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HOUSE BILL No. 5928

November 6, 2014, Introduced by Rep. Haveman and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

A bill to amend 1927 PA 175, entitled "The code of criminal procedure,"

by amending sections 1a, 1l, 34, and 35 of chapter IX (MCL 769.1a, 769.1l, 769.34, and 769.35), section 1a as amended by 2009 PA 27, section 1l as added by 2005 PA 325, section 34 as amended by 2002 PA 666, and section 35 as added by 1998 PA 317, and by adding sections 32a and 33a to chapter IX.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 CHAPTER IX

- Sec. 1a. (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Crime victim services commission" means that term as described in section 2 of 1976 PA 223, MCL 18.352.
- (b) "Victim" means an individual who suffers direct or threatened physical, financial, or emotional harm as a result of

- 1 the commission of a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- 2 For purposes of subsections (2), (3), (6), (8), (9), and (13),
- 3 victim includes a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation,
- 4 association, governmental entity, or any other legal entity that
- 5 suffers direct physical or financial harm as a result of a felony,
- 6 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- 7 (2) Except as provided in subsection (8), when sentencing a
- 8 defendant convicted of a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance
- 9 violation, the court shall order, in addition to or in lieu of any
- 10 other penalty authorized by law or in addition to any other penalty
- 11 required by law, that the defendant make full restitution to any
- 12 victim of the defendant's course of conduct that gives rise to the
- 13 conviction or to the victim's estate.
- 14 (3) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation results
- 15 in damage to or loss or destruction of property of a victim of the
- 16 felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation or results in the
- 17 seizure or impoundment of property of a victim of the felony,
- 18 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation, the order of restitution may
- 19 require that the defendant do 1 or more of the following, as
- 20 applicable:
- 21 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a
- 22 person designated by the owner.
- 23 (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 24 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to the
- 25 greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value, determined as of
- 26 the date the property is returned, of that property or any part of
- 27 the property that is returned:

- 1 (i) The fair market value of the property on the date of the
- 2 damage, loss, or destruction. However, if the fair market value of
- 3 the property cannot be determined or is impractical to ascertain,
- 4 then the replacement value of the property shall be utilized in
- 5 lieu of the fair market value.
- 6 (ii) The fair market value of the property on the date of
- 7 sentencing. However, if the fair market value of the property
- 8 cannot be determined or is impractical to ascertain, then the
- 9 replacement value of the property shall be utilized in lieu of the
- 10 fair market value.
- 11 (c) Pay the cost of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 12 (4) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation results
- in physical or psychological injury to a victim, the order of
- 14 restitution may require that the defendant do 1 or more of the
- 15 following, as applicable:
- 16 (a) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual medical and
- 17 related professional services and devices relating to physical and
- 18 psychological care.
- 19 (b) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual physical and
- 20 occupational therapy and rehabilitation.
- 21 (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for after-tax
- 22 income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the felony,
- 23 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- 24 (d) Pay an amount equal to the cost of psychological and
- 25 medical treatment for members of the victim's family that has been
- 26 incurred as a result of the felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance
- 27 violation.

- 1 (e) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual homemaking and
- 2 child care expenses incurred as a result of the felony,
- 3 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- 4 (5) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation resulting
- 5 in bodily injury also results in the death of a victim, the order
- 6 of restitution may require that the defendant pay an amount equal
- 7 to the cost of actual funeral and related services.
- **8** (6) If the victim or the victim's estate consents, the order
- 9 of restitution may require that the defendant make restitution in
- 10 services in lieu of money.
- 11 (7) If the victim is deceased, the court shall order that the
- 12 restitution be made to the victim's estate.
- 13 (8) The court shall order restitution to the crime victim
- 14 services commission or to any individuals, partnerships,
- 15 corporations, associations, governmental entities, or other legal
- 16 entities that have compensated the victim or the victim's estate
- 17 for a loss incurred by the victim to the extent of the compensation
- 18 paid for that loss. The court shall also order restitution for the
- 19 costs of services provided to persons or entities that have
- 20 provided services to the victim as a result of the felony,
- 21 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation. Services that are subject to
- 22 restitution under this subsection include, but are not limited to,
- 23 shelter, food, clothing, and transportation. However, an order of
- 24 restitution shall require that all restitution to a victim or a
- 25 victim's estate under the order be made before any restitution to
- 26 any other person or entity under that order is made. The court
- 27 shall not order restitution to be paid to a victim or victim's

