suggest or in any
15 manner attempt to influence the absent voter on how he or she that
16 absent voter should vote.

17 (4) For an individual other than those listed in these18 instructions to return, offer to return, agree to return, or19 solicit to return an absent voter ballot to the clerk.

(5) For an individual other than the absent voter; an individual listed in these instructions; or an individual whose job it is to handle mail before, during, or after being transported by a public postal service, express mail service, parcel post service, or common carrier, but only during the normal course of his or her the individual's employment to be in possession of a voted or unvoted absent voter ballot.

27 (2) The following instruction must be included with the
28 instructions as provided in subsection (1) for each absent voter
29 ballot furnished to an absent uniformed services voter or overseas

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1 voter:

"For an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter, the 2 absent voter ballot return envelope containing a marked absent 3 voter ballot must be postmarked on or before election day and must 4 5 reach the clerk or authorized assistant of the clerk within 6 days 6 after the election. If the absent voter ballot return envelope 7 containing an absent voter ballot for an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter is received by mail by the clerk or 8 authorized assistant of the clerk more than 6 days after the 9 10 election or is postmarked after election day, the absent voter 11 ballot will not be counted."

(3) If a city or township with 250 or more precincts that are 12 subject to the exemption in section 765a(1) is unable to program an 13 14 election day tabulator to accept an absent voter ballot in any 15 election in an election year, the appropriate city or township 16 clerk shall provide a modified version of the instructions for 17 absent voters under subsection (1) that removes the ability of an elector to return the elector's marked absent voter ballot to the 18 19 elector's election day polling place to be tabulated.

Sec. 764b. (1) An absent voter ballot must be delivered to the
clerk, or tabulated at an election day polling place or early
voting site as provided under section 768a, only as authorized in
the instructions for an absent voter provided in section 764a.

24 (2) The clerk of a city or township may accept delivery of25 absent voter ballots at any location in the city or township.

26 (3) The clerk of a city or township may appoint the number of
27 assistants necessary to accept delivery of absent voter ballots at
28 any location in the city or township. An appointment as assistant
29 to accept delivery of absent voter ballots must be for 1 election

only. An assistant appointed to receive ballots at a location other 1 than the office of the clerk must be furnished credentials of 2 authority by the clerk. If an absent voter's ballot is received by 3 an assistant at any location other than the clerk's office the 4 5 assistant, upon request, shall exhibit the credentials to the 6 absent voter before the assistant accepts an absent voter ballot. 7 An assistant, before entering upon the discharge of duties, shall take and subscribe to the oath of office as provided in section 1 8 of article XI of the state constitution of 1963. An assistant shall 9 10 perform only the duties assigned by the clerk. A person An 11 individual must not be appointed as an assistant to accept delivery of absent voter ballots who is a candidate or a member of the 12 immediate family of a candidate whose name appears on the ballot at 13 14 that election.

15 (4) A clerk who receives a request from an absent voter under 16 section 764a for assistance in returning his or her the absent 17 voter's absent voter ballot shall make arrangements to collect the 18 ballot from the voter either personally or by sending an authorized 19 assistant, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

20 (a) The clerk's office issued the absent voter ballot to that21 absent voter.

(b) Upon the clerk's request, the absent voter states that he
or she the absent voter is unable to return the absent voter ballot
by the other means specified in instructions (a), (b), or (c) of
Step 5-6 under section 764a.

26 (c) The absent voter telephones the appropriate clerk for
27 assistance on or before 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately before the
28 election.

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(d) The absent voter requests the clerk to pick up the absent

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voter ballot within the jurisdictional limits of the city or
 township in which the absent voter is registered.

3 (5) Notwithstanding subsection (4), a clerk who receives a
4 request from an absent voter under section 764a for assistance in
5 returning his or her the absent voter's absent voter ballot may
6 make arrangements to collect the ballot from the voter either
7 personally or by sending an authorized assistant, if all of the
8 following conditions are satisfied:

9 (a) The clerk's office issued the absent voter ballot to that10 absent voter.

(b) Upon the clerk's request, the absent voter states that he or she the absent voter is unable to return the absent voter ballot by the other means specified in instructions (a), (b), or (c) of Step 5-6 under section 764a.

15 (6) The clerk shall maintain a list open to the public that 16 contains the names and addresses of all authorized assistants 17 appointed under this section who are available to collect absent 18 voter ballots on or before election day in that city or township.

19 (7) An absent voter ballot received by the clerk before the 20 close of the polls on election day must not be invalidated solely 21 because the delivery to the clerk was not in compliance with 22 section 764a or this section, however the ballot must be considered 23 challenged and must be marked and processed as provided in section 24 745.

25 Sec. 764d. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 26 contrary and subject to subsections (2) and (12), not less than 75 27 days before the day of an election, the clerk of a city or township 28 may do any of the following:

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(a) Enter into an agreement with the clerk of another city or

1 township, or with the clerks of more than 1 city or township,
2 located in the same county as that city or township to establish a
3 combined absent voter counting board to count the absent voter
4 ballots for each participating city or township.

(b) Enter into an agreement with the clerk of another city or
township located in the same county that authorizes the clerk of 1
participating city or township to process and count the absent
voter ballots for both participating entities by utilizing the
absent voter counting board of that participating city or township.

10 (c) Enter into an agreement with the clerk of the county in 11 which that city or township is located to establish an absent voter counting board to count the absent voter ballots for that city or 12 township. If a city or township has boundaries located in more than 13 14 1 county, the clerk of the city or township shall only enter into 15 an agreement under this subdivision with the county clerk of the 16 county in which the majority of the electors of the city or 17 township reside.

18 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an absent 19 voter counting board established under subsection (1) must not be 20 used for the first time at a general November election. For the 21 November 3, 2020 general November election, an absent voter 22 counting board may be established under subsection (1) and used for 23 the first time if either of the following occurs:

(a) An agreement is entered into under subsection (1) (a) or
(b) and at least 1 of the clerks participating in the agreement has
previously operated an absent voter counting board.

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(3) An agreement entered into under subsection (1)(b) or (c) must comply with the established approval procedures of the

(b) An agreement is entered into under subsection (1)(c).

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governing body of each county, city, or township involved, or if established approval procedures do not exist, the agreement must be approved by resolution of the governing body of that county, city, or township.

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(4) The bureau of elections shall do both of the following:

- 6 (a) Develop model language to be used by county, city, and
 7 township clerks for agreements entered into under subsection (1).
- 8

(b) Develop procedures to implement this section.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the 9 10 clerk of a city or township enters into an agreement under 11 subsection (1), the clerk of that city or township shall file the 12 agreement with the county clerk of the county in which that city or township is located no later than 74 days before the election at 13 14 which the agreement applies. For an election occurring before 15 January 1, 2021, the clerk of a city or township who enters into an 16 agreement under subsection (1) is not required to file the 17 agreement with the county clerk if all of the following apply:

18 (a) The electronic voting system used by the county can be
19 programmed to accommodate an absent voter counting board formed
20 under subsection (1).

(b) The county clerk agrees that the electronic voting system
used by the county can be altered after completion of the ballot
programming.

24 (c) The appropriate board of election commissioners publicly
25 tests the electronic tabulating equipment as required under section
26 798.

