SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4545

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending sections 618a and 907 (MCL 257.618a and 257.907), section 618a as added by 2010 PA 10 and section 907 as amended by 2013 PA 35, and by adding sections 676c and 676d.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 618a. (1) Unless the operator of a motor vehicle involved
- 2 in an accident knows or reasonably should know that serious
- 3 impairment of a bodily function or death has resulted from the
- 4 accident, the operator or any other occupant of the motor vehicle
- 5 who possesses a valid driver license shall remove the motor vehicle
- 6 from the main traveled portion of the roadway into a safe refuge on
- 7 the shoulder, emergency lane, or median or to a place otherwise

- 1 removed from the roadway if both of the following apply:
- 2 (a) Moving the motor vehicle may be done safely.
- 3 (b) The motor vehicle is capable of being normally and safely
- 4 operated and can be operated under its own power in its customary
- 5 manner without further damage or hazard to the traffic elements or
- 6 to the roadway.
- 7 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) IS RESPONSIBLE FOR A
- 8 CIVIL INFRACTION.
- 9 (3) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ The operator or any other person who removes a motor
- 10 vehicle from the main traveled portion of the roadway as provided
- 11 in this section before the arrival of a police officer is not prima
- 12 facie at fault regarding the cause of the traffic accident solely
- 13 by reason of moving the motor vehicle as provided in this section.
- 14 (4) (3)—The decision of the operator or any other person to
- 15 remove or not to remove a motor vehicle from the main traveled
- 16 portion of the roadway as provided in this section is not
- 17 admissible in a civil action as evidence that a serious impairment
- 18 of bodily function has or has not resulted from the accident.
- 19 (4) A person who violates this section is responsible for a
- 20 civil infraction.
- 21 (5) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY, WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE
- 22 OWNER OR OPERATOR AND WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF THE STATE
- 23 TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, OTHER ROAD AGENCIES, FIRE DEPARTMENT,
- 24 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, OTHER LOCAL PUBLIC SAFETY AGENCIES, OR TOWING
- 25 OR RECOVERY COMPANIES UNDER THE DIRECTION OF ANY OF THOSE ENTITIES
- 26 REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND CARGOES OF VEHICLES
- 27 INVOLVED IN ACCIDENTS, INCLUDING ANY PERSONAL PROPERTY, FROM THE

- 1 MAIN TRAVELED PORTION OF A ROADWAY AND THE RIGHT-OF-WAY IF THE
- 2 VEHICLE, CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY IS BLOCKING THE ROADWAY OR
- 3 RIGHT-OF-WAY OR MAY OTHERWISE ENDANGER PUBLIC SAFETY.
- 4 (6) A PUBLIC AGENCY OR DEPARTMENT THAT MOVES A MOTOR VEHICLE,
- 5 CARGO, OR PERSONAL PROPERTY AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (5), AND ANY
- 6 OF THEIR OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, OR AGENTS, OR ANYONE ACTING IN GOOD
- 7 FAITH UNDER, AND WITHIN THE SCOPE OF, THE AUTHORITY CONFERRED UNDER
- 8 SUBSECTION (5), IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES OR CLAIMS THAT MAY
- 9 ARISE FROM THE EXERCISE OR THE FAILURE TO EXERCISE ANY AUTHORITY
- 10 GRANTED UNDER SUBSECTION (5).
- 11 (7) THE OWNER OR CARRIER, IF ANY, OF A MOTOR VEHICLE, CARGO,
- 12 OR PERSONAL PROPERTY REMOVED OR DISPOSED OF UNDER SUBSECTION (5)
- 13 SHALL REIMBURSE THE PUBLIC AGENCY, DEPARTMENTS, AND TOWING
- 14 COMPANIES, IF ANY, FOR ALL DOCUMENTED REASONABLE COSTS INCURRED IN
- 15 THAT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.
- 16 SEC. 676C. (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2), A PERSON
- 17 SHALL NOT TRAVEL TO THE SCENE OF A MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT OR A
- 18 DISABLED VEHICLE LOCATED ON PUBLIC PROPERTY, PROPERTY OPEN TO THE
- 19 PUBLIC, OR A STATE TRUNK LINE HIGHWAY AND SOLICIT BUSINESS FOR A
- 20 WRECKER, RECOVERY, OR TOWING SERVICE. A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS
- 21 SUBSECTION IS RESPONSIBLE FOR A CIVIL INFRACTION AND SHALL BE
- 22 ORDERED TO PAY A CIVIL FINE OF \$1,000.00.
- 23 (2) SUBSECTION (1) DOES NOT APPLY IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING
- 24 CONDITIONS APPLY:
- 25 (A) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION OVER THE
- 26 SCENE OF THE ACCIDENT OR DISABLED VEHICLE, OR AN INDIVIDUAL
- 27 INVOLVED IN THAT ACCIDENT OR DISABLED VEHICLE, REQUESTS THE OWNER

