## SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4504

A bill to amend 1978 PA 368, entitled "Public health code,"

(MCL 333.1101 to 333.25211) by adding section 16188.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 16188. (1) The Physical Therapy Licensure Compact is 2 enacted into law and entered into by this state as a party state 3 with all other jurisdictions that legally join in the compact, in 4 the form substantially as follows:

5 PHYSICAL THERAPY LICENSURE COMPACT 6 ARTICLE 1. PURPOSE 7 (1) The purpose of this compact is to facilitate interstate 8 practice of physical therapy with the goal of improving public 9 access to physical therapy services. The practice of physical





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1 therapy occurs in the state where the patient/client is located at 2 the time of the patient/client encounter. The compact preserves the 3 regulatory authority of states to protect public health and safety 4 through the current system of state licensure.

5 (2) This compact is designed to achieve the following6 objectives:

7 (a) Increase public access to physical therapy services by
8 providing for the mutual recognition of other member state
9 licenses;

10 (b) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health 11 and safety;

12 (c) Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating13 multi-state physical therapy practice;

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(d) Support spouses of relocating military members;

(e) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, anddisciplinary information between member states; and

17 (f) Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services with a 18 compact privilege in that state accountable to that state's 19 practice standards.

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## ARTICLE 2. DEFINITIONS

As used in this compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in the
active uniformed service of the United States, including members of
the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10
USC 1209 and 1211.

(b) "Adverse action" means disciplinary action taken by a
physical therapy licensing board based upon misconduct,

29 unacceptable performance, or a combination of both.



(c) "Alternative program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring
 or practice remediation process approved by a physical therapy
 licensing board. This includes, but is not limited to, substance
 abuse issues.

5 (d) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a 6 remote state to allow a licensee from another member state to 7 practice as a physical therapist or work as a physical therapist 8 assistant in the remote state under its laws and rules. The 9 practice of physical therapy occurs in the member state where the 10 patient/client is located at the time of the patient/client 11 encounter.

(e) "Continuing competence" means a requirement, as a condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of participation in, and/or completion of, educational and professional activities relevant to practice or area of work.

16 (f) "Data system" means a repository of information about 17 licensees, including examination, licensure, investigative, compact 18 privilege, and adverse action.

(g) "Encumbered license" means a license that a physicaltherapy licensing board has limited in any way.

(h) "Executive board" means a group of directors elected or
appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to
them by, the commission.

(i) "Home state" means the member state that is the licensee'sprimary state of residence.

(j) "Investigative information" means information, records,
and documents received or generated by a physical therapy licensing
board pursuant to an investigation.

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(k) "Jurisprudence requirement" means the assessment of an



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individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice
 of physical therapy in a state.

3 (l) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an
4 authorization from the state to practice as a physical therapist or
5 to work as a physical therapist assistant.

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(m) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the compact.

7 (n) "Party state" means any member state in which a licensee
8 holds a current license or compact privilege or is applying for a
9 license or compact privilege.

10 (o) "Physical therapist" means an individual who is licensed11 by a state to practice physical therapy.

(p) "Physical therapist assistant" means an individual who is
licensed/certified by a state and who assists the physical
therapist in selected components of physical therapy.

(q) "Physical therapy," "physical therapy practice," and "the practice of physical therapy" mean the care and services provided by or under the direction and supervision of a licensed physical therapist.

(r) "Physical therapy compact commission" or "commission"
means the national administrative body whose membership consists of
all states that have enacted the compact.

(s) "Physical therapy licensing board" or "licensing board"
means the agency of a state that is responsible for the licensing
and regulation of physical therapists and physical therapist
assistants.

(t) "Remote state" means a member state other than the home state, where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege.

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(u) "Rule" means a regulation, principle, or directive



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promulgated by the commission that has the force of law.

2 (v) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
3 territory of the United States of America that regulates the
4 practice of physical therapy.

5 ARTICLE 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT 6 (1) To participate in the compact, a state must: 7 (a) Participate fully in the commission's data system,

8 including using the commission's unique identifier as defined in 9 rules;

10 (b) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating11 complaints about licensees;

(c) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of the
compact and rules, of any adverse action or the availability of
investigative information regarding a licensee;

(d) Fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame established by rule, by receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record search on criminal background checks and use the results in making licensure decisions in accordance with subsection (2);

20 (e) Comply with the rules of the commission;

(f) Utilize a recognized national examination as a requirement
for licensure pursuant to the rules of the commission; and

23 (g) Have continuing competence requirements as a condition for24 license renewal.