27 (6) If the clerk of a city or township enters into an
28 agreement under subsection (1) and that agreement covers more than
29 1 election, the agreement must allow any participating clerk to

terminate the agreement by giving 84 days' written notice to each 1 of the other participating clerks. If the clerk terminating the 2 agreement is a city or township clerk, the clerk must also file the 3 notice of termination with the county clerk of the county in which 4 that city or township is located no later than 2 business days 5 after the date of termination. If the clerk terminating the 6 7 agreement is a county clerk, the clerk must also file the notice of 8 termination with the bureau of elections no later than 2 business days after the date of termination. 9

10 (7) For a combined absent voter counting board established 11 under subsection (1)(a), all of the following apply:

(a) The board of election commissioners of each participating city or township must appoint at least 1 election inspector to that combined absent voter counting board not less than 21 days or more than 40 days before the election at which those election inspectors are to be used. Sections 673a and 674 apply to the appointment of election inspectors to a combined absent voter counting board.

(b) The agreement entered into under subsection (1)(a) must designate the place for the combined absent voter counting board to count the absent voter ballots. Section 662 applies to the designation and prescribing of the combined absent voter ballot counting place in which the combined absent voter counting board performs its duties.

24 (c) The agreement entered into under subsection (1)(a) must
25 establish the time at which the election inspectors of the combined
26 absent voter counting board report for duty.

27 (8) For an absent voter counting board established under28 subsection (1)(c), all of the following apply:

29

(a) The board of election commissioners of the city or

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township entering into an agreement under subsection (1)(c) shall 1 appoint at least 1 election inspector to the absent voter counting 2 board and the county board of election commissioners of that county 3 shall appoint at least 1 election inspector to the absent voter 4 5 counting board not less than 21 days or more than 40 days before 6 the election at which those election inspectors are to be used. 7 Sections 673a and 674 apply to the appointment of election inspectors to the absent voter counting board. 8

9 (b) In consultation with the parties to an agreement under
10 subsection (1)(c), the county board of election commissioners shall
11 designate the place for the absent voter counting board to count
12 the absent voter ballots. Section 662 applies to the designation
13 and prescribing of the absent voter ballot counting place in which
14 the absent voter counting board performs its duties.

(c) In consultation with the parties to an agreement under subsection (1)(c), the county board of election commissioners shall establish the time at which the election inspectors of the absent voter counting board report for duty.

19 (9) The election inspectors appointed to an absent voter
20 counting board established under subsection (1) shall comply with
21 section 733(2) regarding election challengers.

22 (10) If Subject to this subsection, if the clerk of a city or 23 township enters into an agreement under subsection (1), any absent voter ballot received by that city or township clerk after 4 p.m. 24 25 on the day before an election must not be delivered to the absent voter counting board but and approved for tabulation as provided 26 27 under section 766 must instead be delivered to the voting precinct of the elector on election day to be processed and counted. As an 28 29 alternative, if the clerk of a city or township enters into an

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agreement under subsection (1), that city or township may authorize 1 an absent voter counting board under section 765a(1) that is 2 limited to only processing and tabulating absent voter ballots 3 approved for tabulation and received after 4 p.m. on the day before 4 an election and before 8 p.m. on election day. No later than 60 5 6 days before an election, the clerk of that city or township shall 7 inform the county clerk of the county in which that city or 8 township is located that the absent voter counting board has been authorized by the board of election commissioners of that city or 9 10 township.

11 (11) The provisions of section 765a(8) to (13) 765a(6) to (10)
12 and (17) apply to an absent voter counting board established under
13 subsection (1).

14 (12) For an election occurring before January 1, 2021, the 15 clerk of a city or township may enter into an agreement under 16 subsection (1) not less than 23 days before the day of the election 17 if all of the following apply:

18 (a) The electronic voting system used by the county can be
19 programmed to accommodate an absent voter counting board formed
20 under subsection (1).

(b) The county clerk agrees that the electronic voting system
used by the county can be altered after completion of the ballot
programming.

24 (c) The appropriate board of election commissioners publicly
25 tests the electronic tabulating equipment as required under section
26 798.

27 (13) This section does not abrogate the duties or
28 responsibilities of a city or township clerk for conducting
29 elections under this act. In addition, this section does not

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provide any additional duties or responsibilities for the secretary
of state for conducting elections under this act.

Sec. 765. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), 3 a The clerk of a city or township who receives an absent voter 4 ballot return envelope containing the marked ballots ballot of an 5 absent voter shall not open that sealed absent voter ballot return 6 7 envelope before delivering the envelope to the board of election 8 inspectors as provided in this section. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), the city or township clerk and shall 9 10 safely keep the sealed absent voter ballot return envelopes in the 11 clerk's office until election day any absent voter ballot return 12 envelopes received by the clerk before election day containing the 13 marked ballots of an absent voter.delivering the absent voter 14 ballot return envelopes to a precinct board of election inspectors, 15 an absent voter counting board, or a team of election inspectors as 16 provided under subsection (3).

17 (2) Before the opening of the polls on election day or as soon after the opening of the polls as possible, the clerk shall deliver 18 19 the absent voter ballot return envelopes to the chairperson or 20 other member of the board of election inspectors in the absent 21 voter's precinct, together with the signed absent voter ballot 22 applications received by the clerk from any voters of that precinct 23 and the clerk's list or record kept relative to those absent voters. However, if higher numbered ballots are used under section 24 25 717, the clerk shall retain the applications and lists in the clerk's office and shall keep the applications and lists open to 26 27 public inspection at all reasonable hours. Absent voter ballots must not be tabulated before the opening of the polls on election 28 29 day.

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1 (2) The city or township clerk shall review each absent voter 2 ballot return envelope to determine whether the absent voter ballot is approved for tabulation in accordance with section 766. The 3 4 review under this subsection includes verifying the signature on 5 each absent voter ballot return envelope in accordance with section 6 766a. Subject to section 768, a precinct board of election 7 inspectors or an absent voter counting board must not make any further signature verification for an absent voter ballot return 8 9 envelope. Written or stamped on each absent voter ballot return 10 envelope must be the date, and the time and date if received on 11 election day, that the absent voter ballot return envelope was received by the city or township clerk and a statement by the city 12 13 or township clerk that the absent voter ballot is approved for 14 tabulation. If the city or township clerk determines that the 15 elector's signature on the absent voter ballot return envelope is 16 missing or does not agree sufficiently with the signature on file, 17 the clerk shall reject the absent voter ballot and provide the 18 elector with notice and the opportunity to cure the deficiency in 19 accordance with section 766(4).

20 (3) The clerk of a city or township that is not processing and 21 tabulating absent voter ballots before election day under section 22 765a(11) shall appoint 1 or more teams of 2 election inspectors, 23 with 1 election inspector appointed from each major political 24 party, to assist the clerk in determining whether the ballots for 25 absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters are approved 26 for tabulation. Beginning no earlier than 7 days before an 27 election, a team of election inspectors appointed under this 28 subsection shall assist the city or township clerk with the absent 29 voter ballots that were electronically transmitted to absent

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uniformed services voters and overseas voters under section 759a 1 2 and are returned in envelopes that do not have the elector's 3 signature affixed to the exterior of the return envelope. The 4 election inspectors shall open the return envelope and extract the certificate that absent uniformed services voters and overseas 5 6 voters are instructed to sign and return in the same envelope as 7 the ballot, while leaving the ballot in the return envelope. The clerk shall copy the certificate bearing the elector's signature, 8 9 and the election inspectors shall reinsert the certificate into the 10 return envelope and reseal the return envelope. The clerk shall 11 proceed to determine whether the absent voter ballot is approved for tabulation as required under subsection (2). 12

13 (4) Except as otherwise provided under section 764d, the clerk 14 of a city or township shall deliver absent voter ballot return 15 envelopes to a board of election inspectors of an election day 16 precinct only if the city or township has not established an absent 17 voter counting board. The city or township clerk shall deliver to 18 that board of election inspectors only those absent voter ballots 19 that have been approved for tabulation under section 766, along 20 with the clerk's list or record that is kept relative to those 21 absent voters. The city or township clerk shall retain the 22 applications in the clerk's office and shall keep the applications 23 and lists open for public inspection during regular business hours. 24 Absent voter ballots that will be tabulated by a board of election 25 inspectors of an election day precinct must not be tabulated before 26 the opening of the polls on election day.

