SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4132

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending sections 907 and 909 (MCL 257.907 and 257.909), section 907 as amended by 2023 PA 40 and section 909 as amended by 2000 PA 94, and by adding sections 2c, 627c, and 907a.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 2c. (1) "Automated speed enforcement system" means an electronic traffic sensor system that does both of the following:
- 3 (a) Automatically detects a vehicle exceeding the posted speed
 4 limit using a scanning lidar system or similarly capable scanning
 5 technology.
- 6 (b) Produces a recorded image of the vehicle described in 7 subdivision (a) that shows all of the following:





- (i) A clear and legible identification of the vehicle's
 registration plate.
- 3 (ii) The location where the recorded image was taken.
- 4 (iii) The date and time when the recorded image was taken.
- 5 (2) "Automated speed enforcement system operator" means an 6 individual trained to operate and monitor an automated speed 7 enforcement system by the department of state police.

8 Sec. 627c. (1) The department of state police and the state 9 transportation department may, by agreement, authorize the 10 installation and use of an automated speed enforcement system in a 11 work zone that is not separated from traffic by barriers on a 12 highway or street under the jurisdiction of the state 13 transportation department. A sign must be placed 1 mile before the 14 start of a work zone where an automated speed enforcement system is 15 installed and used under this section indicating that the work zone

is monitored by an automated speed enforcement system.

- (2) Except for an individual operating a police vehicle, a fire department or fire patrol vehicle, or a public or private ambulance as provided in section 632, if an individual violates an applicable speed limit described in section 627 by exceeding a posted speed limit by 10 miles per hour or more in a work zone while workers are present, on the basis of a recorded image produced by an automated speed enforcement system, all of the following apply:
- (a) An individual must be issued a written warning using a form that is authorized by the department of state police for either of the following violations as described in this subsection:
 - (i) A first violation.
- (\ddot{u}) A violation that occurs more than 3 years after that



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- 1 individual's most recent violation.
- 2 (b) For a second violation as described in this subsection
- 3 that occurs less than 3 years after a written warning is issued
- 4 under subdivision (a), the individual is responsible for a civil
- 5 infraction and must be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than
- 6 \$150.00.
- 7 (c) For a third or subsequent violation as described in this
- 8 subsection that occurs less than 3 years after a second or
- 9 subsequent violation, the individual is responsible for a civil
- 10 infraction and must be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than
- 11 \$300.00.
- 12 (3) A sworn statement of an automated speed enforcement system
- 13 operator or a police officer from this state, based on inspecting a
- 14 recorded image produced by an automated speed enforcement system,
- 15 is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in the recorded
- 16 image. A recorded image indicating a violation must be available
- 17 for inspection in any proceeding to adjudicate the responsibility
- 18 for a violation of this section. A recorded image indicating a
- 19 violation must be destroyed as soon as the period for contesting
- 20 the violation has lapsed, including any period for appeals, or as
- 21 soon as the individual pays the civil fine in full, whichever
- 22 occurs first.
- 23 (4) All of the following apply to a recorded image and any
- 24 other data collected by an automated speed enforcement system:
- 25 (a) The image and data may be used only for the purpose of
- 26 adjudicating a violation of this section.
- 27 (b) Except to the extent necessary to adjudicate a violation
- 28 of this section, the image and data are confidential and exempt
- 29 from disclosure under the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442,

- 1 MCL 15.231 to 15.246.
- 2 (c) The image and data must not be shared with or sold to any 3 private or public third party not involved with installing and 4 using the automated speed enforcement system.
- 5 (5) In a proceeding for a violation of this section, prima 6 facie evidence that the vehicle described in the citation issued 7 was operated in violation of this section, together with proof that 8 the individual who was issued the citation was at the time of the 9 violation the registered owner of the vehicle, creates a rebuttable 10 presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle was the 11 individual who committed the violation. The presumption is rebutted if the registered owner of the vehicle files an affidavit by 12 13 regular mail with the clerk of the court stating that the 14 registered owner was not the operator of the vehicle at the time of 15 the alleged violation or testifies in open court under oath that 16 the registered owner was not the operator of the vehicle at the 17 time of the alleged violation. The presumption also is rebutted if 18 a certified copy of a police report, showing that the vehicle had 19 been reported to the police as stolen before the time of the 20 alleged violation of this section, is presented before the 21 appearance date established on the citation. For purposes of this 22 subsection, the owner of a leased or rented vehicle shall provide 23 the name and address of the individual to whom the vehicle was 24 leased or rented at the time of the violation.
 - (6) Notwithstanding section 742, a citation for a violation of this section may be executed by the department of state police by mailing by first-class mail a copy to the address of the registered owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the secretary of state. If the summoned individual fails to appear on the date of