(2) Upon adoption of this statute, the member state shall have
the authority to obtain biometric-based information from each
physical therapy licensure applicant and submit this information to
the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a criminal background check
in accordance with 28 USC 534 and 42 USC 14616.



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(3) A member state shall grant the compact privilege to a 1 2 licensee holding a valid unencumbered license in another member 3 state in accordance with the terms of the compact and rules. 4 (4) Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact 5 privilege. ARTICLE 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE 6 7 (1) To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and 8 provisions of the compact, the licensee shall: 9 (a) Hold a license in the home state; 10 (b) Have no encumbrance on any state license; 11 (c) Be eligible for a compact privilege in any member state in accordance with subsection (4), (7), and (8); 12 13 (d) Have not had any adverse action against any license or 14 compact privilege within the previous two (2) years; 15 (e) Notify the commission that the licensee is seeking the 16 compact privilege within a remote state(s); 17 (f) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the 18 compact privilege; 19 (q) Meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the 20 remote state(s) in which the licensee is seeking a compact 21 privilege; and 22 (h) Report to the commission adverse action taken by any non-23 member state within thirty (30) days from the date the adverse 24 action is taken. 25 (2) The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date 26 of the home license. The licensee must comply with the requirements 27 of subsection (1) to maintain the compact privilege in the remote 28 state.

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(3) A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state



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under the compact privilege shall function within the laws and
 regulations of the remote state.

3 (4) A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state is 4 subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a 5 6 licensee's compact privilege in the remote state for a specific 7 period of time, impose fines, and/or take any other necessary 8 actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. The 9 licensee is not eligible for a compact privilege in any state until 10 the specific time for removal has passed and all fines are paid.

11 (5) If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall
12 lose the compact privilege in any remote state until the following
13 occur:

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(a) The home state license is no longer encumbered; and

15 (b) Two (2) years have elapsed from the date of the adverse 16 action.

17 (6) Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored
18 to good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of
19 subsection (1) to obtain a compact privilege in any remote state.

(7) If a licensee's compact privilege in any remote state is
removed, the individual shall lose the compact privilege in any
remote state until the following occur:

23 (a) The specific period of time for which the compact24 privilege was removed has ended;

25 (b) All fines have been paid; and

26 (c) Two (2) years have elapsed from the date of the adverse 27 action.

(8) Once the requirements of subsection (7) have been met, the
license must meet the requirements in subsection (1) to obtain a



1 compact privilege in a remote state.

2 ARTICLE 5. ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES 3 A licensee who is active duty military or is the spouse of an individual who is active duty military may designate one of the 4 5 following as the home state:

6 (a) Home of record;

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(b) Permanent change of station (PCS); or

8 (c) State of current residence if it is different than the PCS 9 state or home of record.

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## ARTICLE 6. ADVERSE ACTIONS

11 (1) A home state shall have exclusive power to impose adverse 12 action against a license issued by the home state.

13 (2) A home state may take adverse action based on the 14 investigative information of a remote state, so long as the home 15 state follows its own procedures for imposing adverse action.

16 (3) Nothing in this compact shall override a member state's 17 decision that participation in an alternative program may be used 18 in lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall remain 19 non-public if required by the member state's laws. Member states 20 must require licensees who enter any alternative programs in lieu 21 of discipline to agree not to practice in any other member state 22 during the term of the alternative program without prior 23 authorization from such other member state.

24 (4) Any member state may investigate actual or alleged 25 violations of the statutes and rules authorizing the practice of 26 physical therapy in any other member state in which a physical 27 therapist or physical therapist assistant holds a license or 28 compact privilege.

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(5) A remote state shall have the authority to:



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(a) Take adverse actions as set forth in article 4(4) against
 a licensee's compact privilege in the state;

3 (b) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that 4 require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the 5 production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a physical therapy 6 licensing board in a party state for the attendance and testimony 7 of witnesses, and/or the production of evidence from another party 8 state, shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of 9 competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of 10 that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending 11 before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes 12 of the state where the witnesses and/or evidence are located; and 13

14 (c) If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the
15 licensee the costs of investigations and disposition of cases
16 resulting from any adverse action taken against that licensee.