(5) Subject to sections 764d and 765a(11), if a city or
township has established an absent voter counting board, the clerk
must deliver absent voter ballots approved for tabulation as

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provided under section 766 to the absent voter counting board by the time the election inspectors of the absent voter counting board report for duty on election day. Except as otherwise provided in section 764d, absent voter ballots received by the clerk by 8 p.m. on election day and approved for tabulation as provided under section 766 must be delivered to the absent voter counting board.

7 (6) Except as otherwise provided in section 759a for absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters, if an absent voter 8 9 ballot return envelope is received by the clerk after the close of 10 the polls, the clerk shall plainly mark the absent voter ballot 11 return envelope with the time and date of receiving the absent voter ballot return envelope and shall file the absent voter ballot 12 return envelope in the clerk's office. The city or township clerk 13 14 shall as soon as practicable, but no later than 90 days after the 15 election, notify by mail, telephone, or email any elector who 16 returned an absent voter ballot return envelope with an absent 17 voter ballot that was not tabulated. The notification provided to 18 an elector by the city or township clerk under this subsection must inform the elector that the elector's absent voter ballot was not 19 20 tabulated and the reason that the absent voter ballot was not 21 tabulated.

22 (7) (3) The As close as possible to 8 p.m. on election day, 23 the city or township clerk , or authorized designee of the clerk, shall call for and receive **collect** absent voter ballots from the 24 25 post office at which the city or township clerk regularly receives mail addressed to the city or township clerk. on election day. Any 26 27 return envelopes containing absent voter ballots that are received 28 from the post office or from voters who voted by absentee absent 29 **voter** ballot in person in the clerk's office on election day must

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be reviewed and approved for tabulation before being delivered to the board of election inspectors or , except as otherwise provided in section 764d, the an absent voter counting boards board to be tabulated.

5 (4) If a marked absent voter ballot is received by the clerk
6 after the close of the polls, the clerk shall plainly mark the
7 envelope with the time and date of receipt and shall file the
8 envelope in the clerk's office.

(8) (5) On or before 8 a.m. on election day, the clerk shall 9 10 post in the clerk's office or otherwise make public the number of 11 absent voter ballots the clerk distributed to absent voters and the 12 number of absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the marked ballots of absent voters received by the clerk before 13 14 election day and to be delivered to the board of election 15 inspectors or the absent voter counting boards under this act. On 16 or before 9 p.m. on election day, the elerk shall post in the 17 clerk's office or otherwise make public the number of absent voter 18 ballot return envelopes containing the marked ballots of absent voters received by the clerk on election day and delivered to the 19 20 board of election inspectors, under subsection (3), along with the 21 total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the 22 marked ballots of absent voters received by the clerk both before and on election day and delivered to the board of election 23 24 inspectors or the absent voter counting boards under this act. As 25 soon as possible after all precincts in the city or township are processed, the clerk shall post in the clerk's office or otherwise 26 27 make public the number of absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the marked ballots of absent voters received by the 28 29 election inspectors at the precincts on election day, along with

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the total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes containing 1 the marked ballots of absent voters received in the city or 2 township for that election. ballots tabulated for that election. 3 The city or township clerk shall maintain a record of the absent 4 voter ballots received by the city or township clerk that 5 reconciles the number of absent voter ballots received by the city 6 7 or township clerk as recorded in the gualified voter file with the 8 number of absent voter ballots tabulated at the polling place locations or absent voter counting board locations in that city or 9 10 township. This subsection applies only to elections in which a 11 federal or state office appears on the ballot.

12 (6) If the clerk of a city or township with a population of at 13 least 10,000 provides written notice in compliance with this 14 subsection to the secretary of state 20 days or more before 15 election day, that city or township clerk, or the clerk's 16 authorized designee, may between the hours of 7 a.m. and 8 p.m. on 17 the Sunday and Monday before election day perform certain absent voter ballot pre-processing activities as described in this 18 19 subsection. The written notice provided to the secretary of state must include the location and hours that the absent voter ballot 20 21 return envelopes will be opened in that city or township. For the 22 November 8, 2022 general election only, the secretary of state shall post any written notice received by the clerk of a city or 23 24 township under this subsection on the department of state website 25 not later than October 29, 2022. Beginning January 1, 2023, after 26 receiving the written notice from a city or township clerk under this subsection, but not later than 7 business days after receiving 27 the notice, the secretary of state shall make the notice publicly 28 available by posting the notice on the department of state website. 29

In addition, the clerk of the city or township shall, as soon as 1 possible, but not later than 7 business days before the election, 2 make the written notice provided to the secretary of state publicly 3 available by posting the notice on the city or township website. If 4 the location and hours of the pre-processing activities described 5 6 in this subsection change from the location and hours provided in 7 the original written notice to the secretary of state, the city or 8 township clerk must make a revised notice publicly available by posting the revised notice on the city or township website. A 9 10 revised notice must be posted on the city or township website not 11 later than 24 hours before the pre-processing activities are to 12 begin and must include the updated and correct location and hours of those pre-processing activities in the city or township. The 13 14 board of election commissioners shall appoint election inspectors 15 to the location where absent voter ballot return envelopes will be 16 opened in that city or township not less than 21 days or more than 17 40 days before the day at which they are to be used. The board of election commissioners shall appoint at least 1 election inspector 18 19 from each major political party and shall appoint, as nearly as 20 possible, an equal number of election inspectors from each major 21 political party. Election inspectors may be appointed by the board 22 of election commissioners under this subsection before written notice is provided to the secretary of state under this subsection. 23 Sections 673a and 674 apply to the appointment of election 24 25 inspectors under this subsection. At all times, at least 1 election inspector from each major political party must be present at the 26 27 location and the policies and procedures adopted by the secretary of state regarding the handling of absent voter ballot return 28 envelopes and absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes must be 29

followed. After providing written notice to the secretary of state 1 in compliance with this subsection, a city or township clerk, or 2 the clerk's authorized designee, on the Sunday and Monday before 3 election day is only authorized to perform standard processing 4 activities up to and including the opening of absent voter ballot 5 6 return envelopes and the removal of absent voter ballot secreev 7 envelopes containing absent voter ballots and to verify that the 8 ballot number on the ballot stub agrees with the ballot number on the absent voter ballot return envelope label. The city or township 9 10 clerk, or the clerk's authorized designee, is not authorized to 11 remove absent voter ballots from the absent voter ballot secreev 12 envelopes. If an opened absent voter ballot return envelope contains an absent voter ballot that is not contained in an absent 13 14 voter ballot secrecy envelope, the city or township clerk, or the clerk's designee, shall immediately insert that absent voter ballot 15 16 into an absent voter ballot secrecy envelope. The opening of absent 17 voter ballot return envelopes must be done at a location designated by the city or township clerk, and must be done consistent with 18 19 this section. A political party, incorporated organization, or 20 organized committee of interested citizens may designate 1 21 challenger for every 6 election inspectors serving at a pre-22 processing location. If there are 5 or fewer election inspectors serving at a pre-processing location, a political party, 23 incorporated organization, or organized committee of interested 24 25 citizens may designate 1 challenger at the pre-processing location. 26 Challengers present at a pre-processing location have, as 27 applicable, all of the rights and obligations that apply to challengers under sections 730, 731, 733, and 734. The election 28

