## SENATE BILL No． 2

January 14，2009，Introduced by Senator SANBORN and referred to the Committee on Economic
Development and Regulatory Reform．

A bill to create a small business ombudsman＇s office and a small business compliance advisory panel；and to provide for certain powers and duties of certain state officers and agencies．

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT：
Sec．1．As used in this act：
（a）＂Office＂means the office of the small business ombudsman．
（b）＂Ombudsman＂means the small business ombudsman．
（c）＂Small business＂means a business that is independently owned and operated and that is not dominant in its field of operation as that term is used in 13 CFR 121.102 and is a stationary source that meets all of the following requirements：
（i）Is owned or operated by a person that employs 100 or fewer individuals．
(ii) Is a small business concern as defined in 15 USC 632 and 13 CFR 121. 201.

Sec. 3. (1) The office of the small business ombudsman is created as an autonomous entity in the department of management and budget. The office shall be an independent, impartial state office empowered to investigate and review the actions of regulatory agencies of this state. The office shall monitor and ensure compliance with relevant laws and policies and recommend appropriate changes in policy, procedure, and legislation.
(2) The principal executive officer of the office is the small business ombudsman, who shall be appointed with the advice and consent of the senate.
(3) The individual appointed ombudsman shall be qualified by training and experience to perform the duties and exercise the powers of the small business ombudsman and the office as provided in this act.
(4) The governor may remove the ombudsman from office for cause, including, but not limited to, incompetence, official misconduct, habitual or willful neglect of duty, or other misfeasance or malfeasance in connection with the operation of the office of the small business ombudsman. The governor shall report the reason for the removal to the legislature.
(5) The ombudsman shall not be actively involved in political party activities or publicly endorse, solicit funds for, or make contributions to political parties or candidates for elective office. The ombudsman shall not engage in any other occupation, business, or profession likely to detract from the full-time
performance of his or her duties as ombudsman or to result in a conflict of interest or an appearance of impropriety or partiality.

Sec. 5. (1) The office of the small business ombudsman shall receive, investigate, and resolve complaints and disputes from small businesses against departments and agencies of this state. Any individual may submit a complaint to the office. The office has the sole discretion and authority to determine if a complaint falls within the powers and duties of the office to investigate. The office may initiate an investigation without receiving a complaint. Complainants are entitled to receive the recommendations of the ombudsman and the department or agency's response to the recommendations of the ombudsman consistent with state and federal law.
(2) The office may coordinate or do all of the following:
(a) Conduct independent evaluations of all activities conducted under section 7 .
(b) Review and provide comments and recommendations to the federal government and state departments and agencies regarding the development and implementation of regulatory requirements that impact small businesses.
(c) Facilitate and promote the participation of small businesses in the development of rules that impact small businesses.
(d) Assist in providing reports to the governor and legislature and the public regarding the applicability of state laws and regulations to small business.
(e) Aid in the dissemination of information to small
businesses and other interested parties.
(f) Participate in or sponsor meetings and conferences with state and local regulatory officials, industry groups, and small business representatives.
(g) Periodically review the work and services provided by the program with trade associations and representatives of small business.
(h) Refer small businesses to the appropriate specialist in the program where they may obtain information and assistance on affordable alternative technologies, process changes, and products and operational methods.
(i) Arrange for and assist in the preparation of guideline documents by the program and ensure that the language is readily understandable by laypersons.
(j) Work with trade associations and small businesses to bring about voluntary compliance with regulatory laws and rules.
(k) Work with regional and state offices of the small business administration, the United States department of commerce and the Michigan economic development corporation, and other federal and state agencies that may have programs to financially assist small businesses in need of funds to comply with state regulation.
(l) Work with private sector financial institutions to assist small businesses in locating sources of funds to comply with state regulation.
(m) Conduct studies to evaluate the impacts of state regulation on the state's economy, local economies, and small businesses.
(n) Work with other states to establish a network for sharing information on small businesses and their efforts to comply with state regulation.
(o) Make recommendations to the department and the legislature concerning the reduction of any fees required under state law to take into account the financial resources of small businesses.