- 1 estate if the victim or victim's estate has received or is to
- 2 receive compensation for that loss, and the court shall state on
- 3 the record with specificity the reasons for its action. If an
- 4 entity entitled to restitution under this subsection for
- 5 compensating the victim or the victim's estate cannot or refuses to
- 6 be reimbursed for that compensation, the restitution paid for that
- 7 entity shall be deposited by the state treasurer in the crime
- 8 victim's rights fund created under section 4 of 1989 PA 196, MCL
- 9 780.904, or its successor fund.
- 10 (9) Any amount paid to a victim or a victim's estate under an
- 11 order of restitution shall be set off against any amount later
- 12 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 13 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall reduce
- 14 the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an award
- 15 from the crime victim services commission made after an order of
- 16 restitution under this section.
- 17 (10) If not otherwise provided by the court under this
- 18 subsection, restitution shall be made immediately. However, the
- 19 court may require that the defendant make restitution under this
- 20 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 21 (11) If the defendant is placed on probation or paroled or the
- 22 court imposes a conditional sentence under section 3 of this
- 23 chapter, any restitution ordered under this section shall be a
- 24 condition of that probation, parole, or sentence. The court may
- 25 revoke probation or impose imprisonment under the conditional
- 26 sentence and the parole board may revoke parole if the defendant
- 27 fails to comply with the order and if the defendant has not made a

- 1 good-faith effort to comply with the order. In determining whether
- 2 to revoke probation or parole or impose imprisonment, the court or
- 3 parole board shall consider the defendant's employment status,
- 4 earning ability, and financial resources, the willfulness of the
- 5 defendant's failure to pay, and any other special circumstances
- 6 that may have a bearing on the defendant's ability to pay.
- 7 (12) A defendant who is required to pay restitution and who is
- 8 not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may at any
- 9 time petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor to
- 10 modify the method of payment. If the court determines that payment
- 11 under the order will impose a manifest hardship on the defendant or
- 12 his or her immediate family, the court may modify the method of
- 13 payment.
- 14 (13) An order of restitution entered under this section
- 15 remains effective until it is satisfied in full. An order of
- 16 restitution is a judgment and lien against all property of the
- 17 defendant for the amount specified in the order of restitution. The
- 18 lien may be recorded as provided by law. An order of restitution
- 19 may be enforced by the prosecuting attorney, a victim, a victim's
- 20 estate, or any other person or entity named in the order to receive
- 21 the restitution in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action
- 22 or a lien.
- 23 (14) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
- 24 defendant shall not be imprisoned, jailed, or incarcerated for a
- 25 violation of probation or parole or otherwise for failure to pay
- 26 restitution as ordered under this section unless the court or
- 27 parole board determines that the defendant has the resources to pay

- 1 the ordered restitution and has not made a good-faith effort to do
- **2** so.
- 3 (15) In each case in which payment of restitution is ordered
- 4 as a condition of probation, the probation officer assigned to the
- 5 case shall review the case not less than twice yearly to ensure
- 6 that restitution is being paid as ordered. The final review shall
- 7 be conducted not less than 60 days before the probationary period
- 8 expires. If the probation officer determines that restitution is
- 9 not being paid as ordered, the probation officer shall file a
- 10 written report of the violation with the court on a form prescribed
- 11 by the state court administrative office. The report shall include
- 12 a statement of the amount of the arrearage and any reasons for the
- 13 arrearage known by the probation officer. The probation officer
- 14 shall immediately provide a copy of the report to the prosecuting
- 15 attorney. If a motion is filed or other proceedings are initiated
- 16 to enforce payment of restitution and the court determines that
- 17 restitution is not being paid or has not been paid as ordered by
- 18 the court, the court shall promptly take action necessary to compel
- 19 compliance.
- 20 (16) If a defendant who is ordered to pay restitution under
- 21 this section is remanded to the jurisdiction of the department of
- 22 corrections, the court shall provide a copy of the order of
- 23 restitution to the department of corrections when the defendant is
- 24 ordered remanded to the department's jurisdiction.
- 25 (17) IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE THAT THE MICHIGAN
- 26 SUPREME COURT IMPLEMENT MEASUREMENT OF RESTITUTION ASSESSMENT AND
- 27 COLLECTION AS A COURT PERFORMANCE MEASURE FOR CIRCUIT COURTS AND