29 inspectors appointed to the location where absent voter ballot

return envelopes will be opened in that city or township must never 1 leave the absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes unattended. Once 2 the absent voter ballot return envelopes have been opened as 3 provided in this subsection, the absent voter ballot secreey 4 envelopes containing the absent voter ballots to be counted must be 5 6 stored, secured, and sealed in an absent voter ballot secreev 7 envelope container, as described in section 24k, or stored, secured, and sealed in a ballot container approved under section 8 24j. The city or township clerk shall record the seal number in the 9 10 poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, and follow all other 11 policies and procedures adopted by the secretary of state regarding 12 absent voter ballots. The poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, must be signed and dated by 1 election inspector from each 13 major political party who is present at the location on the Sunday 14 and Monday before election day. The city or township clerk shall 15 16 store the absent voter ballot secrecy envelope container containing 17 the absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes in a secure location until election day. 18 19 (7) The election inspectors who are appointed under subsection 20 (6) shall record in the poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, all of the following: 21 22 (a) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that 23 were opened on the Sunday before election day. 24 (b) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that were opened on the Monday before election day. 25 26 (c) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes 27 delivered to the election inspectors that did not contain an elector's signature and that were returned to the city or township 28 29 clerk.

(d) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that 1 were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors, and set 2 aside to be processed by the election inspectors on election day. 3 (8) The election inspectors who are appointed to an absent 4 voter counting board on election day as provided in section 765a 5 shall do all of the following: 6 7 (a) Verify the seal number recorded in the poll book, or an 8 addendum to the poll book, for any absent voter ballot secrecy envelope container delivered to the absent voter counting board. 9 10 (b) Count and record in the poll book, or an addendum to the 11 poll book, all of the following: (i) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes opened 12 by the election inspectors on the Sunday before election day as 13 14 provided under subsection (6). 15 (ii) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes opened 16 by election inspectors on the Monday before election day as 17 provided under subsection (6). 18 (iii) The number of absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes 19 delivered to the absent voter counting board on election day. 20 (iv) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that 21 were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors on the 22 Sunday before election day, and set aside to be processed by the 23 election inspectors on election day. 24 (v) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors on the 25 26 Monday before election day, and set aside to be processed by the 27 election inspectors on election day. (9) Not later than March 1, 2021, and not later than March 1 28 29 every 2 years thereafter, the secretary of state shall provide a

1	written report to the house and senate committees dealing with
2	elections that contains all of the following information:
3	(a) The number of cities and townships that performed absent
4	voter ballot pre-processing activities as described in subsection
5	(6).
6	(b) The names of the cities and townships that performed
7	absent voter ballot pre-processing activities as described in
8	subsection (6), and all of the following information for each of
9	those cities and townships:
10	(i) The number of registered electors in each city or township.
11	(ii) The number of active registered electors in each city or
12	township.
13	(iii) The number of electors who voted by absent voter ballot in
14	each city or township.
15	(iv) The number of electors who voted in person on election day
16	in each city or township.
17	(v) The number of absent voter ballots that were not returned
18	in each city or township.
19	(vi) The number of electors on a permanent absent voter list in
20	each city or township, if applicable.
21	(vii) The number of ballots that had to be duplicated in each
22	city or township.
23	(c) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes
24	that were opened on the Sunday before election day.
25	(d) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes
26	that were opened on the Monday before election day.
27	(e) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes
28	delivered to the election inspectors that did not contain an
29	elector's signature and that were returned to the city or township

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1 clerk.

2 (f) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes
3 that were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors, and
4 set aside to be processed by the election inspectors on election
5 day.

6 (g) The total number of absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes
7 that were stored in an absent voter ballot secrecy envelope
8 container.

9 (h) For each city or township that performed absent voter
10 ballot pre-processing activities as described in subsection (6),
11 whether the number of absent voter ballot return envelopes opened
12 on the Sunday and Monday before election day matched the number of
13 absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes delivered to the absent voter
14 counting board on election day.

15 Sec. 765a. (1) Subject to section 764d, if a city or township 16 decides to use absent voter counting boards, the board of election 17 commissioners of that city or township shall establish an absent voter counting board for each election day precinct in that city or 18 township. The ballot form of an absent voter counting board must 19 correspond to the ballot form of the election day precinct for 20 21 which it is established. A city or township with 250 or more precincts may establish at least 1 absent voter counting board for 22 each ballot form containing identical offices and candidate names, 23 24 and that is considered a separate precinct for purposes of this 25 section. After the polls close on election day, the county, city, or township clerk responsible for producing the accumulation report 26 27 of the election results submitted by the boards of precinct election inspectors shall format the accumulation report to clearly 28 29 indicate all of the following:

1

(a) The election day precinct returns.

2 (b) The corresponding absent voter counting board returns.
3 (c) A total of each election day precinct return and each
4 corresponding absent voter counting board return.shall format the
5 accumulation report as required under section 798b.

(2) Subject to section 764d, the board of election 6 7 commissioners shall establish the absent voter counting boards. Subject to section 764d, the board of election commissioners shall 8 appoint the election inspectors to those absent voter counting 9 10 boards not less than 21 days or more than 40 days before the 11 election at which they the absent voter counting boards are to be 12 used. Sections 673a and 674 apply to the appointment of election 13 inspectors to absent voter counting boards under this section. The 14 board of election commissioners shall determine the number of 15 ballots that may be expeditiously counted by an absent voter 16 counting board in a reasonable period of time, taking into 17 consideration the size and complexity of the ballot to be counted pursuant to the quidelines of the secretary of state. Combined 18 19 ballots must be regarded as the number of ballots as there are sections to the ballot. 20

(3) If more than 1 absent voter counting board is to be used,
the city or township clerk shall determine the number of electronic
voting systems or the number of ballot boxes tabulators and the
number of election inspectors to be used in each of the absent
voter counting boards and to which absent voter counting board the
absent voter ballots for each precinct are assigned for counting.