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- 1 return set out in the citation mailed under this subsection, the
- 2 clerk of the court shall enter a default after certifying, on a
- 3 form furnished by the court, that the defendant has not made a
- 4 scheduled appearance or has not answered the citation within the
- 5 time provided by law.
- 6 (7) Subject to appropriation, an automated speed enforcement
- 7 system unit is created within the department of state police
- 8 composed of individuals appointed by the director of the department
- 9 of state police, to do both of the following:
- 10 (a) Oversee the implementation and use of automated speed
- 11 enforcement systems under this section.
- 12 (b) Train automated speed enforcement system operators to
- 13 operate and monitor automated speed enforcement systems and provide
- 14 sworn statements under subsection (3).
- 15 (8) By not later than March 1 of each year after the effective
- 16 date of the amendatory act that added this section, the department
- 17 of state police shall submit to the members of the house of
- 18 representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over
- 19 transportation, and make publicly available on the department of
- 20 state police website, a report on the use of automated speed
- 21 enforcement systems in this state that includes, at a minimum, all
- 22 of the following:
- 23 (a) The number of citations given under this section.
- 24 (b) The age, ethnicity, race, and sex of the individuals given
- 25 citations under this section.
- 26 (c) The locations where automated speed enforcement systems
- 27 are installed and used, and where citations have been given.
- 28 (d) An accounting of both of the following relating to
- 29 automated speed enforcement systems installed and used under this

section:

- 2 (i) The costs of installing and using.
- 3 (ii) The revenue generated.
- 4 (9) As used in this section, "present" means located in 5 proximity to a roadway that is not protected by a guardrail or 6 barrier.
- Sec. 907. (1) A violation of this act, or a local ordinance
 that substantially corresponds to a provision of this act, that is
 designated a civil infraction must not be considered a lesser
 included offense of a criminal offense.
- 11 (2) Permission may be granted for payment of a civil fine and 12 costs to be made within a specified period of time or in specified 13 installments but, unless permission is included in the order or 14 judgment, the civil fine and costs must be are payable immediately. 15 Except as otherwise provided, a person found responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction must pay 16 17 costs as provided in subsection (4) and 1 or more of the following 18 civil fines, as applicable:
- 23 (b) If the civil infraction was a moving violation that
 24 resulted in an at-fault collision with another vehicle, an
 25 individual, or any other object, the civil fine ordered under this
 26 section is increased by \$25.00 but the total civil fine must not be
 27 more than \$100.00.
- 28 (c) For a violation of section 240, the civil fine ordered 29 under this subsection is \$15.00.

- 1 (d) For a violation of section 312a(4)(a), the civil fine 2 ordered under this section must not be more than \$250.00.
- (e) For a first violation of section 319f(1), the civil fine
 ordered under this section must not be less than \$2,500.00 or more
 than \$2,750.00; for a second or subsequent violation, the civil
 fine must not be less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$5,500.00.
- 7 (f) For a violation of section 319g(1)(a), the civil fine 8 ordered under this section must not be more than \$10,000.00.
- 9 (g) For a violation of section 319g(1)(g), the civil fine 10 ordered under this section must not be less than \$2,750.00 or more 11 than \$25,000.00.
- 12 (h) For a violation of section 602b, the civil fine ordered 13 under this section must be as follows:
- 14 (i) For a violation of section 602b(1), either of the following:
- 16 (A) If the violation does not involve an accident, \$100.00 for 17 a first offense and \$250.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
- (B) If the violation involves an accident, \$200.00 for a firstoffense and \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
- 20 (ii) For a violation of section 602b(2), either of the 21 following:
- 22 (A) If the violation does not involve an accident, \$200.00 for 23 a first offense and \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
- 24 (B) If the violation involves an accident, \$400.00 for a first offense and \$1,000.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
 - (i) For a violation of section 627c, the civil fine ordered under this section must not be more than \$150.00 for a second violation as described in section 627c(2)(b) and \$300.00 for a third or subsequent violation described in section 627c(2)(c).