- 1 DISTRICT COURTS.
- 2 Sec. 1l. If a prisoner under the jurisdiction of the department
- 3 of corrections has been ordered to pay any sum of money as
- 4 described in section 1k and the department of corrections receives
- 5 an order from the court on a form prescribed by the state court
- 6 administrative office, the department of corrections shall deduct
- 7 50% of the funds received by the prisoner in a month over \$50.00
- 8 and promptly forward a payment to the court as provided in the
- 9 order when the amount exceeds \$100.00, or the entire amount if the
- 10 prisoner is paroled, is transferred to community programs, or is
- 11 discharged on the maximum sentence. The department of corrections
- 12 shall give an order of restitution under section 20h of the
- 13 corrections code of 1953, 1953 PA 232, MCL 791.220h, or the WILLIAM
- 14 VAN REGENMORTER crime victim's rights act, 1985 PA 87, MCL 780.751
- 15 to 780.834, priority over an order received under this section. THE
- 16 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SHALL TRACK AND REPORT PRISONER
- 17 RESTITUTION COLLECTION AS A PERFORMANCE MEASURE.
- 18 SEC. 32A. (1) A CRIMINAL JUSTICE POLICY COMMISSION IS CREATED
- 19 IN THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. BEFORE MARCH 1, 2015, THE GOVERNOR
- 20 SHALL APPOINT THE COMMISSION MEMBERS DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISIONS (D)
- 21 TO (M). THE COMMISSION CONSISTS OF THE ALL OF THE FOLLOWING
- 22 MEMBERS:
- 23 (A) TWO INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE SENATE, CONSISTING
- 24 OF THE CHAIRPERSON AND THE MINORITY VICE-CHAIRPERSON OF THE SENATE
- 25 JUDICIARY COMMITTEE OR THE CHAIRPERSON'S OR MINORITY VICE-
- 26 CHAIRPERSON'S DESIGNEE, WHO MUST BE MEMBERS OF THAT COMMITTEE.
- 27 (B) TWO INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF

- 1 REPRESENTATIVES, CONSISTING OF THE CHAIRPERSON AND THE MINORITY
- 2 VICE-CHAIRPERSON OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY
- 3 COMMITTEE OR THE CHAIRPERSON'S OR MINORITY VICE-CHAIRPERSON'S
- 4 DESIGNEE, WHO MUST BE MEMBERS OF THAT COMMITTEE.
- 5 (C) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE, REPRESENTING
- 6 CRIME VICTIMS.
- 7 (D) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE, APPOINTED
- 8 FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED BY THE MICHIGAN JUDGES
- 9 ASSOCIATION.
- 10 (E) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE, APPOINTED
- 11 FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED BY THE MICHIGAN DISTRICT JUDGES
- 12 ASSOCIATION.
- 13 (F) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO REPRESENTS THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS OF
- 14 THIS STATE, APPOINTED FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED BY THE
- 15 PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS ASSOCIATION OF MICHIGAN.
- 16 (G) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO REPRESENTS CRIMINAL DEFENSE ATTORNEYS,
- 17 APPOINTED FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED BY THE CRIMINAL DEFENSE
- 18 ATTORNEYS OF MICHIGAN.
- 19 (H) ONE INDIVIDUAL APPOINTED FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED
- 20 BY THE MICHIGAN SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION.
- 21 (I) ONE INDIVIDUAL APPOINTED FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED
- 22 BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.
- 23 (J) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO REPRESENTS ADVOCATES OF ALTERNATIVES TO
- 24 INCARCERATION.
- 25 (K) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A MENTAL HEALTH EXPERT.
- 26 (l) ONE INDIVIDUAL APPOINTED FROM A LIST OF 3 NAMES SUBMITTED
- 27 BY THE MICHIGAN ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES.