27 (4) In a city or township that uses absent voter counting
28 boards under this section, the absent voter ballots must be counted
29 in the manner provided in this section and, except as otherwise

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provided in section 764d, absent voter ballots must not be 1 delivered to the polling places. Subject to section 764d, the board 2 of election commissioners shall provide a place for each absent 3 voter counting board to count the absent voter ballots. Section 662 4 5 applies to the designation and prescribing of the absent voter 6 counting place or places in which the absent voter counting board 7 performs its duties ballots will be processed and tabulated by 8 election inspectors assigned to the absent voter counting boards under this section, except the location may be in a different 9 10 jurisdiction if the county provides a tabulator for use at a 11 central absent voter counting board location in that county. The places must be designated as absent voter counting places. Except 12 as otherwise provided in this section, laws relating to paper 13 14 ballot election day precincts, including laws relating to the 15 appointment of election inspectors, apply to absent voter counting 16 places. The provisions of this section relating to placing of 17 tabulating absent voter ballots on by electronic voting systems apply. More than 1 High-speed tabulators and software to support 18 those high-speed tabulators, as a component of an electronic voting 19 20 system approved by the board of state canvassers for use in this state, may be used to tabulate absent voter ballots in an absent 21 voter counting board. There is no limit on the number of absent 22 23 voter counting board boards that may be located in assigned to 1 24 building.

(5) The clerk of a city or township that uses absent voter counting boards shall supply each absent voter counting board with supplies necessary to carry out its the absent voter counting board's duties under this act. The supplies must be furnished to the city or township clerk in the same manner and by the same

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persons or agencies as for other election day precincts.

(6) Subject to section 764d, absent voter ballots received by 2 the clerk before election day must be delivered to the absent voter 3 counting board by the clerk or the clerk's authorized assistant at 4 the time the election inspectors of the absent voter counting 5 boards report for duty, which time must be established by the board 6 7 of election commissioners. Except as otherwise provided in section 8 764d, absent voter ballots received by the clerk before the time set for the closing of the polls on election day must be delivered 9 10 to the absent voter counting boards. Except as otherwise provided in section 765(6), absent voter ballots must be delivered to the 11 12 absent voter counting boards or combined absent voter counting boards in the sealed absent voter ballot return envelopes in which 13 14 they were returned to the clerk. Written or stamped on each of the 15 return envelopes must be the time and the date that the envelope 16 was received by the clerk and a statement by the clerk that the 17 signatures of the absent voters on the envelopes have been checked and found to agree with the signatures of the voters on the 18 19 registration cards or the digitized signatures of voters contained 20 in the qualified voter file as provided under section 766. If it is 21 determined after 8 p.m. on the day before election day that a 22 signature on the registration card or a digitized signature contained in the gualified voter file and on the absent voter 23 ballot return envelope does not agree as provided under section 24 25 766, if it is determined after 8 p.m. on the day before election day that the absent voter failed to sign the envelope, or if the 26 27 statement of the absent voter is not properly executed, the clerk shall mark the envelope "rejected" and the reason for the rejection 28 and shall place his or her name under the notation. An envelope 29

marked "rejected" must not be delivered to the absent voter 1 counting board or combined absent voter counting board but must be 2 preserved by the clerk until other ballots are destroyed in the 3 manner provided in this act. If before 8 p.m. on the day before 4 election day the clerk of a city or township rejects an absent 5 6 voter ballot return envelope because the signature on the absent 7 voter ballot return envelope does not agree sufficiently with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained 8 in the qualified voter file so as to identify the elector or 9 10 because the elector failed to sign the absent voter ballot return 11 envelope, the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable, 12 but in no event later than 48 hours after determining the signatures do not agree sufficiently or that the signature is 13 14 missing, or by 8 p.m. on the day before election day, whichever 15 occurs first, notify the elector of the rejection by mail, 16 telephone, or electronic mail. The clerk shall also comply with 17 section 765(5). (7) This chapter does not prohibit an absent voter from voting 18 19 in person within the voter's precinct at an election, 20 notwithstanding that the voter may have applied for an absent voter 21 ballot and the ballot may have been mailed or otherwise delivered 22 to the voter. The voter, the election inspectors, and other 23 election officials shall proceed in the manner prescribed in 24 section 769. The clerk shall preserve the canceled ballots for 2 25 years.

26 (6) (8) The Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
27 absent voter counting boards and combined absent voter counting
28 boards shall process the ballots and returns in as nearly as
29 possible the same manner as ballots are processed in paper ballot

election day precincts. The poll book may be combined with the absent voter list or record required by section 760, and the applications for absent voter ballots may be used as the poll list. The Subject to subsection (11), the processing and tallying tabulating of absent voter ballots may must commence at the time set by the board of election commissioners, but no earlier than 7 a.m. on the day of the election.

8 (7) (9) An election inspector, challenger, or any other person
9 individual in attendance at an absent voter counting place or
10 combined absent voter counting place at any time after the
11 processing of ballots has begun shall take and sign the following
12 oath that may be administered by the clerk, a member of the clerk's
13 staff, or the chairperson or a member of the absent voter counting
14 board or combined absent voter counting board:

15 "I (name of person individual taking oath) do solemnly swear 16 (or affirm) that I shall not communicate in any way any information 17 relative to the processing or tallying any ballots or the 18 tabulation of votes that may come to me while in this counting 19 place until after the polls are closed. Further, I shall not 20 photograph, or audio or video record, within the counting place, 21 except for posted election results.".

(8) (10) The oaths administered under subsection (9) (7) must 22 23 be placed in an envelope provided for the purpose and sealed with the red state seal. Following the election, the oaths must be 24 25 delivered to the city or township clerk. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (12), a person in attendance at the absent 26 27 voter counting place or combined absent voter counting place shall not leave the counting place after the tallying has begun until the 28 29 polls close. Subject to this subsection, the clerk of a city or

township may allow the election inspectors appointed to an absent 1 voter counting board in that city or township to work in shifts. A 2 second or subsequent shift of election inspectors appointed for an 3 absent voter counting board may begin that shift at any time on 4 election day as the time provided by the city or township clerk. 5 6 However, an election inspector shall not leave the absent voter 7 counting place after the tallying has begun until the polls close. If the election inspectors appointed to an absent voter counting 8 board are authorized to work in shifts, at no time shall there be a 9 10 gap between shifts and the election inspectors must never leave the 11 absent voter ballots be left unattended during the transition from one shift to the next shift, or at any other time during the day 12 after ballots are removed from the absent voter ballot return 13 14 envelopes and before the absent voter ballots are sealed in the 15 ballot container. At all times while absent voter ballots are being 16 processed and tabulated, at least 1 election inspector from each 17 major political party must be present at the absent voter counting 18 place and the policies and procedures adopted by the secretary of state regarding the counting of absent voter ballots must be 19 20 followed.

(9) A person An individual who causes the polls to be closed or who discloses an election result before the polls can be legally closed on election day or in any manner characterizes how any ballot being counted has been voted in a voting precinct before the time the polls can be legally closed on election day marked is quilty of a felony.

27 (10) (11) Voted Tabulated absent voter ballots must be placed
28 in an approved ballot container, and the ballot container must be
29 sealed after all the ballots are tabulated in the manner provided

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by this act for paper ballot election day precincts. The seal
 numbers must be recorded on the statement sheet, on the ballot
 container certificate, and in the poll book or addendum to the poll
 book.