- 1 OR OPERATOR OF A WRECKER OR TOWING SERVICE TO COME TO THE SCENE.
- 2 (B) A WRECKER, RECOVERY TRUCK, OR TOW TRUCK OPERATOR, WHO DOES
- 3 NOT TRAVEL TO THE SCENE OF A MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT OR DISABLED
- 4 VEHICLE AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) FOR THE PURPOSE OF
- 5 SOLICITING BUSINESS FOR A WRECKER, RECOVERY, OR TOWING SERVICE,
- 6 OFFERS ASSISTANCE TO A STRANDED MOTORIST WITHOUT CREATING A
- 7 NUISANCE OR INTERFERING WITH MANAGEMENT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT
- 8 BY LAW ENFORCEMENT.
- 9 (3) SUBJECT TO SECTION 252D, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AT THE
- 10 SCENE SHALL PERMIT AN OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A MOTOR VEHICLE TO
- 11 REQUEST THE TOWING, WRECKER, OR RECOVERY SERVICE OR ROADSIDE
- 12 ASSISTANCE SERVICE OF HIS OR HER CHOICE UNLESS THE VEHICLE IS
- 13 INVOLVED IN A SUSPECTED CRIMINAL ACTIVITY, FATALITY, OR LAW
- 14 ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATION, IF THE VEHICLE IS BEING IMPOUNDED, OR IF
- 15 THE REQUESTED PREFERENCE WRECKER SERVICE IS UNAVAILABLE OR CANNOT
- 16 RESPOND WITHIN A TIMELY MANNER AND THE VEHICLE IS CREATING A ROAD
- 17 OR SAFETY HAZARD AS DETERMINED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AT THE SCENE.
- 18 SEC. 676D. A LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT SHALL NOT REQUIRE AS A
- 19 TERM OF A CONTRACT WITH A WRECKER, RECOVERY, OR TOWING SERVICE THAT
- 20 THE WRECKER, RECOVERY, OR TOWING SERVICE PAY A FEE TO THAT LOCAL
- 21 UNIT OF GOVERNMENT FOR RESPONDING TO THE SCENE OF AN IMPOUND,
- 22 ACCIDENT, DISABLED VEHICLE, OR ABANDONED VEHICLE AND PROVIDING
- 23 WRECKER, RECOVERY, OR TOWING SERVICES. THIS SECTION ONLY APPLIES TO
- 24 A CONTRACT BETWEEN A LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT AND A WRECKER,
- 25 RECOVERY, OR TOWING SERVICE THAT IS ENTERED INTO OR RENEWED AFTER
- 26 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE AMENDATORY ACT THAT ADDED THIS SECTION.
- 27 Sec. 907. (1) A violation of this act, or a local ordinance