- 1 (M) ONE INDIVIDUAL WHO REPRESENTS COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS
- 2 AGENCIES.
- 3 (2) THE GOVERNOR SHALL DESIGNATE 1 MEMBER OF THE CRIMINAL
- 4 JUSTICE POLICY COMMISSION AS CHAIRPERSON.
- 5 (3) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, THE
- 6 COMMISSION MEMBERS SHALL BE APPOINTED FOR TERMS OF 4 YEARS. OF THE
- 7 MEMBERS FIRST APPOINTED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) (C) TO (M), 4 MEMBERS
- 8 SHALL SERVE FOR 2 YEARS, 4 MEMBERS SHALL SERVE FOR 3 YEARS, AND 3
- 9 MEMBERS SHALL SERVE FOR 4 YEARS. THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION
- 10 APPOINTED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) (A) AND (B) SHALL BE APPOINTED FOR
- 11 TERMS OF 2 YEARS.
- 12 (4) A VACANCY ON THE COMMISSION CAUSED BY THE EXPIRATION OF A
- 13 TERM OR A RESIGNATION OR DEATH SHALL BE FILLED IN THE SAME MANNER
- 14 AS THE ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT. A MEMBER APPOINTED TO FILL A VACANCY
- 15 CAUSED BY A RESIGNATION OR DEATH SHALL BE APPOINTED FOR THE BALANCE
- 16 OF THE UNEXPIRED TERM.
- 17 (5) A COMMISSION MEMBER SHALL NOT RECEIVE A SALARY FOR BEING A
- 18 COMMISSION MEMBER BUT SHALL BE REIMBURSED FOR HIS OR HER
- 19 REASONABLE, ACTUAL, AND NECESSARY EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE
- 20 PERFORMANCE OF HIS OR HER DUTIES AS A COMMISSION MEMBER.
- 21 (6) THE COMMISSION MAY ESTABLISH SUBCOMMITTEES THAT MAY
- 22 CONSIST OF INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION,
- 23 INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EXPERTS IN MATTERS OF INTEREST TO
- 24 THE COMMISSION.
- 25 (7) THE COMMISSION'S BUSINESS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT PUBLIC
- 26 MEETINGS HELD IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE OPEN MEETINGS ACT, 1976 PA
- 27 267, MCL 15.261 TO 15.275.

- 1 (8) A QUORUM CONSISTS OF A MAJORITY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE
- 2 SENTENCING COMMISSION. ALL COMMISSION BUSINESS SHALL BE CONDUCTED
- 3 BY NOT LESS THAN A QUORUM.
- 4 (9) A WRITING PREPARED, OWNED, USED, IN THE POSSESSION OF, OR
- 5 RETAINED BY THE COMMISSION IN THE PERFORMANCE OF AN OFFICIAL
- 6 FUNCTION SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC IN COMPLIANCE WITH
- 7 THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 TO 15.246.
- 8 (10) THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL SHALL PROVIDE THE COMMISSION WITH
- 9 SUITABLE OFFICE SPACE, STAFF, AND NECESSARY EQUIPMENT.
- 10 SEC. 33A. (1) THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE POLICY COMMISSION SHALL DO
- 11 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 12 (A) COLLECT, PREPARE, ANALYZE, AND DISSEMINATE INFORMATION
- 13 REGARDING STATE AND LOCAL SENTENCING AND RELEASE POLICIES AND
- 14 PRACTICES FOR FELONIES AND THE USE OF PRISONS AND JAILS.
- 15 (B) COLLECT AND ANALYZE INFORMATION CONCERNING HOW MISDEMEANOR
- 16 SENTENCES AND THE DETENTION OF DEFENDANTS PENDING TRIAL AFFECT
- 17 LOCAL JAILS.
- 18 (C) CONDUCT ONGOING RESEARCH REGARDING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF
- 19 THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES IN ACHIEVING THE PURPOSES SET FORTH IN
- 20 SUBDIVISION (F).
- 21 (D) IN COOPERATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS,
- 22 COLLECT, ANALYZE, AND COMPILE DATA AND MAKE PROJECTIONS REGARDING
- 23 THE POPULATIONS AND CAPACITIES OF STATE AND LOCAL CORRECTIONAL
- 24 FACILITIES, THE IMPACT OF THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES AND OTHER LAWS,
- 25 RULES, AND POLICIES ON THOSE POPULATIONS AND CAPACITIES, AND THE
- 26 EFFECTIVENESS OF EFFORTS TO REDUCE RECIDIVISM. MEASUREMENT OF
- 27 RECIDIVISM SHALL INCLUDE, AS APPLICABLE, ANALYSIS OF ALL OF THE