(12) Subject to this subsection, a local election official who 5 6 has established an absent voter counting board or combined absent 7 voter counting board, the deputy or employee of that local election 8 official, an employee of the state bureau of elections, a county clerk, an employee of a county clerk, or a representative of a 9 10 voting equipment company may enter and leave an absent voter 11 counting board or combined absent voter counting board after the 12 tally has begun but before the polls close. A person described in 13 this subsection may enter an absent voter counting board or 14 combined absent voter counting board only for the purpose of 15 responding to an inquiry from an election inspector or a challenger or providing instructions on the operation of the counting board. 16 17 Before entering an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board, a person described in this subsection must 18 19 take and sign the oath prescribed in subsection (9). The 20 chairperson of the absent voter counting board or combined absent 21 voter counting board shall record in the poll book the name of a 22 person described in this subsection who enters the absent voter 23 counting board or combined absent voter counting board. A person 24 described in this subsection who enters an absent voter counting 25 board or combined absent voter counting board and who discloses an 26 election result or in any manner characterizes how any ballot being 27 counted has been voted in a precinct before the time the polls can be legally closed on election day is guilty of a felony. As used in 28 this subsection, "local election official" means a county, city, or 29

1 township clerk.

(11) The board of election commissioners of a city or township 2 with a population of at least 5,000, or a board of county election 3 commissioners as provided under section 764d, may authorize that 4 5 absent voter counting boards be established under subsection (1) to 6 process and tabulate absent voter ballots between the hours of 7 7 a.m. and 8 p.m. on any of the 8 days before election day, beginning on the second Monday before election day and ending on the Monday 8 9 immediately before election day. The board of election 10 commissioners of any city or township, regardless of population 11 size, may authorize and establish an absent voter counting board to process and tabulate absent voter ballots between the hours of 7 12 a.m. and 8 p.m. on the Monday immediately before election day. 13

14 (12) In order to participate in the processing and tabulation 15 of absent voter ballots before election day under subsection (11), 16 the clerk of a county, city, or township shall submit a written 17 notice to the secretary of state no later than 28 days before 18 election day stating the clerk's intent to participate in the processing and tabulation of absent voter ballots before election 19 20 day. No later than 20 days before an election, the secretary of state shall publish on the department of state's website a list of 21 22 those cities and townships that have notified the secretary of 23 state of an intent to process and tabulate absent voter ballots 24 before election day. No later than 18 days before an election, a 25 clerk who notified the secretary of state of the clerk's intent to 26 process and tabulate absent voter ballots before election day must 27 post on the website of the city or township, if available, and in 28 the clerk's office, a notice providing the location of the absent 29 voter counting place, the dates and hours of operation of the

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absent voter counting place, and the number of election inspectors 1 2 who will process and tabulate absent voter ballots at the absent 3 voter counting place. If the location, dates, hours, or number of election inspectors changes, the clerk must publicly post a revised 4 5 notice as soon as possible, but no later than the eleventh day 6 before an election, on the website of the city or township, if 7 available, and in the clerk's office. A revised notice must include the updated location, dates, hours, and number of election 8 9 inspectors. If the clerk changes the number of election inspectors 10 on subsequent days after processing and tabulating begins, the 11 clerk shall post the updated number of election inspectors on the website of the city or township, if available, and in the clerk's 12 13 office, no later than 10 a.m. on the day before the changes occur. 14 If a city or township clerk fails to post a notice by 10 a.m. on 15 the day before a change reducing the number election inspectors 16 occurs, the clerk shall allow the number of challengers to remain 17 at the same level even though the reduction in the number of 18 election inspectors may have reduced the number of allowed 19 challengers.

20 (13) For each day of processing and tabulation of absent voter 21 ballots before election day, a participating city or township clerk 22 shall deliver the absent voter ballots approved for tabulation to 23 an absent voter counting board. The instructions and procedures 24 adopted by the secretary of state regarding the processing and 25 tabulating of absent voter ballots before election day must be 26 followed. Absent voter ballots must be processed and tabulated in 27 the same manner and under the same requirements as absent voter 28 ballots are processed and tabulated on election day. Election 29 results must not be generated, printed, or reported before 8 p.m.

1 on election day.

(14) During the processing and tabulation of absent voter 2 ballots before election day, each political party, and each 3 4 incorporated organization or organized committee of interested 5 citizens as described under sections 730 and 731, may designate 1 6 challenger for every 8 election inspectors serving at the absent 7 voter counting place. If there are 7 or fewer election inspectors serving at an absent voter counting place, each political party, 8 9 and each incorporated organization or organized committee of 10 interested citizens as designated under sections 730 and 731, may 11 designate 1 challenger.

(15) During the processing and tabulation of absent voter 12 ballots before election day, the election inspectors shall secure 13 14 tabulated ballots in a sealed ballot container consistent with 15 subsection (10) at the end of each day. Tabulated ballots may be 16 added to a ballot container used on a previous day or may be placed 17 in an unused ballot container. The election inspectors shall 18 complete the poll book ballot summary at the conclusion of each day to account for absent voter ballot return envelopes and absent 19 20 voter ballots processed and tabulated on that day. The poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, must be signed and dated by 1 21 22 election inspector from each major political party who is present 23 at the location after tabulation is completed each day. The city or 24 township clerk shall post the number of absent voter ballots 25 tabulated each day on the website of that city or township, if 26 available, and in the clerk's office.

27 (16) A clerk shall not deliver any absent voter ballots
28 received on a day early voting is being conducted to an absent
29 voter counting board to be processed or tabulated until the

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following day. An absent voter ballot may be processed and tabulated only after receipt of the absent voter ballot appears on the registration list or an addendum to the registration list in an early voting site and the voter history of electors casting an early voting ballot on the previous day is recorded in the qualified voter file. An absent voter ballot must be canceled if the absent voter cast a ballot at an early voting site.

(17) (13) The secretary of state shall develop instructions 8 consistent with this act for the conduct of absent voter counting 9 10 boards or combined absent voter counting boards. The secretary of 11 state shall distribute the instructions developed under this subsection to county, city, and township clerks 40 days or more 12 before a general election in which absent voter counting boards or 13 14 combined absent voter counting boards will be used. A county, city, 15 or township clerk shall make the instructions developed under this subsection available to the public and shall distribute make the 16 17 instructions to each challenger available for inspection by 18 challengers in attendance at an absent voter counting board or 19 combined absent voter counting board. The instructions developed 20 under this subsection are binding upon on the operation of an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board 21 22 used in an election conducted by a county, city, or township.

(18) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an
individual shall not photograph, or audio or video record, within
an absent voter counting place. A county, city, or township clerk,
or an assistant of that clerk, shall expel an individual from the
absent voter counting place if that individual violates this
subsection. This subsection does not apply to any of the following:
(a) An individual who photographs, or audio or video records,

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posted election results within an absent voter counting place.

(b) A county, city, or township clerk, or an employee,
assistant, or consultant of that clerk, if the photographing, or
audio or video recording, is done in the performance of that
individual's official duties.

6 (c) If authorized by an individual in charge of an absent 7 voter counting place, the news media that take wide-angled 8 photographs or video from a distance that does not disclose the 9 face of any marked ballot.

(19) An individual shall not photograph or video record a
ballot or any other election records, other than posted election
results, in an absent voter counting place. An individual who
violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 765b. (1) Not later than 5 p.m. on the second Friday immediately before an election, an elector may submit a signed, written statement to the elector's city or township clerk requesting that the clerk do both of the following:

18

(a) Spoil the elector's absent voter ballot.

19

(b) Provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to the elector.

(2) Upon receipt of a signed, written statement from an
elector as described in subsection (1), the city or township clerk
shall mark the absent voter ballot return envelope of that elector
as "spoiled" and retain the envelope. In addition, the city or
township clerk shall provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to
that elector.