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- 1 (j) (i) For a violation of section 674(1)(s) or a local
 2 ordinance that substantially corresponds to section 674(1)(s), the
 3 civil fine ordered under this section must not be less than \$100.00
 4 or more than \$250.00.
- (k) (j) For a violation of section 676a(3), the civil fine
 ordered under this section must not be more than \$10.00.
- 7 (/) (k)—For a violation of section 676c, the civil fine ordered 8 under this section is \$1,000.00.
- 9 (m) (l)—For a violation of section 682 or a local ordinance 10 that substantially corresponds to section 682, the civil fine 11 ordered under this section must not be less than \$100.00 or more 12 than \$500.00.
- (n) (m) For a violation of section 710d, the civil fine
 ordered under this section must not be more than \$10.00, subject to
 subsection (11).
- (o) (n) For a violation of section 710e, the civil fine andcourt costs ordered under this subsection must be \$25.00.
 - (3) Except as provided in this section, if an individual is determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to a provision of this act while driving a commercial motor vehicle, the individual must be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not more than \$250.00.
 - (4) If a civil fine is ordered under subsection (2) or (3), the judge or district court magistrate shall summarily tax and determine the costs of the action, which are not limited to the costs taxable in ordinary civil actions, and may include all expenses, direct and indirect, to which the plaintiff has been put

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- 1 in connection with the civil infraction, up to the entry of
- 2 judgment. Costs must not be ordered in excess of \$100.00. A civil
- 3 fine ordered under subsection (2) or (3) must not be waived unless
- 4 costs ordered under this subsection are waived. Except as otherwise
- 5 provided by law, costs are payable to the general fund of the
- 6 plaintiff.
- 7 (5) In addition to a civil fine and costs ordered under
- 8 subsection (2) or (3) and subsection (4) and the justice system
- 9 assessment ordered under subsection (12), the judge or district
- 10 court magistrate may order the individual to attend and complete a
- 11 program of treatment, education, or rehabilitation.
- 12 (6) A district court magistrate shall impose the sanctions
- 13 permitted under subsections (2), (3), and (5) only to the extent
- 14 expressly authorized by the chief judge or only judge of the
- 15 district court district.
- 16 (7) Each district of the district court and each municipal
- 17 court may establish a schedule of civil fines, costs, and
- 18 assessments to be imposed for civil infractions that occur within
- 19 the respective district or city. If a schedule is established, it
- 20 must be prominently posted and readily available for public
- 21 inspection. A schedule need not include all violations that are
- 22 designated by law or ordinance as civil infractions. A schedule may
- 23 exclude cases on the basis of a defendant's prior record of civil
- 24 infractions or traffic offenses, or a combination of civil
- 25 infractions and traffic offenses.
- 26 (8) The state court administrator shall annually publish and
- 27 distribute to each district and court a recommended range of civil
- 28 fines and costs for first-time civil infractions. This
- 29 recommendation is not binding on the courts having jurisdiction

- over civil infractions but is intended to act as a normative guide
 for judges and district court magistrates and a basis for public
 evaluation of disparities in the imposition of civil fines and
 costs throughout this state.
- (9) If a person has received a civil infraction citation for defective safety equipment on a vehicle under section 683, the court shall waive a civil fine, costs, and assessments on receipt of certification by a law enforcement agency that repair of the defective equipment was made before the appearance date on the citation.
- 11 (10) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs ordered under subsection (2), (3), or (4) or a justice system assessment 12 ordered under subsection (12), or an installment of the fine, 13 14 costs, or assessment, may be collected by a means authorized for 15 the enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised 16 judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4001 to 600.4065, or 17 under chapter 60 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.6001 to 600.6098. 18
- 19 (11) The court may waive any civil fine, cost, or assessment 20 against an individual who received a civil infraction citation for 21 a violation of section 710d if the individual, before the 22 appearance date on the citation, supplies the court with evidence 23 of acquisition, purchase, or rental of a child seating system 24 meeting the requirements of section 710d.
- 25 (12) In addition to any civil fines or costs ordered to be 26 paid under this section, the judge or district court magistrate 27 shall order the defendant to pay a justice system assessment of 28 \$40.00 for each civil infraction determination, except for a 29 parking violation or a violation for which the total fine and costs