17 (6) In addition to the authority granted to a member state by
18 its respective physical therapy practice act or other applicable
19 state law, a member state may participate with other member states
20 in joint investigations of licensees.

(7) Member states shall share any investigative, litigation,
or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual
investigation initiated under the compact.

24 ARTICLE 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PHYSICAL THERAPY COMPACT COMMISSION 25 (1) The compact member states hereby create and establish a 26 joint public agency known as the physical therapy compact 27 commission:

28 (a) The commission is an instrumentality of the compact29 states.



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1 (b) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the 2 commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of 3 competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission 4 is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional 5 defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in 6 alternative dispute resolution proceedings.

7 (c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver8 of sovereign immunity.

9 (2) The following apply to commission membership, voting, and10 meetings:

(a) Each member state shall have and be limited to one (1)delegate selected by that member state's licensing board.

(b) The delegate shall be a current member of the licensing
board, who is a physical therapist, physical therapist assistant,
public member, or the board administrator.

16 (c) Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as
17 provided by the law of the state from which the delegate is
18 appointed.

19 (d) The member state board shall fill any vacancy occurring in20 the commission.

(e) Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with
regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and
shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business
and affairs of the commission.

(f) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as
provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates'
participation in meetings by telephone or other means of
communication.

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(g) The commission shall meet at least once during each



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calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in
 the bylaws.

- 3 (3) The commission shall have the following powers and duties:
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(b) Establish bylaws;

6 (c) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the7 bylaws;

(a) Establish the fiscal year of the commission;

8 (d) Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the
9 provisions of this compact and the bylaws;

10 (e) Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate 11 implementation and administration of this compact. The rules shall 12 have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in all member 13 states;

(f) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any state physical therapy licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;

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(g) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

(h) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel,
including, but not limited to, employees of a member state;

(i) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate
authority to carry out the purposes of the compact, and to
establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating
to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other
related personnel matters;

(j) Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of
money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to receive,
utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the



1 commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or 2 conflict of interest;

3 (k) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of,
4 or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property, real,
5 personal or mixed; provided that at all times the commission shall
6 avoid any appearance of impropriety;

7 (l) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon,
8 or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed;

9 (m) Establish a budget and make expenditures;

10 (n) Borrow money;

(o) Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of members, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as may be designated in this compact and the bylaws;

16 (p) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, 17 law enforcement agencies;

18 (q) Establish and elect an executive board; and

(r) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or
appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact consistent with
the state regulation of physical therapy licensure and practice.

(4) The executive board shall have the power to act on behalf
of the commission according to the terms of this compact. The
following apply to the executive board:

(a) The executive board shall be composed of nine (9) members:
(i) Seven (7) voting members who are elected by the commission
from the current membership of the commission;

28 (*ii*) One (1) ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized
29 national physical therapy professional association; and



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(*iii*) One (1) ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized
 membership organization of the physical therapy licensing boards.

3 (b) The ex-officio members will be selected by their4 respective organizations.

5 (c) The commission may remove any member of the executive6 board as provided in bylaws.

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(d) The executive board shall meet at least annually.

8 (e) The executive board shall have the following duties and9 responsibilities:

(i) Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules or
bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees paid by compact
member states such as annual dues, and any commission compact fee
charged to licensees for the compact privilege;

14 (*ii*) Ensure compact administration services are appropriately
15 provided, contractual or otherwise;

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(iii) Prepare and recommend the budget;

17 (*iv*) Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;

18 (v) Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide19 compliance reports to the commission;

(vii) Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.

20 (vi) Establish additional committees as necessary; and

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22 (5) The following apply to meetings of the commission:

(a) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public
notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required
under the rulemaking provisions in article 9.

(b) The commission or the executive board or other committees
of the commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting if
the commission or executive board or other committees of the
commission must discuss:



(i) Non-compliance of a member state with its obligations under
 the compact;

3 (*ii*) The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters,
4 practices or procedures related to specific employees or other
5 matters related to the commission's internal personnel practices
6 and procedures;

7 (*iii*) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
8 (*iv*) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale
9 of goods, services, or real estate;

10 (v) Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any 11 person;

12 (vi) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial
13 information that is privileged or confidential;

14 (vii) Disclosure of information of a personal nature where 15 disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of 16 personal privacy;

17 (*viii*) Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law
18 enforcement purposes;

19 (ix) Disclosure of information related to any investigative 20 reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or 21 other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or 22 determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact; or

23 (x) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal24 or member state statute.