26 (3) An elector who has returned an absent voter ballot may,
27 before 5 p.m. on the second Friday immediately before an election,
28 appear in person at the elector's city or township clerk's office
29 to do both of the following:

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(a) Spoil the elector's absent voter ballot by submitting a
 signed, written statement to the city or township clerk indicating
 that the elector wishes to have the elector's absent voter ballot
 spoiled.

5

(b) Vote a new absent voter ballot in the clerk's office.

6 (4) Upon receipt of the signed, written statement from an
7 elector as described in subsection (3)(a), the city or township
8 clerk shall mark the absent voter ballot return envelope of that
9 elector as "spoiled" and retain the envelope. In addition, the city
10 or township clerk shall issue the elector a new absent voter ballot
11 that must be voted by the elector in the clerk's office.

12 (5) Not later than 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately before an 13 election, an elector who has lost the elector's absent voter ballot 14 or not yet received the elector's absent voter ballot in the mail 15 may submit a signed, written statement to the elector's city or 16 township clerk requesting that the clerk do both of the following:

17

(a) Spoil the elector's absent voter ballot.

18

(b) Provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to the elector.

19 (6) Upon receipt of a signed, written statement from an 20 elector as described in subsection (5), the city or township clerk 21 shall indicate in the qualified voter file that the original ballot 22 is spoiled. In addition, the city or township clerk shall provide 23 or mail a new absent voter ballot to that elector.

(7) An elector who has lost the elector's absent voter ballot
or not yet received the elector's absent voter ballot in the mail
may, before 4 p.m. on the day before an election, except Sunday or
a legal holiday, appear in person at the elector's city or township
clerk's office to do both of the following:

29

(a) Spoil the elector's absent voter ballot by submitting a

signed, written statement to the city or township clerk indicating that the elector wishes to have the elector's absent voter ballot spoiled.

4

(b) Vote a new absent voter ballot in the clerk's office.

(8) Upon receipt of the signed, written statement from an
elector described in subsection (7) (a), the city or township clerk
shall indicate in the qualified voter file that the original ballot
is spoiled. In addition, the city or township clerk shall issue the
elector a new absent voter ballot that must be voted by the elector
in the clerk's office.

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(9) An elector cannot spoil a ballot that has been tabulated. Sec. 765c. If an absent voter ballot is damaged or defective 12 so that the absent voter ballot cannot be properly counted by the 13 14 electronic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy of that 15 absent voter ballot must be made by the election inspectors from 16 different political parties and substituted for the damaged or 17 defective absent voter ballot. A damaged or defective absent voter 18 ballot that cannot be properly counted by the electronic tabulating equipment includes an absent voter ballot issued to an elector that 19 20 is for the wrong precinct. The election inspectors shall duplicate the absent voter ballot on the correct precinct ballot only for the 21 22 candidates and ballot proposals that remain the same. Each 23 duplicate ballot must be clearly labeled "duplicate" by the election inspectors, and that duplicate ballot must bear a serial 24 25 number that is recorded on the damaged or defective absent voter ballot under procedures provided by the secretary of state. 26 Sec. 768. If upon such examination of the envelope containing 27

28 an absent voter's ballot or ballots, the The board of election
29 inspectors of election shall determine that such vote is legal, the

member of the board receiving ballots at such election verify that 1 2 there is an elector's signature on the absent voter ballot return 3 envelope and that the statement on the absent voter ballot return envelope that the ballot is approved for tabulation is complete. If 4 5 the elector's signature is missing or the statement that the absent 6 voter ballot is approved for tabulation is incomplete, the board of 7 election inspectors must immediately contact the city or township clerk. If the elector's signature is present and the statement that 8 the absent voter ballot is approved for tabulation is complete, the 9 10 board of election inspectors shall open the absent voter's voter 11 ballot return envelope, take out the ballot, or ballots therein contained and, shall, without unfolding such the ballot, or 12 ballots, compare the ballot number on the ballot stub with the 13 14 ballot number on the face of the absent voter ballot return 15 envelope. If the ballot numbers match, the board of election 16 inspectors shall detach from each such ballot the perforated 17 numbered corner, stub and shall deposit each such ballot in the 18 proper ballot box. prepare the ballot for tabulation, as directed 19 by the secretary of state. Each ballot must be inserted into the 20 tabulator. One of the election inspectors of election shall note 21 upon enter the elector in the poll book and list the fact that such 22 voter voted at such election by means of an absent voter's 23 ballot.as having cast an absent voter ballot.

Sec. 768a. (1) Except as otherwise provided under subsection (4), an absent voter may take the absent voter's marked absent voter ballot to the absent voter's election day polling place or to an appropriate early voting site during the early voting period as provided under section 4(1)(m) of article II of the state constitution of 1963 to personally put the absent voter's marked

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absent voter ballot into a tabulator to be tabulated. An absent
 voter described under this subsection shall do all of the
 following:

4 (a) Place the marked absent voter ballot in the secrecy sleeve5 that was provided to the absent voter.

6 (b) Bring the marked absent voter ballot in the secrecy sleeve 7 to the absent voter's election day polling place or early voting 8 site.

9 (c) Comply with the same identification requirements as an 10 elector voting in person under section 523.

(2) If an elector brings an absent voter ballot to an election
day polling place or to an early voting site without a secrecy
sleeve, an election inspector shall provide a secrecy sleeve to
that elector and instruct the elector to place the absent voter
ballot in the secrecy sleeve.

16 (3) The election inspectors processing an absent voter under 17 this section must note in the poll book that the absent voter 18 returned the absent voter's absent voter ballot to the election day 19 polling place or early voting site and that the absent voter's 20 absent voter ballot was tabulated.

21 (4) If the tabulators in an election day polling place cannot 22 be programmed to accept and tabulate absent voter ballots as 23 provided under section 764a(3), an absent voter is not authorized 24 to return the absent voter's absent voter ballot to an election day 25 polling place to be tabulated as provided under section 764a(3). An 26 absent voter may still return the absent voter's absent voter 27 ballot to an election day polling place, surrender the absent voter 28 ballot to an election inspector, be issued another ballot, and vote 29 that ballot in the polling place.

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Sec. 769. (1) An absent voter may vote in person within his or her the absent voter's precinct at an election, notwithstanding that he or she the absent voter applies for an absent voter ballot and the absent voter ballot is mailed or otherwise delivered to the absent voter by the clerk. This subsection only applies only if the absent voter does not vote the absent voter ballot mailed or otherwise delivered by the clerk.

(2) Before voting in person, except as otherwise provided in 8 this section, the absent voter shall return the absent voter ballot 9 10 to the board of election inspectors in his or her the absent 11 **voter's** precinct. If an absent voter ballot is returned under this subsection, the board of election inspectors shall mark it the 12 absent voter ballot "CANCELED" and place it the absent voter ballot 13 14 in the regular box with other canceled ballots. This subsection 15 does not apply to an absent voter who brings the absent voter's 16 marked absent voter ballot to be cast on the tabulator at the 17 absent voter's election day polling place or early voting site as provided under section 768a. 18

(3) An absent voter who did not receive an absent voter ballot 19 20 that he or she the absent voter applied for or lost or destroyed an 21 absent voter ballot he or she the absent voter received, and who 22 desires to vote in person in his or her the absent voter's precinct 23 on election day, shall sign an affidavit to that effect before an 24 election inspector and be allowed to vote as otherwise provided in 25 this act. However, a voter being allowed to vote under this subsection is subject to challenge as provided in section 727. 26

27 (4) A person An individual who votes at an election both in
28 person and by means of an absent voter ballot or a person an
29 individual who attempts to vote both in person and by means of an

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1 absent voter ballot is guilty of a felony.