- 1 FOLLOWING:
- 2 (i) REARREST RATES, RESENTENCE RATES, AND RETURN TO PRISON
- 3 RATES.
- 4 (ii) ONE-, 2-, AND 3-YEAR INTERVALS AFTER EXITING PRISON OR
- 5 JAIL AND AFTER ENTERING PROBATION.
- 6 (iii) THE STATEWIDE LEVEL, AND BY LOCALITY AND DISCRETE PROGRAM,
- 7 TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE.
- 8 (E) IN COOPERATION WITH THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR,
- 9 COLLECT, ANALYZE, AND COMPILE DATA REGARDING THE EFFECT OF
- 10 SENTENCING GUIDELINES ON THE CASELOAD, DOCKET FLOW, AND CASE
- 11 BACKLOG OF THE TRIAL AND APPELLATE COURTS OF THIS STATE.
- 12 (F) DEVELOP MODIFICATIONS TO THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES. ANY
- 13 MODIFICATIONS TO THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES SHALL ACCOMPLISH ALL OF
- 14 THE FOLLOWING:
- 15 (i) PROVIDE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE PUBLIC.
- 16 (ii) CONSIDER OFFENSES INVOLVING VIOLENCE AGAINST A PERSON OR
- 17 SERIOUS AND SUBSTANTIAL PECUNIARY LOSS AS MORE SEVERE THAN OTHER
- 18 OFFENSES.
- 19 (iii) BE PROPORTIONATE TO THE SERIOUSNESS OF THE OFFENSE AND THE
- 20 OFFENDER'S PRIOR CRIMINAL RECORD.
- 21 (iv) REDUCE SENTENCING DISPARITIES BASED ON FACTORS OTHER THAN
- 22 OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS AND OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS AND ENSURE
- 23 THAT OFFENDERS WITH SIMILAR OFFENSE AND OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS
- 24 RECEIVE SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR SENTENCES.
- 25 (v) SPECIFY THE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH A TERM OF
- 26 IMPRISONMENT IS PROPER AND THE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH
- 27 INTERMEDIATE SANCTIONS ARE PROPER.

- 1 (vi) ESTABLISH SENTENCE RANGES FOR IMPRISONMENT THAT ARE WITHIN
- 2 THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM SENTENCES ALLOWED BY LAW FOR THE OFFENSES
- 3 TO WHICH THE RANGES APPLY.
- 4 (vii) MAINTAIN SEPARATE SENTENCE RANGES FOR CONVICTIONS UNDER
- 5 THE HABITUAL OFFENDER PROVISIONS IN SECTIONS 10, 11, 12, AND 13 OF
- 6 THIS CHAPTER, WHICH MAY INCLUDE AS AN AGGRAVATING FACTOR, AMONG
- 7 OTHER RELEVANT CONSIDERATIONS, THAT THE ACCUSED HAS ENGAGED IN A
- 8 PATTERN OF PROVEN OR ADMITTED CRIMINAL BEHAVIOR.
- 9 (viii) ESTABLISH SENTENCE RANGES THAT THE COMMISSION CONSIDERS
- 10 APPROPRIATE.
- 11 (ix) CONSIDER THE NECESSITY FOR LOCAL CORRECTIONS SYSTEM
- 12 CAPACITY AND MAINTAIN FUNDING TO ENSURE THAT CAPACITY.
- 13 (G) CONSIDER THE SUITABILITY AND IMPACT OF OFFENSE VARIABLE
- 14 SCORING WITH REGARD TO PHYSICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL INJURY TO VICTIMS
- 15 AND VICTIMS' FAMILIES.
- 16 (2) IN DEVELOPING MODIFICATIONS TO THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES,
- 17 THE COMMISSION SHALL SUBMIT TO THE LEGISLATURE A PRISON AND JAIL
- 18 IMPACT REPORT RELATING TO ANY MODIFICATIONS TO THE SENTENCING
- 19 GUIDELINES. THE REPORT SHALL INCLUDE THE PROJECTED IMPACT ON TOTAL
- 20 CAPACITY OF STATE AND LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.
- 21 (3) MODIFICATIONS TO SENTENCING GUIDELINES SHALL INCLUDE
- 22 RECOMMENDED INTERMEDIATE SANCTIONS FOR EACH CASE IN WHICH THE UPPER
- 23 LIMIT OF THE RECOMMENDED MINIMUM SENTENCE RANGE IS 18 MONTHS OR
- 24 LESS.
- 25 (4) THE COMMISSION MAY RECOMMEND MODIFICATIONS TO ANY LAW,
- 26 ADMINISTRATIVE RULE, OR POLICY THAT AFFECTS SENTENCING OR THE USE
- 27 AND LENGTH OF INCARCERATION. THE RECOMMENDATIONS SHALL REFLECT ALL