- 1 substantially corresponding to a provision of this act, that is
- 2 designated a civil infraction shall not be considered a lesser
- 3 included offense of a criminal offense.
- 4 (2) If a person is determined under sections 741 to 750 to be
- 5 responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil
- 6 infraction under this act or a local ordinance substantially
- 7 corresponding to a provision of this act, the judge or district
- 8 court magistrate may order the person to pay a civil fine of not
- 9 more than \$100.00 and costs as provided in subsection (4). However,
- 10 beginning October 31, 2010, if the civil infraction was a moving
- 11 violation that resulted in an at-fault collision with another
- 12 vehicle, a person, or any other object, the civil fine ordered
- 13 under this section shall be increased by \$25.00 but the total civil
- 14 fine shall not exceed \$100.00. However, for a violation of section
- 15 602b, the person shall be ordered to pay costs as provided in
- 16 subsection (4) and a civil fine of \$100.00 for a first offense and
- 17 \$200.00 for a second or subsequent offense. For a violation of
- 18 section 674(1)(s) or a local ordinance substantially corresponding
- 19 to section 674(1)(s), the person shall be ordered to pay costs as
- 20 provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not less than
- 21 \$100.00 or more than \$250.00. FOR A VIOLATION OF 676C, THE PERSON
- 22 SHALL BE ORDERED TO PAY COSTS AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4) AND A
- 23 CIVIL FINE OF \$1,000.00. For a violation of section 328, the civil
- 24 fine ordered under this subsection shall be not more than \$50.00.
- 25 For a violation of section 710d, the civil fine ordered under this
- 26 subsection shall not exceed \$10.00, SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (12). For
- 27 a violation of section 710e, the civil fine and court costs ordered

- 1 under this subsection shall be \$25.00. For a violation of section
- 2 682 or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section
- 3 682, the person shall be ordered to pay costs as provided in
- 4 subsection (4) and a civil fine of not less than \$100.00 or more
- 5 than \$500.00. For a violation of section 240, the civil fine
- 6 ordered under this subsection shall be \$15.00. For a violation of
- 7 section 252a(1), the civil fine ordered under this subsection shall
- 8 be \$50.00. For a violation of section 676a(3), the civil fine
- 9 ordered under this section shall be not more than \$10.00. For a
- 10 first violation of section 319f(1), the civil fine ordered under
- 11 this section shall be not less than \$2,500.00 or more than
- 12 \$2,750.00; for a second or subsequent violation, the civil fine
- 13 shall be not less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$5,500.00. For a
- 14 violation of section 319g(1)(a), the civil fine ordered under this
- 15 section shall be not more than \$10,000.00. For a violation of
- 16 section 319g(1)(g), the civil fine ordered under this section shall
- 17 be not less than \$2,750.00 or more than \$25,000.00. Permission may
- 18 be granted for payment of a civil fine and costs to be made within
- 19 a specified period of time or in specified installments, but unless
- 20 permission is included in the order or judgment, the civil fine and
- 21 costs shall be payable immediately.
- 22 (3) Except as provided in this subsection, if a person is
- 23 determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for
- 24 a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance
- 25 substantially corresponding to a provision of this act while
- 26 driving a commercial motor vehicle, he or she shall be ordered to
- 27 pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not

- 1 more than \$250.00.
- 2 (4) If a civil fine is ordered under subsection (2) or (3),
- 3 the judge or district court magistrate shall summarily tax and
- 4 determine the costs of the action, which are not limited to the
- 5 costs taxable in ordinary civil actions, and may include all
- 6 expenses, direct and indirect, to which the plaintiff has been put
- 7 in connection with the civil infraction, up to the entry of
- 8 judgment. Costs shall not be ordered in excess of \$100.00. A civil
- 9 fine ordered under subsection (2) or (3) shall not be waived unless
- 10 costs ordered under this subsection are waived. Except as otherwise
- 11 provided by law, costs are payable to the general fund of the
- 12 plaintiff.
- 13 (5) In addition to a civil fine and costs ordered under
- 14 subsection (2) or (3) and subsection (4) and the justice system
- 15 assessment ordered under subsection (13), the judge or district
- 16 court magistrate may order the person to attend and complete a
- 17 program of treatment, education, or rehabilitation.
- 18 (6) A district court magistrate shall impose the sanctions
- 19 permitted under subsections (2), (3), and (5) only to the extent
- 20 expressly authorized by the chief judge or only judge of the
- 21 district court district.
- 22 (7) Each district of the district court and each municipal
- 23 court may establish a schedule of civil fines, costs, and
- 24 assessments to be imposed for civil infractions that occur within
- 25 the respective district or city. If a schedule is established, it
- 26 shall be prominently posted and readily available for public
- 27 inspection. A schedule need not include all violations that are