(c) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant
to this provision, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall
certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each
relevant exempting provision.

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(d) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly



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1 describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a 2 full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons 3 therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All 4 documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed 5 6 meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority 7 vote of the commission or order of a court of competent 8 jurisdiction.

9 (6) The following apply to the financing of the commission: 10 (a) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, 11 the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and 12 ongoing activities.

13 (b) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue
14 sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies,
15 materials, and services.

(c) The commission may levy on and collect an annual 16 17 assessment from each member state or impose fees on other parties 18 to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the 19 commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount 20 sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for 21 which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate 22 annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to 23 be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a rule 24 binding upon all member states.

(d) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind
prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall
the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states,
except by and with the authority of the member state.

29 (e) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all



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receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

8 (7) The members, officers, executive director, employees and 9 representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and 10 liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any 11 claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged 12 13 act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against 14 whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing 15 occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this subsection shall be 16 17 construed to protect any such person from suit and/or liability for 18 any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or 19 willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

20 (8) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive 21 director, employee or representative of the commission in any civil 22 action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or 23 alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of 24 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the 25 person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for 26 believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, 27 duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be 28 construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own 29 counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act,



error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or
 willful or wanton misconduct.

3 (9) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of 4 the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment 5 6 obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged 7 act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of commission 8 employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a 9 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 10 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that 11 the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. 12 ARTICLE 8. DATA SYSTEM 13

(1) The commission shall provide for the development,
maintenance, and utilization of a coordinated database and
reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and
investigative information on all licensed individuals in member
states.

19 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the
20 contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the
21 data system on all individuals to whom this compact is applicable
22 as required by the rules of the commission, including:

23 (a) Identifying information;

24 (b) Licensure data;

25 (c) Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;
26 (d) Non-confidential information related to alternative
27 program participation;

(e) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s)for such denial; and



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1 (f) Other information that may facilitate the administration 2 of this compact, as determined by the rules of the commission.

3 (3) Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any4 member state will only be available to other party states.

5 (4) The commission shall promptly notify all member states of 6 any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual 7 applying for a license. Adverse action information pertaining to a 8 licensee in any member state will be available to any other member 9 state.

10 (5) Member states contributing information to the data system
11 may designate information that may not be shared with the public
12 without the express permission of the contributing state.

13 (6) Any information submitted to the data system that is
14 subsequently required to be expunded by the laws of the member
15 state contributing the information shall be removed from the data
16 system.

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## ARTICLE 9. RULEMAKING

(1) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers
pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the rules
adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as of
the date specified in each rule or amendment.

(2) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact within four (4) years of the date of adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.

27 (3) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a28 regular or special meeting of the commission.

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(4) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or



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rules by the commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance
 of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon,
 the commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:

4 (a) On the website of the commission or other publicly5 accessible platform; and

6 (b) On the website of each member state physical therapy 7 licensing board or other publicly accessible platform or the 8 publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed 9 rules.

10 (5) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:

(a) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting inwhich the rule will be considered and voted upon;

13 (b) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason14 for the proposed rule;

15 (c) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any 16 interested person; and

17 (d) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice
18 to the commission of their intention to attend the public hearing
19 and any written comments.

20 (6) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall
21 allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
22 arguments, which shall be made available to the public.

23 (7) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
24 hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is
25 requested by:

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(a) At least twenty-five (25) persons;

- 27 (b) A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
- 28 (c) An association having at least twenty-five (25) members.
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(8) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment,



1 the commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the 2 scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic 3 means, the commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the 4 electronic hearing. The following apply to public hearings of the 5 commission:

6 (a) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall 7 notify the executive director of the commission or other designated 8 member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the 9 hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled 10 date of the hearing.

(b) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each
person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to
comment orally or in writing.

14 (c) All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording15 will be made available on request.