- 1 OF THE FOLLOWING POLICIES:
- 2 (A) TO RENDER SENTENCES IN ALL CASES WITHIN A RANGE OF
- 3 SEVERITY PROPORTIONATE TO THE GRAVITY OF OFFENSES, THE HARMS DONE
- 4 TO CRIME VICTIMS, AND THE BLAMEWORTHINESS OF OFFENDERS.
- 5 (B) WHEN REASONABLY FEASIBLE, TO ACHIEVE OFFENDER
- 6 REHABILITATION, GENERAL DETERRENCE, INCAPACITATION OF DANGEROUS
- 7 OFFENDERS, RESTORATION OF CRIME VICTIMS AND COMMUNITIES, AND
- 8 REINTEGRATION OF OFFENDERS INTO THE LAW-ABIDING COMMUNITY.
- 9 (C) TO RENDER SENTENCES NO MORE SEVERE THAN NECESSARY TO
- 10 ACHIEVE THE APPLICABLE PURPOSES IN SUBDIVISIONS (A) AND (B).
- 11 (D) TO PRESERVE JUDICIAL DISCRETION TO INDIVIDUALIZE SENTENCES
- 12 WITHIN A FRAMEWORK OF LAW.
- 13 (E) TO PRODUCE SENTENCES THAT ARE UNIFORM IN THEIR REASONED
- 14 PURSUIT OF THE PURPOSES IN SUBSECTION (1).
- 15 (F) TO ELIMINATE INEQUITIES IN SENTENCING AND LENGTH OF
- 16 INCARCERATION ACROSS POPULATION GROUPS.
- 17 (G) TO ENCOURAGE THE USE OF INTERMEDIATE SANCTIONS.
- 18 (H) TO ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE RESOURCES ARE AVAILABLE FOR
- 19 CARRYING OUT SENTENCES IMPOSED AND THAT RATIONAL PRIORITIES ARE
- 20 ESTABLISHED FOR THE USE OF THOSE RESOURCES.
- 21 (I) TO PROMOTE RESEARCH ON SENTENCING POLICY AND PRACTICES,
- 22 INCLUDING ASSESSMENTS OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF CRIMINAL SANCTIONS AS
- 23 MEASURED AGAINST THEIR PURPOSES.
- 24 (J) TO INCREASE THE TRANSPARENCY OF THE SENTENCING AND
- 25 CORRECTIONS SYSTEM, ITS ACCOUNTABILITY TO THE PUBLIC, AND THE
- 26 LEGITIMACY OF ITS OPERATIONS.
- 27 (5) THE COMMISSION SHALL SUBMIT ANY RECOMMENDED MODIFICATIONS

- 1 TO THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES OR TO OTHER LAWS, ADMINISTRATIVE
- 2 RULES, OR POLICIES TO THE SENATE MAJORITY LEADER, THE SPEAKER OF
- 3 THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AND THE GOVERNOR.
- 4 (6) BY DECEMBER 1, 2015, THE COMMISSION SHALL SUBMIT TO THE
- 5 LEGISLATURE, THE GOVERNOR, AND THE MICHIGAN SUPREME COURT A REPORT
- 6 ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF LEGISLATIVE POLICIES ADOPTED IN 2014
- 7 AFFECTING THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM. THE REPORT SHALL INCLUDE,
- 8 BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 9 (A) EDUCATION OF PRACTITIONERS ON CHANGES IN LEGISLATIVE
- 10 POLICY.
- 11 (B) THE LENGTH OF PROBATION SUPERVISION TERMS IMPOSED.
- 12 (C) THE NUMBER OF PROBATIONERS SUBJECT TO SWIFT AND SURE
- 13 SANCTIONS PROBATION.
- 14 (D) THE NUMBER OF NONCOMPLIANCE, RISK, AND MAJOR RISK
- 15 SANCTIONS IMPOSED ON THE PROBATION POPULATION.
- 16 (E) NONCOMPLIANCE AND RISK SANCTIONS IMPOSED ON THE PAROLE
- 17 SUPERVISION POPULATION.
- 18 (F) PAROLE GUIDELINE DECISIONS.
- 19 (G) VICTIM RESTITUTION COLLECTION DATA IN THE COURTS AND THE
- 20 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.
- 21 (H) IMPLEMENTATION OF REVISIONS TO THE COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS
- 22 ACT, 1988 PA 511, MCL 791.401 TO 791.414.
- 23 Sec. 34. (1) The sentencing guidelines promulgated by order of
- 24 the Michigan supreme court do not apply to felonies enumerated in
- 25 part 2 of chapter XVII committed on or after January 1, 1999.
- 26 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection or for a
- 27 departure from the appropriate minimum sentence range provided for