- 1 imposed are \$10.00 or less. On payment of the assessment, the clerk
- 2 of the court shall transmit the assessment collected to the state
- 3 treasury to be deposited into the justice system fund created in
- 4 section 181 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL
- 5 600.181. An assessment levied under this subsection is not a civil
- 6 fine for purposes of section 909.
- 7 (13) If a person an individual has received a citation for a
- 8 violation of section 223, the court shall waive any civil fine,
- 9 costs, and assessment, on receipt of certification by a law
- 10 enforcement agency that the person, individual, before the
- 11 appearance date on the citation, produced a valid registration
- 12 certificate that was valid on the date the violation of section 223
- 13 occurred.
- 14 (14) If a person has received a citation for a violation of
- 15 section 328(1) for failing to produce a certificate of insurance
- 16 under section 328(2), the court may waive the fee described in
- 17 section 328(3)(c) and shall waive any fine, costs, and any other
- 18 fee or assessment otherwise authorized under this act on receipt of
- 19 verification by the court that the person, before the appearance
- 20 date on the citation, produced valid proof of insurance that was in
- 21 effect at the time the violation of section 328(1) occurred.
- 22 Insurance obtained subsequent to the time of the violation does not
- 23 make the person eligible for a waiver under this subsection.
- 24 (15) If a person is determined to be responsible or
- 25 responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under this
- 26 act or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to a
- 27 provision of this act and the civil infraction arises out of the
- 28 ownership or operation of a commercial quadricycle, the person must
- 29 be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil

- 1 fine of not more than \$500.00.
- 2 (16) As used in this section, "moving violation" means an act
- 3 or omission prohibited under this act or a local ordinance that
- 4 substantially corresponds to this act that involves the operation
- 5 of a motor vehicle and for which a fine may be assessed.
- 6 Sec. 907a. (1) The work zone safety fund is created in the 7 state treasury.
- 8 (2) The state treasurer shall deposit money and other assets
- 9 received from any other source in the fund. The state treasurer
- 10 shall direct the investment of money in the fund and credit
- 11 interest and earnings from the investments to the fund.
- 12 (3) The state transportation department is the administrator
- 13 of the fund for audits of the fund.
- 14 (4) The state transportation department shall expend money
- 15 from the fund, on appropriation, only for the purpose of improving
- 16 worker safety at work zones by doing both of the following:
- 17 (a) Coordinating with the department of state police and local
- 18 law enforcement agencies to increase police presence at work zones.
- 19 (b) Funding the use of traffic control devices at work zones
- 20 that provide greater protection for workers.
- 21 (5) As used in this section, "fund" means the work zone safety
- 22 fund created in subsection (1).
- 23 Sec. 909. (1) Except as provided in subsection subsections (2)
- 24 and (3), a civil fine which that is ordered under section 907 for a
- 25 violation of this act or other state statute shall must be
- 26 exclusively applied to the support of public libraries and county
- 27 law libraries in the same manner as is provided by law for penal
- 28 fines assessed and collected for violation of a penal law of the
- 29 this state. A civil fine ordered for a violation of a code or

- 1 ordinance of a local authority regulating the operation of
- 2 commercial motor vehicles and substantially corresponding to a
- 3 provision of this act shall must be paid to the county treasurer
- 4 and shall must be allocated as follows:
- 5 (a) Seventy percent to the local authority in which the6 citation is issued.
 - (b) Thirty percent for library purposes as provided by law.
- 8 (2) Subsection (1) is intended to maintain a source of revenue
- 9 for public libraries which that previously received penal fines for
- 10 misdemeanor violations of this act which that are now civil
- 11 infractions.

- 12 (3) A civil fine that is ordered under section 907 for a
- 13 violation of section 627c must be paid to the state transportation
- 14 department. The state transportation department shall deposit any
- 15 civil fines described in this subsection in excess of the cost of
- 16 installing and using automated speed enforcement systems under
- 17 section 627c into the work zone safety fund created in section
- 18 907a.
- 19 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 20 unless House Bill No. 4133 of the 102nd Legislature is enacted into
- **21** law.