(d) Nothing in this article shall be construed as requiring a
separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the
convenience of the commission at hearings required by this article.

(9) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of
business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held,
the commission shall consider all written and oral comments
received.

(10) If no written notice of intent to attend the public
hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may
proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public
hearing.

(11) The commission shall, by majority vote of all members,
take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the
effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record



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1 and the full text of the rule.

(12) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the 2 3 commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the 4 usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this 5 6 article shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as 7 reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after 8 the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, 9 an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order 10 to:

11 (a) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or 12 welfare;

13 (b) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds;

14 (c) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative15 rule that is established by federal law or rule; or

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(d) Protect public health and safety.

17 (13) The commission or an authorized committee of the 18 commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or 19 amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors 20 in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public 21 notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the 22 commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any 23 person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision 24 may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a 25 material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, 26 and delivered to the chair of the commission prior to the end of 27 the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take 28 effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the 29 revision may not take effect without the approval of the



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1 commission.

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ARTICLE 10. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

3 4 (1) The following relate to oversight of the compact:(a) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state

5 government in each member state shall enforce this compact and take 6 all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's 7 purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules 8 promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.

9 (b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and 10 the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member 11 state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may 12 affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the commission.

(c) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or promulgated rules.

19 (2) The following apply to issues of default, technical20 assistance, and termination:

(a) If the commission determines that a member state has
defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities
under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission shall:

(i) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other
member states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of
curing the default and/or any other action to be taken by the
commission; and

28 (*ii*) Provide remedial training and specific technical29 assistance regarding the default.



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1 (b) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the 2 defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an 3 affirmative vote of a majority of the member states, and all 4 rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this compact may be 5 terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the 6 default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or 7 liabilities incurred during the period of default.

8 (c) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed 9 only after all other means of securing compliance have been 10 exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given 11 by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority 12 leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the 13 member states.

14 (d) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all
15 assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the
16 effective date of termination, including obligations that extend
17 beyond the effective date of termination.

(e) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.

(f) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

27 (3) The following relate to dispute resolution related to the28 compact:

29

(a) Upon request by a member state, the commission shall



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attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among
 member states and between member and non-member states.

3 (b) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both
4 mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as
5 appropriate.

6 (4) The following relate to enforcement of the compact:

7 (a) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
8 discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.

9 (b) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action 10 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or 11 the federal district where the commission has its principal offices 12 against a member state in default to enforce compliance with the 13 provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules and bylaws. The 14 relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In 15 the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member 16 shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable 17 attorney's fees.

18 (c) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of
19 the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies
20 available under federal or state law.

21 ARTICLE 11. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE
 22 COMMISSION FOR PHYSICAL THERAPY PRACTICE AND ASSOCIATED RULES,
 23 WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT

(1) The compact shall come into effect on the date on which
the compact statute is enacted into law in the tenth member state.
The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be
limited to the powers granted to the commission relating to
assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the commission
shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the



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1 implementation and administration of the compact.

(2) Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the
commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the
rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in
that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the
commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day
the compact becomes law in that state.

8 (3) Any member state may withdraw from this compact by
9 enacting a statute repealing the same. The following apply to
10 withdrawal:

(a) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until
six (6) months after enactment of the repealing statute.

(b) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's physical therapy licensing board to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

17 (4) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to 18 invalidate or prevent any physical therapy licensure agreement or 19 other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a non-20 member state that does not conflict with the provisions of this 21 compact.

(5) This compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until it is enacted into the laws of all member states.

ARTICLE 12. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this



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compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any party 1 2 state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any 3 government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the 4 validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not 5 6 be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the 7 constitution of any party state, the compact shall remain in full 8 force and effect as to the remaining party states and in full force 9 and effect as to the party state affected as to all severable 10 matters.

(2) Except as to a civil action for the enforcement of the physical therapy licensure compact among member states, an individual may bring a civil action related to this compact in any court of this state or federal court that would otherwise have jurisdiction.

16 (3) As used in this article, subsection (1) may be cited as 17 the "physical therapy licensure compact".

18 Enacting section 1 This amendatory act takes effect 90 days19 after the date it is enacted into law.

20 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
21 unless House Bill No. 4505 of the 102nd Legislature is enacted into
22 law.



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