- 1 designated by law or ordinance as civil infractions. A schedule may
- 2 exclude cases on the basis of a defendant's prior record of civil
- 3 infractions or traffic offenses, or a combination of civil
- 4 infractions and traffic offenses.
- 5 (8) The state court administrator shall annually publish and
- 6 distribute to each district and court a recommended range of civil
- 7 fines and costs for first-time civil infractions. This
- 8 recommendation is not binding upon the courts having jurisdiction
- 9 over civil infractions but is intended to act as a normative guide
- 10 for judges and district court magistrates and a basis for public
- 11 evaluation of disparities in the imposition of civil fines and
- 12 costs throughout the state.
- 13 (9) If a person has received a civil infraction citation for
- 14 defective safety equipment on a vehicle under section 683, the
- 15 court shall waive a civil fine, costs, and assessments upon receipt
- 16 of certification by a law enforcement agency that repair of the
- 17 defective equipment was made before the appearance date on the
- 18 citation.
- 19 (10) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs ordered
- 20 under subsection (2), (3), or (4) or a justice system assessment
- 21 ordered under subsection (13), or an installment of the fine,
- 22 costs, or assessment, may be collected by a means authorized for
- 23 the enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised
- 24 judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4001 to 600.4065, or
- 25 under chapter 60 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA
- 26 236, MCL 600.6001 to 600.6098.
- 27 (11) If a person fails to comply with an order or judgment

- 1 issued under this section within the time prescribed by the court,
- 2 the driver's license of that person shall be suspended under
- 3 section 321a until full compliance with that order or judgment
- 4 occurs. In addition to this suspension, the court may also proceed
- 5 under section 908.
- 6 (12) The court may waive any civil fine, cost, or assessment
- 7 against a person who received a civil infraction citation for a
- 8 violation of section 710d if the person, before the appearance date
- 9 on the citation, supplies the court with evidence of acquisition,
- 10 purchase, or rental of a child seating system meeting the
- 11 requirements of section 710d.
- 12 (13) In addition to any civil fines or costs ordered to be
- 13 paid under this section, the judge or district court magistrate
- 14 shall order the defendant to pay a justice system assessment of
- 15 \$40.00 for each civil infraction determination, except for a
- 16 parking violation or a violation for which the total fine and costs
- 17 imposed are \$10.00 or less. Upon payment of the assessment, the
- 18 clerk of the court shall transmit the assessment collected to the
- 19 state treasury to be deposited into the justice system fund created
- 20 in section 181 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236,
- 21 MCL 600.181. An assessment levied under this subsection is not a
- 22 civil fine for purposes of section 909.
- 23 (14) If a person has received a citation for a violation of
- 24 section 223, the court shall waive any civil fine, costs, and
- 25 assessment, upon receipt of certification by a law enforcement
- 26 agency that the person, before the appearance date on the citation,
- 27 produced a valid registration certificate that was valid on the

- 1 date the violation of section 223 occurred.
- 2 (15) If a person has received a citation for a violation of
- 3 section 328(1) for failing to produce a certificate of insurance
- 4 under section 328(2), the court may waive the fee described in
- 5 section 328(3)(c) and shall waive any fine, costs, and any other
- 6 fee or assessment otherwise authorized under this act upon receipt
- 7 of verification by the court that the person, before the appearance
- 8 date on the citation, produced valid proof of insurance that was in
- 9 effect at the time the violation of section 328(1) occurred.
- 10 Insurance obtained subsequent to the time of the violation does not
- 11 make the person eligible for a waiver under this subsection.
- 12 (16) As used in this section, "moving violation" means an act
- 13 or omission prohibited under this act or a local ordinance
- 14 substantially corresponding to this act that involves the operation
- 15 of a motor vehicle and for which a fine may be assessed.
- 16 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
- 17 after it is enacted into law.