Sec. 7. (1) The ombudsman shall establish procedures for the office for budgeting, expending money, and employing personnel according to the management and budget act, $1984 \mathrm{PA} 431, \mathrm{MCL}$ 18.1101 to 18.1594. Subject to annual appropriations, the ombudsman shall employ sufficient personnel to carry out the duties and powers prescribed by this act.
(2) The office of small business ombudsman may develop mechanisms for all of the following:
(a) Developing, collecting, and coordinating information on compliance methods and technologies for small businesses.
(b) Assisting small business with information regarding alternative technologies, process changes, and products and methods of operation that help ensure compliance with state regulation.
(c) Establishing a compliance assistance program that assists small businesses in determining applicable requirements for compliance and the procedures for obtaining permits efficiently in a timely manner under state law.
(3) The office shall develop adequate mechanisms for all of the following:
(a) Encouraging lawful cooperation among small businesses and other persons to further compliance with state regulatory laws and
for receiving and processing complaints about the administration of those laws by state departments and agencies.
(b) Providing mechanisms and access to information so that small businesses receive notification of their rights under state law in a manner and form that assures reasonably adequate time for small businesses to evaluate their compliance methods or applicable proposed or final rules or standards.
(c) Informing small businesses of their obligations under state law, including mechanisms for referring small businesses to qualified auditors or to the state if the state elects to provide audits to determine compliance with state law. To the extent permissible by state and federal law, audits shall be separate from the formal inspection and compliance program.
(d) Providing information on how to obtain consideration from a state department or agency on requests from small businesses for modifications of any work practice or technological method of compliance.

Sec. 9. (1) All departments, agencies, boards, committees, commissions, or officers of this state or any political subdivision of this state, so far as is compatible with their duties, shall give the office any assistance requested by the office in the performance of the office's duties. All departments, agencies, boards, committees, commissions, or officers of this state or any political subdivision of this state shall provide the office free access to agency personnel and any book, record, or document in their custody, relating to investigation of a complaint by the office, other than information described in section 13 of the
freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.243.
(2) The office may subpoena any person to appear, to give sworn testimony, or to produce documentary or other evidence that is reasonably relevant to the matters under investigation by the office.
(3) A person shall not interfere with, prevent, or prohibit the ombudsman from carrying out his or her powers or duties under this part.
(4) A state department or agency shall not discriminate against a person because a complaint against the department or agency has been or may be filed with the office by or on behalf of the person.
(5) The office may bring an action in the circuit court for Ingham county to enforce this part as it relates to the office.

Sec. 11. Information obtained by the office from small businesses that utilize its services shall be held in confidence by those employed by the office or the program to the extent authorized under the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246, including, but not limited to, those provisions pertaining to exemptions from disclosure for trade secrets and commercial and financial information.

Sec. 13. (1) The small business compliance advisory panel is created within the office.
(2) The advisory panel shall be broadly representative of the regulated small business community and shall include women members and members who are minorities. The advisory panel shall consist of the following members:
(a) Two members appointed by the governor to represent the general public and who are not owners or representatives of owners of small businesses.
(b) One member appointed by the republican leader of the senate who is an owner or a representative of owners of small businesses.
(c) One member appointed by the democratic leader of the senate who is an owner or a representative of owners of small businesses.
(d) One member appointed by the republican leader of the house of representatives who is an owner or a representative of owners of small businesses.
(e) One member appointed by the democratic leader of the house of representatives who is an owner or a representative of owners of small businesses.
(3) Members of the advisory panel shall serve for terms of 4 years, or until a successor is appointed, whichever is later.

However, of the members first appointed, the members appointed by the governor shall serve for 3 years, the members appointed by the senate shall serve for 1 year, and the members appointed by the house of representatives shall serve for 2 years.
(4) If a vacancy occurs on the advisory panel, the governor, the department, or the appropriate legislative leader who made the appointment shall make an appointment for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
(5) The advisory panel shall elect from among its members a chairperson and other officers as it considers necessary or
appropriate.
(6) A majority of the members of the advisory panel constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of the advisory panel. A majority of the members present and serving are required for official action of the advisory panel.
(7) Members of the advisory panel shall serve without compensation. However, members of the advisory panel may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties as members of the advisory panel.
(8) The advisory panel shall do all of the following:
(a) Consult with the ombudsman and the head of the program to plan the work of the advisory panel, including the frequency of meetings, agenda items, and reports to be issued by the advisory panel.
(b) Determine whether to utilize private contractors or utilize expertise available within state departments, or both, to meet the requirements of this act that pertain to providing technical assistance to small businesses.
(c) Prepare advisory reports concerning all of the following:
(i) The effectiveness of the office.
(ii) The costs of operating the office.
(iii) The average costs of different categories of small businesses in complying with regulatory programs of this state.
(d) Review information prepared by the office for small businesses to assure that the information is understandable to laypersons.
(9) The advisory panel shall provide copies of advisory reports prepared by the advisory panel to each state department, the legislature, and the office. In addition, the reports shall be made available to any person upon request.