- 1 under subsection (3), the minimum sentence imposed by a court of
- 2 this state for a felony enumerated in part 2 of chapter XVII
- 3 committed on or after January 1, 1999 shall be within the
- 4 appropriate sentence range under the version of those sentencing
- 5 quidelines in effect on the date the crime was committed. Both of
- 6 the following apply to minimum sentences under this subsection:
- 7 (a) If a statute mandates a minimum sentence for an individual
- 8 sentenced to the jurisdiction of the department of corrections, the
- 9 court shall impose sentence in accordance with that statute.
- 10 Imposing a mandatory minimum sentence is not a departure under this
- 11 section. If a statute mandates a minimum sentence for an individual
- 12 sentenced to the jurisdiction of the department of corrections and
- 13 the statute authorizes the sentencing judge to depart from that
- 14 minimum sentence, imposing a sentence that exceeds the recommended
- 15 sentence range but is less than the mandatory minimum sentence is
- 16 not a departure under this section. If the Michigan vehicle code,
- 17 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, mandates a minimum sentence for
- 18 an individual sentenced to the jurisdiction of the department of
- 19 corrections and the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1
- 20 to 257.923, authorizes the sentencing judge to impose a sentence
- 21 that is less than that minimum sentence, imposing a sentence that
- 22 exceeds the recommended sentence range but is less than the
- 23 mandatory minimum sentence is not a departure under this section.
- 24 (b) The court shall not impose a minimum sentence, including a
- 25 departure, that exceeds 2/3 of the statutory maximum sentence.
- 26 (3) A court may depart from the appropriate sentence range
- 27 established under the sentencing guidelines set forth in chapter

- 1 XVII if the court has a substantial and compelling reason for that
- 2 departure and states on the record the reasons for departure. All
- 3 of the following apply to a departure:
- 4 (a) The court shall not use an individual's gender, race,
- 5 ethnicity, alienage, national origin, legal occupation, lack of
- 6 employment, representation by appointed legal counsel,
- 7 representation by retained legal counsel, appearance in propria
- 8 persona, or religion to depart from the appropriate sentence range.
- 9 (b) The court shall not base a departure on an offense
- 10 characteristic or offender characteristic already taken into
- 11 account in determining the appropriate sentence range unless the
- 12 court finds from the facts contained in the court record, including
- 13 the presentence investigation report, that the characteristic has
- 14 been given inadequate or disproportionate weight.
- 15 (4) Intermediate sanctions shall be imposed under this chapter
- 16 as follows:
- 17 (a) If the upper limit of the recommended minimum sentence
- 18 range for a defendant determined under the sentencing guidelines
- 19 set forth in chapter XVII is 18 months or less, the court shall
- 20 impose an intermediate sanction unless the court states on the
- 21 record a substantial and compelling reason to sentence the
- 22 individual to the jurisdiction of the department of corrections. An
- 23 intermediate sanction may include a jail term that does not exceed
- 24 the upper limit of the recommended minimum sentence range or 12
- 25 months, whichever is less, AND A SUBSEQUENT TERM OF PROBATION
- 26 SUPERVISION AT LEAST EQUAL TO THE JAIL TERM.
- 27 (b) If an attempt to commit a felony designated in offense