2 (5) An election official who becomes aware of a person an
3 individual who votes or attempts to vote both in person and by
4 means of an absent voter ballot shall report that information to
5 the prosecuting attorney for that county and to the secretary of
6 state.

7 Sec. 795b. (1) Ballot labels shall must be printed or displayed in plain, clear, black type on white surface. Questions 8 may be printed or displayed on red tinted surface and the names of 9 10 candidates for nonpartisan offices on blue tinted surface. County 11 questions may be printed or displayed on green tinted surface and local questions may be printed or displayed on buff surface. In a 12 primary election to identify each political party, the titles of 13 14 offices and the names of candidates may be arranged in vertical 15 columns or in a series of separate pages or displays. The office 16 title with a statement of the number of candidates to be voted for 17 shall must be printed or displayed above or at the side of the names of the candidates for that office. The offices and candidates 18 19 shall must be printed or displayed in the order provided by law, or 20 if no such provision is made, in the order prescribed by the board of election commissioners of the county, city, village, township, 21 or school district. If there are more candidates for an office than 22 23 can be printed or displayed in 1 column or on 1 page or display, 24 the ballot label shall must be clearly marked that the list of 25 candidates is continued on the following column, page, or display, and so far as possible, the same number of names shall must be 26 27 printed or displayed on each column, page, or display. Arrows or other directional signs may be used to indicate the place to vote 28 29 for each candidate or question.

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(2) Ballots Except for ballots used for early voting that are
 produced by an on-demand ballot printing system, ballots that are
 processed through electronic tabulating equipment after the elector
 has voted shall must have an attached, numbered, perforated stub.

Sec. 797a. (1) Before entering the voting station, each elector shall be offered instruction in the proper method of voting on the electronic voting system. If the elector needs additional instruction after entering the voting station, 2 election inspectors from different political parties may, if necessary, enter the voting station and provide the additional instructions.

11 (2) If the electronic voting system provides for the use of a ballot that is processed through electronic tabulating equipment 12 after the elector votes, the elector shall transport the ballot to 13 14 the ballot box, or other approved ballot container, without 15 exposing any votes. An Except as otherwise provided in this 16 subsection, an election inspector shall ascertain, by comparing the 17 number appearing on the ballot stub with the number recorded on the 18 poll list, that the ballot delivered by the voter is the same ballot that was issued to the elector. If Except as otherwise 19 20 provided in this subsection, if the numbers do not agree, the ballot shall must be marked as "rejected", and the elector shall 21 must not be allowed to vote. If Except as otherwise provided in 22 23 this subsection, if the numbers agree, an election inspector shall 24 remove and discard the stub. Except as otherwise provided in this 25 subsection, the election inspector shall deposit the ballot in the ballot box or other approved ballot container. If electronic 26 27 tabulating equipment that deposits the voted ballot into the ballot 28 box or other approved ballot container is used at the precinct, the 29 election inspector shall return the ballot to the elector, and the

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elector shall then deposit the ballot into the electronic 1 tabulating equipment. The electronic tabulating equipment shall 2 must be arranged so that the secrecy of the ballot is not violated. 3 If required for the proper operation of the electronic tabulating 4 5 equipment, 2 election inspectors from different political parties 6 may periodically open the equipment to rearrange voted ballots and 7 may transfer voted ballots to another approved ballot container. 8 The requirement to compare a ballot number with the poll list does not apply to a ballot used for early voting that is produced by an 9 10 on-demand ballot printing system.

(3) A ballot from which the stub is detached shall must not be accepted by the election inspector in charge of the ballot box or other approved ballot container. An elector who spoils his or her the elector's ballot may return it the ballot and secure another ballot. The word "spoiled" shall must be written across the face of the ballot, and the ballot shall must be marked and secured for later return.

(4) A ballot of a challenged voter that has the names of
candidates and questions printed directly on the voted ballot shall
must be processed in the manner prescribed for challenging a vote
cast by paper ballot. A challenge to a voter voting on an
electronic voting system that does not use an individual hard copy
ballot shall must be processed in the manner prescribed for
challenging a vote cast on a voting machine.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in this act, an election
inspector shall not allow any portion of a ballot, including a
ballot stub, to be removed by any person-individual other than an
election inspector from the polling place.

29

Sec. 798b. (1) Before the conduct of the official count, the

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The county clerk may conduct an unofficial count in order to 1 provide early unofficial returns to the public. Upon completion of 2 the count, the official returns shall be open to the public. The 3 return of the electronic tabulating equipment, to which have been 4 5 added the write-in and absentee votes if necessary, shall 6 constitute, after being duly certified, the official return of each 7 precinct or election district. If it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots with tabulating equipment, the clerk 8 9 may direct that they be counted manually, following as far as 10 practicable the provisions governing the counting of paper ballots. 11 An accumulation report of unofficial results using the tabulated votes available after 8 p.m. on election day must be compiled and 12 13 published using a format that clearly indicates all of the 14 following:

15

(a) The election day precinct results.

16 (b) The corresponding absent voter ballot counting board 17 results.

18

(c) The corresponding early voting results.

19 (d) The sum of subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) for each20 precinct and contest.

21 (2) For a city or township with 250 or more precincts using 22 common ballot forms instead of the election day precinct format in 23 the absent voter counting boards and early voting sites, the 24 accumulation report will not report results from absent voter 25 counting boards or early voting sites as corresponding to election 26 day precincts. Accumulation reports in each city or township 27 described in this subsection must report the results for each 28 election day precinct and separately report the results of each 29 absent voter counting board and the corresponding early voting

1 2 results. Each common ballot form may constitute at least 1 separate absent voter counting board and early voting precinct.

Sec. 805. (1) After the ballots are counted as provided in 3 this chapter, the board of election inspectors shall securely tie 4 the ballots in packages or rolls, and the board of election 5 6 inspectors shall attach to each ballot bag an endorsed statement 7 showing the number and kind of ballots included in the ballot bag. 8 The statement shall be securely attached to the outside of the bag, 9 as prescribed by the secretary of state. 10 (2) After all ballots are tied in packages or rolls, the board

11 of election inspectors shall place the ballots in ballot bags 12 approved by the secretary of state. The board of election 13 inspectors shall then seal the bags with an approved seal that 14 shall be furnished with the election supplies. The bags shall be 15 placed in the ballot box or other After the polls close on election 16 day, the precinct board of election inspectors shall place the 17 ballots in the ballot container provided for ballots under section 669. along with 1 tally sheet, if the tally sheet is not combined 18 with the statement of returns. The board of election inspectors 19 20 shall securely fasten and seal the ballot box or other ballot 21 container with an approved seal furnished with the election 22 supplies. The seal shall must be affixed to render it impossible to open the ballot box or other ballot container without breaking the 23 24 seal. The board of election inspectors shall then deliver the 25 ballot box or other ballot container to the township , or city , or 26 village clerk.

27 Enacting section 1. Sections 14b, 24k, and 767 of the Michigan
28 election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.14b, 168.24k, and 168.767, are
29 repealed.

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Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect unless all of the following bills of the 102nd Legislature are enacted into law:

- **4** (a) Senate Bill No. 370.
 - (b) House Bill No. 4697.