- 1 class H in part 2 of chapter XVII is punishable by imprisonment for
- 2 more than 1 year, the court shall impose an intermediate sanction
- 3 upon conviction of that offense absent a departure.
- 4 (c) If the upper limit of the recommended minimum sentence
- 5 exceeds 18 months and the lower limit of the recommended minimum
- 6 sentence is 12 months or less, the court shall sentence the
- 7 offender as follows absent a departure:
- 8 (i) To imprisonment with a minimum term within that range.
- 9 (ii) To an intermediate sanction that may include a term of
- 10 imprisonment of not more than 12 months AND A SUBSEQUENT TERM OF
- 11 PROBATION SUPERVISION AT LEAST EQUAL TO THE TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.
- 12 (5) If a crime has a mandatory determinant penalty or a
- 13 mandatory penalty of life imprisonment, the court shall impose that
- 14 penalty. This section does not apply to sentencing for that crime.
- 15 (6) As part of the sentence, the court may also order the
- 16 defendant to pay any combination of a fine, ALLOWABLE costs, or
- 17 applicable assessments. The court shall order payment of
- 18 restitution as provided by law.
- 19 (7) If the trial court imposes on a defendant a minimum
- 20 sentence that is longer or more severe than the appropriate
- 21 sentence range, as part of the court's advice of the defendant's
- 22 rights concerning appeal, the court shall advise the defendant
- 23 orally and in writing that he or she may appeal the sentence as
- 24 provided by law on grounds that it is longer or more severe than
- 25 the appropriate sentence range.
- 26 (8) All of the following shall be part of the record filed for
- 27 an appeal of a sentence under this section:

- 1 (a) An entire record of the sentencing proceedings.
- 2 (b) The presentence investigation report. Any portion of the
- 3 presentence investigation report exempt from disclosure by law
- 4 shall not be a public record.
- 5 (c) Any other reports or documents the sentencing court used
- 6 in imposing sentence.
- 7 (9) An appeal of a sentence under this section does not stay
- 8 execution of the sentence.
- 9 (10) If a minimum sentence is within the appropriate
- 10 guidelines sentence range, the court of appeals shall affirm that
- 11 sentence and shall not remand for resentencing absent an error in
- 12 scoring the sentencing guidelines or inaccurate information relied
- 13 upon in determining the defendant's sentence. A party shall not
- 14 raise on appeal an issue challenging the scoring of the sentencing
- 15 guidelines or challenging the accuracy of information relied upon
- 16 in determining a sentence that is within the appropriate guidelines
- 17 sentence range unless the party has raised the issue at sentencing,
- 18 in a proper motion for resentencing, or in a proper motion to
- 19 remand filed in the court of appeals.
- 20 (11) If, upon a review of the record, the court of appeals
- 21 finds the trial court did not have a substantial and compelling
- 22 reason for departing from the appropriate sentence range, the court
- 23 shall remand the matter to the sentencing judge or another trial
- 24 court judge for resentencing under this chapter.
- 25 (12) Time served on the sentence appealed under this section
- 26 is considered time served on any sentence imposed after remand.
- 27 Sec. 35. (1) The department of corrections shall operate a

- 1 jail reimbursement program that provides funding to counties for
- 2 housing FELONY offenders in county jails who otherwise would have
- 3 been sentenced to prison AND UNDER BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 4 (A) SECTION 4(1)(B) AND (C) OF CHAPTER XI.
- 5 (B) SECTION 40A OF THE CORRECTIONS CODE OF 1953, 1953 PA 232,
- 6 MCL 791.240A.
- 7 (2) The criteria for reimbursement, including but not limited
- 8 to criteria for determining those offenders who otherwise would
- 9 have been sentenced to prison, and the rate of reimbursement shall
- 10 be established in the annual appropriations acts for the department
- 11 of corrections AND SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN \$35.00 PER DIEM PER
- 12 OFFENDER SERVING A SANCTION FOR A PAROLE OR PROBATION VIOLATION.
- 13 THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SHALL SUBMIT TO THE LEGISLATURE A
- 14 PROJECTED BUDGET TO ADDRESS COUNTY EXPENSES FOR HOUSING FELONY
- 15 OFFENDERS IN COUNTY JAILS, AND THE LEGISLATURE SHALL FUND THE
- 16 BUDGET AS PROVIDED BY LAW.
- 17 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 18 unless Senate Bill No. ____ or House Bill No. 5930 (request no.
- 19 06303'14) of the 97th Legislature is enacted into law.

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